Today's Weather
CLOUDY

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

LATEST NEWS EDITION

VOL. 117. ESTABLISHED JULY 29, 1786. NO. 254. PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 8, 1903.—FOURTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT A COPY.

NEWS SUMMARY

PENNSYLVANIA.

Gov. Pennypacker does not want capitol commission changed and White's bill is doomed.—Page 11.

House passed Cook trading stamp bill.—Page 7.

Greater Pittsburgh bill passed second reading in house.—Page 7.

DOMESTIC.

Steamship Southwark arrived at New York eight days overdue; passengers complain bitterly of insufficient food supply.—Page 9.

President found himself among old friends in the northwest.—Page 1.

Report of United States Steel Corporation for first quarter of 1903 shows decrease of over a million in net earnings.—Page 1.

Buffalo police declare they do not care what caused Pennell's death, but will try to lay Burdick's murder on him.—Page 1.

Mayor Harrison of Chicago was re-elected by greatly decreased plurality.—Page 1.

Indian chiefs presented a pipe of peace to president.—Page 1.

LOCAL.

Citizens have failed to break the solid line of Republicans in select council and Overbrook fight is still in doubt.—Page 1.

Conference between officials and workers expected to end the bridge workers' strike in this city.—Page 8.

Dividends on watered stock have to be provided by the Pittsburgh Railways Company, even if its patrons suffer by being abominably inconvenienced.—Page 9.

Lives of two men crushed beneath a wagon loaded with kegs of beer.—Page 9.

Pittsburgh presbytery met for the last time in the chapel of the First Presbyterian church.—Page 3.

Kaufmanns decided to build a 12-story addition to their store to cost $450,000.—Page 2.

Recorder Wyman of Allegheny overrun by place-seekers, but says he will take his time.—Page 8.

Discovery of a corpse on a hillside complicated by strange disappearances.—Page 1.

No dismissals from the police bureau were ordered yesterday, but a few appointments and reinstatements were made.—Page 5.

SOCIAL.

The Woman's club yesterday held a meeting in memory of Mrs. Theresa Jacobs, a former president and prominent member of the club, whose death occurred within the last two weeks.—Page 6.

Preparations are going on apace for the annual Episcopal church home fair, which will be held May 14.—Page 6.

Mr. and Mrs. William L. Abbott gave a handsome dinner last evening in honor of the Marquis and Marquise D'Amodio.—Page 6.

SPORTING.

The champion Pirates are in Louisville in fine shape for games with the Colonels.—Page 10.

New amateur expert shows much skill in the local billiard tournament.—Page 10.

FINANCIAL.

Pittsburgh bank exchanges yesterday, $8,122,391, an increase of $2,200,000.—Page 12.

The coal stock market was dull and drooping; steel stocks leading in the decline.—Page 12.

Eastern stock market ruled heavy all day and closed at or near the lowest prices.—Page 12.

THE WEATHER.

Cloudy.

Cloudy conditions, with rain tonight or tomorrow, is the forecast of the Washington weather observer for Pittsburgh and vicinity. The sun rose cloudy at 5:34 o'clock yesterday morning and set cloudy at 6:31 o'clock last evening. During the afternoon there was a heavy storm of thunder, lightning and rain. The rainfall amounted to .22 of an inch. The daily report for yesterday, furnished by the United States weather bureau, follows:

Time	Baro.	Tem.	Hum	Wind	Weather.
8 a. m.	29.90	54	86	S. W.	Rain
8 p. m.	29.84	60	46	N. W.	Cloudy

Comparative temperature and precipitation for April 7:

	1902	1901		1902	1901
Maximum	58	48	Mean	45	45
Minimum	32	42	Precipitation	.02	.66

Max. tem., 4 p. m. 58
Min. tem., 8 a.m. 36
Mean tem. 45
Normal tem. 31 y'rs 48
Excess tem., day 13
Ex. since April 1 32
Precipitation, day .22
Excess since Jan. 1 409
Norm'l prec. 31 yrs .66
Deficiency since Jan. 1 .07
Excess since Ap. 1 .07
Excess since Jan. 1 1.84

Government Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 7.—Forecast: Western Pennsylvania—Partly cloudy Wednesday, rain at night or Thursday; fresh west to northwest winds.

Ohio—Increasing cloudiness Wednesday, colder in southern portion, rain at night or Thursday; fresh southwest winds, becoming variable.

West Virginia—Unsettled weather with occasional showers Wednesday and probably Thursday.

Observations taken at weather bureau stations 8 p. m.

Columbus	60 Clear	Washington	50 Cloudy
Kansas City	64 Pt.Cldy	Indianapolis	62 Clear
Cairo	68 Rain	New Orleans	74 Cloudy
Des Moines	60 Pt.Cldy	Philadelphia	60 Cloudy
Oklahoma	70 Clear	Marquette	40 Pt.Cldy
St. Louis	66 Rain	Buffalo	40 Clear
Louisville	62 Clear	Denver	58 Pt.Cldy
Memphis	70 Cloudy	Salt Lake	56 Pt.Cldy
New York	56 Cloudy	Omaha	60 Pt.Cldy
Chicago	60 Clear	Rapid City	54 Pt.Cldy
Huron	54 Clear	Duluth	50 Clear
Bismarck	56 Clear	Calgary	44 Pt.Cldy

TODAY'S AMUSEMENTS.

ALVIN—"King Dodo," 2:15 and 8:15 p. m.
NEW GRAND—Stock company in Zangwill's "Children of the Ghetto," 2 and 8 p. m.
BIJOU—"Why Women Sin," 2 and 8 p. m.
EMPIRE—The Masons in "Rudolph and Adolph," 2:15 and 8:15 p. m.
DUQUESNE—Combination of comedy stars in vaudeville acts, 2 and 8 p. m.
ACADEMY—Al Reeves' Big Company, 2 and 8 p. m.
AVENUE—Continuous high-class, refined vaudeville, 1:30 to 10:30 p. m.

OCEAN INTELLIGENCE.

Arrived April 7.

New York—Cymric, from Liverpool; Belgravia, from Hamburg; Bellila, from Naples; Kronland, from Antwerp.

Ponta De Arnel—Palatin, from Genoa and Naples for New York.

Hamburg—Assyria, from Philadelphia.

Genoa—Sicilia, from New York, via Naples.

Marseilles—Karamania, from New York.

Rimouski—Turic, from Portland, for Liverpool.

Boston—New England, from Genoa, Naples and Gibraltar.

Sailed April 7.

Antwerp—Oakley, for Portland, Ore.; Silesia, for San Francisco.

New York—Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, for Bremen, via Plymouth and Cherbourg.

Hongkong—Empress of China, for Vancouver, via Yokohama.

EARNINGS CUT OVER MILLION

U. S. Steel Directors Charge Decrease to Congestion on Railroads.

REPORT OF QUARTER

First Annual Statement to Stockholders Also Issued Gives Interesting Figures.

ORDERS STILL FAR AHEAD

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

New York, April 7.—According to a statement given out today by the board of directors, the net earnings of the United States Steel Corporation for the first quarter of the calendar year, March estimated, after deducting outlays for repairs, renewals, maintenance of plant, interest on bonds and fixed charges, were $24,656,136. The net earnings for the first quarter last year were $26,279,599, showing a decrease for the first quarter this year of $1,623,463.

After deducting amounts set aside for sinking funds, depreciation and reserve funds, there was a balance of net earnings for the quarter of $21,551,189. There was a further deduction for interest on the corporation bonds and sinking funds for the same bonds, leaving a balance of $18,891,189.

After paying the usual dividends on the preferred and common stocks there was left undivided profits for the quarter of $2,978,245. The quarter's earnings show a decrease, and in a foot note the decrease, as compared with the same period last year, was attributed largely to the railroad congestion which prevented prompt delivery.

Unfilled orders on the books for manufactured products on April 1 were 5,410,710 tons. The preferred dividend is payable May 15, the common June 30.

FIRST ANNUAL REPORT.

The first annual report to the stockholders of the corporation for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1902, was issued today.

The income account for the year shows total net earnings of all properties, after deducting expenditures for ordinary repairs and maintenance, also interest on bonds for the subsidiary companies, of $133,368,704; less sinking funds on bonds of subsidiary companies, $624,004; depreciation and extinguishment fund, 4,834,710; extraordinary replacement funds, $6,315,615; special funds for depreciation and improvements, $10,000,000; total, $24,774,389; balance of net earnings for the year, $108,594,374; interest on United States Steel Corporation bonds for the year, $15,187,850; sinking funds on United States Steel Corporation for the year, $3,040,000; total, $18,227,850; balance, $90,366,524; dividens, 7 per cent preferred stock, $35,720,177; common 4 per cent, $20,232,690; total, $56,052,867, leaving undivided profits or surplus for the year, $34,253,557. Previous surplus, $42,620,940; total surplus December 31, 1902, $77,874,597, which includes the capital surplus of $25,000,000 provided at date of organization.

CONDITIONS ARE MAINTAINED.

The physical condition of the properties has been fully maintained during the year, the cost of which has been charged to current expenses, and the amount expended by all properties for maintenance, renewals and extraordinary replacements aggregated $20,157,011. Provisional charges were made monthly to operations for sinking fund and to establish funds for depreciation, and for reserves for extraordinary replacements.

The total redeemed bonds by the company at par, held by trustees on December 31, 1901, was $907,000; redeemed in 1902, $3,115,000; total December 31, 1902, $4,022,000. The balances to the credit of the several funds on December 31, 1902, are included in the current assets of the organization, namely: In general, cash, $1,773,333; in current assets, cash, marketable securities, inventories, etc., $18,491,146; total, $20,264,479.

The volume of business done by all companies during the year, including sales between the companies and the

Continued on 2nd Page, 2nd Column.

CITIZENS CAN NOT BREAK LINE

Nineteen Republicans of Select Are Standing by Martin.

WILL NOT BE COERCED

Friends of Hassler and Davis Say Action of Joint Session Doesn't Have to Be Ratified.

JOB HUNTERS ARE ANXIOUS

There has been no break in the Republican line in select council. The 19 members are standing together, and from present indications the Citizens will be unable to elect E. W. Hassler and H. B. Davis city clerks. Their friends are now making the claim that the action of the joint session does not have to be ratified in either branch. E. J. Martin and his followers do not hold this view.

Select Councilman R. H. Douglas is of the opinion that it is unnecessary to ratify the action of joint session in either of the branches of councils. He says that the act of assembly creating the office does not provide for ratification. The rules of councils do provide for ratification. They say that no final affirmative action of joint session shall be valid and effective until ratified by each branch in its own chamber. The Republicans will hold that this rule applies to the city clerk election, and a vigorous fight will be made to see that it is adhered to. If the Republicans were to be deprived of the right to vote on the question of ratification the fight would be made easier for the Citizens. It would not, however, insure victory for the Citizens candidate.

QUESTION OF A QUORUM.

Twenty members constitute a quorum in select. Some councilmen were of the opinion that if a quorum was gotten a majority could vote to go into joint session with common council. Martin says that 20 votes must be cast in favor of going into joint session or the motion will fail. Councilman Douglas says that if he is in the chair he would rule the same way. Even if a majority of a quorum does have the power to order a joint session the joint session cannot be held unless a quorum of both branches are present.

It will be possible for select council to meet and transact all other business necessary and at the same time prevent a joint session. From present indications this is the program which will be followed. The business of the city will not suffer because of the failure to elect new city clerks.

There will be a meeting of the Republican members of select council some day this week to arrange plans for the meeting of council next Monday. It is a rather safe guess that there will be no election of clerks Monday unless some compromise is effected. So long as the Republicans hold together they can prevent an election. The continued obstruction may cause the Citizens to seek relief in the courts.

COERCION DOES NO GOOD.

The attempt of the administration to whip some of the Republican members of select into line for Hassler and Davis has not been successful. Citizens have been boasting that John Benz of the Twenty-ninth ward and Thomas E. Perry of the Twelfth would have to break away from their party. In Benz' case, friends of his holding city positions were told that they could not hold their jobs unless Benz would come in. At City hall Monday Benz publicly declared that he would stick to Martin no matter how many of his friends from the Twenty-ninth ward were removed. He said that he would vote for Martin if every other member of council deserted him.

Another string the Citizens are claiming to have on Benz is through his business relations with Peter Hermes. Benz is president of the Duquesne Brewing Company and Hermes is a heavy stockholder in it. Hermes is also the close friend of the recorder. Friends of the councilman say that he is friendly disposed to the recorder, but that in the city clerk fight he will not desert Martin.

Perry has been begged to turn in

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MURDER MYSTERY IS COMPLICATED BY DISAPPEARANCES

Corpse Carried to Hillside—Negro Cannot Be Found and Police Hunt for a Woman.

Frederick R. Collins, a coachman employed by W. B. Rhodes of Western avenue, Allegheny, was found dead in a field at Center avenue and Allequippa street, yesterday morning at 7 o'clock. His skull was fractured, his neck was broken, there was a deep cut in the left side of his back, he was bruised all over his body and his face badly burned with carbolic acid.

There is no doubt in the minds of the detectives that the man was killed, but whether he was assaulted and robbed, or killed in a fight or came to his end at the hands of a woman, are questions the solution of which they are still far away from.

So far as is known, Collins was last seen in the company of Bartley Banks, a colored coachman employed by Dr. J. H. Thompson of Walnut street and South Negley avenue. Banks has not been found yet, though the detectives are making a close search for him.

There are several incidents which lead the detectives to suspect Banks of knowing something about Collins' death. About 4 o'clock Monday afternoon Collins and Banks, both intoxicated, were seen by Mrs. Edward H. Small of South Negley and Penn avenues standing in front of McCarthy's saloon, at No. 5637 Penn avenue. After talking together for some time the two men got into Dr. Thompson's carriage and drove away.

RIG FOUND, BUT DRIVER MISSING.

Early yesterday morning the discovery was made that Dr. Thompson's rig had not been returned to the stable and that fact was reported to the police. Shortly after this the missing horse and carriage were found in the Thompson stable. Who returned them is not known, as no one was seen about the stable. It was shortly after 7 o'clock when the horse and carriage were found. Nothing has

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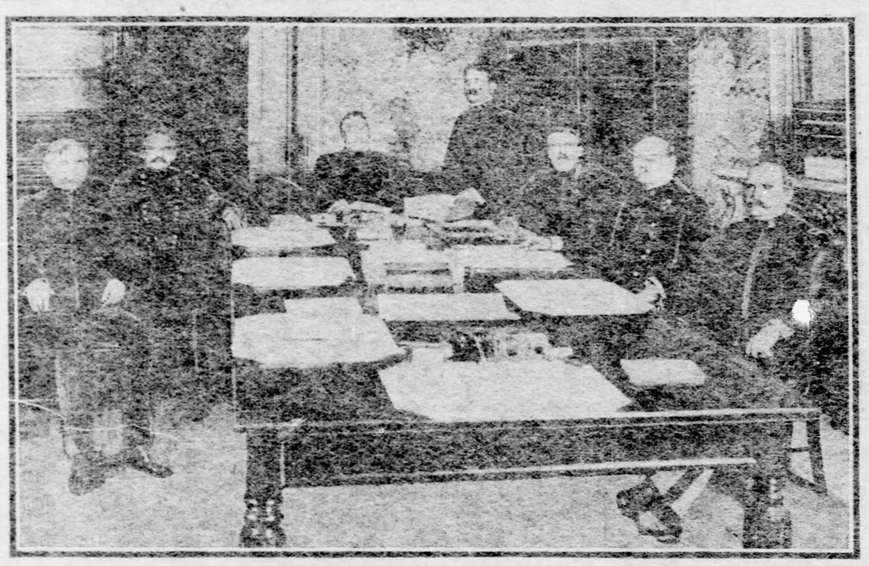
BOARD OF OFFICERS TO SELECT GENERAL STAFF U. S. ARMY.



In the Group are Major Generals S. B. M. Young, Francis V. Greene, A. R. Chaffee, W. H. Carter, John C. Bates, T. H. Bliss and W. F. Randolph.

CLOSE FINISH FOR HARRISON, BUT HE WINS

Former Plurality of Chicago Mayor Cut Deep by Stewart.

BEHIND AT START

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

Chicago, April 7.—Carter H. Harrison was elected mayor of Chicago today for the fourth time, his majority by unofficial count over Graeme Stewart, the Republican candidate, being 6,948. The total vote was: Harrison, 146,323; Stewart, 139,375; Cruice, Independent Labor, 9,999; Breckon, Socialist, 11,212; Haines, Prohibition, 2,848.

In the last mayoralty election the total vote was: Harrison, Democrat, 156,756; Haney, Republican, 128,413; Hoyt, Prohibition, 3,328; Collins, Socialist, 5,584.

The early returns today were in favor of Stewart, and at one time he was 2,000 ahead, but the later returns cut down his plurality steadily. In the first precinct of the Twenty-first ward, in which both Harrison and Stewart reside, the vote was: Harrison 41, Stewart 101. In the last mayoralty election the vote was: Harrison 82, Haney 54.

The chief issue in the campaign was the traction question, both candidates favoring ultimate municipal ownership of the street railways. Stewart advocated an immediate improvement of conditions, making the best terms possible with the companies. Harrison recommended a delay until the city had obtained what it desired from the companies.

Mayor Harrison said tonight:

"I regard the present election as less of a personal victory for myself than as a victory for municipal ownership—a victory which should lead to the development of public national as well as municipal utilities."

The Republicans elected John F. Smuiskl for city attorney by 8,700 plurality, and Fred C. Bender for city clerk by 3,700; the Democrats elected Ernest Hummel for city treasurer by 21,709.

The new city council will be 85 Republicans, 33 Democrats, and 1 Independent Democrat. The old council was 39 Republicans, 30 Democrats, and 1 Independent.

PRESIDENT RAMSEY'S DAUGHTER IS DEAD

ST. LOUIS, April 7.—A cablegram was received here tonight from President Ramsey of the Wabash Railroad Company, who is in Cairo, Egypt, that his daughter, Miss Anna, died today. President Ramsey was called to Cairo two weeks ago by a cablegram announcing the serious illness of his daughter, who was suffering from typhoid fever. She was making a pleasure tour when taken ill. Mr. Ramsey arrived at Cairo yesterday. The remains will be brought to St. Louis for interment.

NATIONAL BISCUIT TO HAVE BIG RIVAL

NEW YORK, April 7.—(Special.)—The United States Biscuit Company, backed by the big beef packing concerns of the west, including the Armours and Swifts, has been organized with a capital stock of $4,500,000. The company is to be operated in opposition to the National Biscuit Company, commonly known as the "cracker trust." The latter has been antagonizing the big beef packing interests in several ways of late. The company filed its papers of incorporation in New Jersey tonight.

REAR ADMIRAL BELKNAP DIES AT KEY WEST, FLA.

Distinguished Flag Officer of Old Navy Fought in Many Engagements.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, April 7.—Rear Admiral George Eugene Belknap, one of the most distinguished flag officers of the old navy, died today at Key West, Fla. He was 70 years old. The illness to which he succumbed is not known at the navy department. His son, Lieut. Reginald Belknap, on duty in the bureau of navigation, left tonight for Key West. Rear Admiral Belknap, although retired, went from his home in Brookline, Mass., to Key West last February on special duty under the general board of the navy.

Rear Admiral Belknap was born in Newport, N. H., January 2, 1832, and was appointed midshipman in the navy from the same state in 1847 and attached successively to the Porpoise and Raritan, served at the naval academy and on the Ohio and Portsmouth. In 1856 he commanded a launch at the capture of the barrier forts in China and assisted in the undermining and blowing up of four of them. In the Civil war he commanded the new Ironsides on the South Atlantic blockading squadron and participated in many engagements with the defenses of Charleston harbor, as he did also in the capture of Fort Fisher, after which he proceeded to Charleston and fired the last hostile shot at its defenses. During the Spanish war he was assigned to duty on a board to determine the selection of coal depots.

COADJUTOR ARCHBISHOP APPOINTED FOR MANILA

The Rt. Rev. George Montgomery of San Francisco, Named for the Place.

ROME, April 7.—The Rt. Rev. George Montgomery, coadjutor archbishop of San Francisco has been appointed archbishop of Manila.

ST. LOUIS, April 7.—Archbishop Montgomery is about 50 years old and one of the leading American prelates. Two years ago, while Archbishop Kain was in Rome, he had charge of the St. Louis diocese. He is a son of United States Judge Zachary Montgomery, who was on the federal bench in Montana. Judge Montgomery was a devout Catholic, and held some very radical views on the school question, which brought him into disfavor with President Grant.

His son inherited from him the decision of character and views which he held on many questions touching the relations between church and state.

D. B. HILL ATTACKS THEODORE ROOSEVELT

ALBANY, N. Y., April 7.—President Roosevelt, as governor of New York, was berated by former United States Senator David Bennett Hill in his argument for the corporations in the special franchise tax case before the court of appeals today. Mr. Hill attacked President Roosevelt with reference to the passage of the special franchise tax law. He emphatically denied that the corporations were responsible for the alleged unconstitutional features of the law, declaring that Gov. Roosevelt himself recommended them in so many words. Gov. Roosevelt he characterized as a man of very limited experience in the administration of state affairs and he accused him of forcing the special franchise tax law upon the legislature.

Tunnel Hearing Is Closed.

NEW YORK, April 7.—Commissioners appointed by the supreme court to pass upon the plans of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company for its tunnel under this city today concluded their public hearings, after listening to briefs from objecting property owners whose interests would be affected.

PITTSBURGH BILLS GIVEN SMALL LIFT

Annexation and Tech Site Measures Pass Second Reading.

SCOTT'S OLD SPEECH

The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau,
HARRISBURG, PA., April 7

With a good margin for discounts, the Greater Pittsburgh bill passed the house on second reading tonight. Mr. Scott of Allegheny repeated, for the twentieth time, his speech in opposition, and submitted his threadbare amendments. All of them were voted down.

The house was not kind to Mr. Scott. It, mildly at first, and emphatically later, impressed upon his mind that he had ceased to be a novelty, so far as this bill is concerned. When he refused to be laughed off the floor, jeers were tried, then points of order were sprung. But he didn't seem to appreciate the situation. He persisted, clocklike, to mark time until he run down. For the bill's sake it is lucky that Scott is not an eight-day timepiece.

When the house finally scotched Scott Mr. McConnell of Lawrence, chairman of the judiciary general committee, offered a few apparently unimportant amendments, which were adopted, and the bill goes over for printing. It is still on thin ice, and airholes are plenty.

"No one has ever spoken to me about either one of those bills," said Commissioner Durham today, when asked if the Greater Pittsburgh and tech school bills would pass.

This is but another instance of the negligence which has handicapped these most important measures since they were introduced in the senate. Mr. Durham is a valuable ally in this legislature. It might be well for some one to mention to him the fact that Pittsburgh wants this legislation.

The "tech" bill, which was badly placed on the second reading calendar, was not reached until 11 o'clock, but it passed without opposition.

CHESTER D. POTTER.

DEMOCRATS WIN ALL.

Make Clean Sweep in St. Louis as Result of Recent Boodle Cases.

ST. LOUIS, April 7.—A Democratic victory was scored in today's city election, the majorities ranging from 8,000 to 10,000 on the vote for six councilmen, 28 members of the house of delegates, members of the board of education and the inspector of weights and measures. At midnight almost complete returns showed that every Democratic candidate had been elected.

The defeat of the Republicans was the result of the recent boodling in councils in which there have been many convictions. Most of the alleged boodlers were elected as Republicans.

GENERAL ROLANDO THREATENS CARACAS

PARIS, April 8.—(Special Cable.)—A dispatch from La Guayra, Venezuela, says it is rumored that Gen. Rolando, the revolutionary leader has a large supply of cartridges and is two hours' distance from Caracas. A battle is expected by April 16.

TILLMAN INDICTED ON TWO CHARGES

COLUMBIA, S. C., April 7.—The grand jury today returned a true bill against James H. Tillman, former lieutenant governor, charging him with the murder of N. G. Gonzales in this city last January. In the indictment also occurs the charge of carrying concealed weapons.

Death Quickly Follows Divorce.

FAYETTE, MO., April 7.—James Beach was shot and killed on the public square today by Norman Smallwood, his father-in-law. The men exchanged a dozen shots. Leach was struck five times, fell, got up and ran half a square, waving his pistol, when he again fell, dying in a few minutes. Leach had just secured a divorce from his wife and was leaving the court house when he met Smallwood.

AT LAST WITH OLD FRIENDS

President Roosevelt Meets Indian Chieftains and Former Cowboys.

BEST DAY OF TRIP

Talks About Philippine Policy General Staff Bill and Militia Measure.

MAKES AN APPOINTMENT

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

Mandan, N. D., April 7.—President Roosevelt has been traveling through familiar country today and has received hearty greetings wherever his train stopped. At many places he recognized old friends, and from his conversation it is evident that this has been one of the most enjoyable days of his trip.

At Fargo, Jamestown and Bismarck he made stops of from half an hour to an hour and discussed the conditions in the Philippines, the tariff and the general prosperity of the country. Stops also were made at Casselton Tower, Valley City, the home of Gov. White, Dawson, Dickin and Medora.

At Bismarck a number of Indian chiefs were introduced to the president. Some of them had fought against Custer. The president had traded with two of these Indians 18 or 20 years ago, and he instantly recognized them. The chiefs presented an address and a pipe of peace to the president, who had a few words of greeting and thanks for each man.

The most interesting ceremony of the day occurred at Medora, where the president at one time owned a ranch, and which was his postoffice address 16 years ago, when he was sheriff of Billings county. Medora is a small place, but the ranchmen from the surrounding country had come into town and they gave the president a truly western reception. Joe Ferris, the president's old foreman, and his brother, S. M. Ferris, met the president at Bismarck and rode with him to Medora.

The principal address of the president today was at Fargo, where he said:

WISE LAWS FOR PHILIPPINES.

The congress which has just adjourned has passed legislation of high importance and great wisdom in the interests of the Filipino people. First and foremost, they conferred upon them by law the present admirable civil government; in addition they gave them an excellent currency; they passed a measure allowing the organization of a native constabulary, and they provided, in the interest of the islands, for a reduction of 25 per cent in the tariff on Filipino articles brought to this country. I asked that a still further reduction should be made. It was not granted by the last congress, but I think that in some shape it will be granted by the next. And even without it, the record of legislation in the interests of the Filipinos is one with which we have a right to feel great satisfaction.

Moreover, congress appropriated $3,000,000, following the precedent it set when the people of Porto Rico were afflicted by sudden disaster; this money to be used by the Philippine government in order to meet the distress occasioned primarily by the terrible cattle disease which almost annihilated the carabao or water-buffalo, the chief and most important domestic animal in the island.

Remember always that in the Philippines the American government has tried and is trying to carry out exactly what the greatest genius and most reversed patriot ever known in the Philippine Islands—Jose Rizal—steadfastly advocated. This man, shortly before his death, in a message to his countrymen, under date of December 16, 1896, condemned unsparingly the insurrection of Aguinaldo, terminated just before our navy appeared upon the scene, and pointed out the path his people should follow to liberty and enlightenment. Speaking of the insurrection and of the pretense that Filipino independence of a wholesome character could thereby be obtained, he wrote:

WORDS OF PATRIOT RIZAL.

"When, in spite of my advice, a movement was begun, I offered of my own accord, not only my services, but my life and even my good name to be used in any way they might believe effective in stifling the rebellion. I thought of the disaster which would follow the success of the revolution, and I deemed myself

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BURDICK CASE WHOLE BURDEN

Buffalo Police Don't Care What Caused Death of Pennell.

STILL IS SUSPECTED

Will Try at His Own Inquest to Prove Him to Be Murderer.

HEARING OPENS FRIDAY

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

Buffalo, April 7.—The inquest into the death of Arthur R. Pennell, which is scheduled to begin next Friday before Judge Murphy, will be more in the nature of a reopening of the inquiry into the Burdick murder mystery than to determine whether Pennell's death was due to accident or a deliberate suicide.

District Attorney Coatsworth has announced that he will subpoena J. Frederick Pennell, administrator of the Pennell estate and brother of the dead man; Thomas Penney, attorney for the estate, and Wallace Thayer, who was Pennell's confidential friend and adviser for years.

"I intend at the Pennell inquest to virtually reopen the Burdick inquest. During that inquiry I shall endeavor, with the consent of the court, to bring out as much information as possible tending to clear up the Burdick mystery. I believe that the evidence brought out on the Pennell inquest will be of value as bearing on the murder," said District Attorney Coatsworth.

"If the court permits me," continued the district attorney, "I shall place Mr. Pennell, the administrator, on the stand and demand of him that he produce the dead man's papers. I shall examine Mr. Penney with the idea in mind of securing any information he may possess bearing on the Burdick case. Mr. Thayer, who was Mr. Pennell's attorney prior to his death, may be privileged under the law to withhold information.

CAN KEEP HIS SECRET.

"It will rest with him whether he will consent to divulge what he may know. He undoubtedly ought to be in possession of considerable information."

"Then you do not consider that the Burdick case was closed with the Burdick inquest?" Mr. Coatsworth was asked.

"By no means," was the reply. "I have never considered the Burdick case as closed."

"Do you consider that the revelations just made concerning Pennell's alleged swindles substantiate the verdict in the Burdick case, pointing to Pennell as the murderer?"

"Yes. It is impossible to arrive at any other conclusion."

"There has always been a deal of talk to the effect that Pennell did not have the nerve to commit the murder," he continued. "The swindles which he is said to have carried on for years show that the man was of larger caliber than he had been given credit for being. It required a lot of intelligence and thought to perpetrate any such extensive swindles and carry them on successfully for years.

"It is not every man who can live a double life as Pennell did and keep his true character concealed from his most intimate friends for so long.

HAD PLENTY OF NERVE.

"Pennell always conducted himself as a gentleman. He moved in good society, met his friends in society and in business, maintained a good front and never in any way by public act or deed justified the suspicion that he was not a man of honor. If Pennell had nerve enough to do that he had nerve enough to commit greater crimes."

Mr. Coatsworth said that it probably would not be possible at the Pennell inquest to bring out the story of Pennell's alleged defalcation.

"It could hardly be claimed that these have any material bearing on the case," said Mr. Coatsworth. "It is possible the story of Pennell's dishonesty will never be made known in an official way."

There is apt to be a bitter fight at the

Continued on 2nd Page 6th Column.

INDIAN CHIEFS GIVE PRESIDENT PIPE OF PEACE

Hope That He Will Be Re-Elected "Great Father" When His Present Time Is Up, Burden of Their Greeting.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

Bismarck, N. D., April 7.—Standing in the private office of Gov. White at the state capitol this afternoon, President Roosevelt received the assurance of the friendship and support of the great Sioux Indian tribe and similar assurances from the chiefs of the Mandans and Grosventres. Twenty of the most distinguished chieftains of the tribes had come from their agencies to see the "Great Father."

There were many famous Indians in the assemblage. John Grass, the orator and chief justice of the Sioux, made the presentation of the tribe's good will, in a translation of the address, which had been agreed upon in council of the chiefs. At the same time Grass presented the president a peace pipe of beautifully carved pipestone, in token of the good will and friendship of the Indians.

Among the chiefs present were Red Tomahawk, the Indian who killed Sitting Bull at the time of the uprising in the early '90s, Red Fish, one of the hereditary leaders of the Sioux; Black Bull, Standing Bear, Crow Ghost, Cross Bear and other Sioux chiefs.

"We have been treated well by the good great father," said Grass, "and we hope he will again be great father when his time is over." Water, chief of the Mandan Indians, also presented written assurances of the good-will of his people. "Tell him," said President Roosevelt, through the interpreter, "that I am glad to see him. The Mandan Indians have always done well."

Then the wrinkled old chieftains grasped the president's hand and solemnly grunted their approval.

En route from the capitol to the depot the president passed the scene of a great barbacue. He stopped long enough to receive a huge sandwich of roast beef and rye bread, which he ate with genuine relish.

GOLDEN RULE JONES MARCHES IN TRIUMPHAL PROCESSION

(Special Telegram to The Gazette.)

TOLEDO, April 7.—Mayor Sam Jones today spent much of the time parading the streets at the head of his factory employes and their band. The mayor walked at the head of the procession.

They stopped at the city police station, at the newspaper offices, postoffice, city hall and several other points of interest, where the mayor sang some rallying song, after the fashion of the Salvation Army. In several instances speeches were called for and he responded with his usual talk about the "equality of men," and wound up by telling his audiences that the people had again spoken.

Despite all this, which was the feature of interest in Toledo today, none of the papers mentioned the fact tonight. They are still keeping up their policy of ignoring him.

MEETING ALMOST BROKE UP IN ROW

Excitement at Hearing to Consider Division of Twenty-First Ward.

POLITICS IS THE CAUSE

Exciting scenes in the Homewood school house last night attended the first hearing of the commission appointed by the court to investigate and report on the proposed division of the Twenty-first ward. The Citizens party is bitterly opposing division because it means the loss of two members of their party now in councils.

Both factions were present in force last night and partisan feeling at one stage in the proceedings almost degenerated into an open fight in the school room. On one side of the room were the followers of former Select Councilman James M. Clark, who hopes to regain his seat by the division of the ward. On the other side was Common Councilman J. K. Wynard and his Citizens supporters, who are opposing the separation of the ward, because Councilman Wynard and Select Councilman R. H. Douglas would be among the losers, as both live in the Homewood district. The two factions glared fiercely at each other across the room. In the center sat the members of the commission appointed to take testimony for and against the division of the ward.

ATTORNEY CAUSES TROUBLE.

Joseph Crown, alleged to be the legal representative of the division faction, was responsible for a great deal of the excitement and a number of arousing incidents that took place. Crown's method of questioning the witnesses for the other side was very offensive to his opponents and they openly showed their resentment.

Crown asked one witness a question which the latter regarded as personal, and he answered the attorney with "That's none of your business."

Joseph Sulzner, another witness for the Citizens, was on the stand and Crown asked Sulzner if he was not opposed to division because he was an applicant for a job under the city administration.

A howl of rage from the Citizens crowd greeted this question. "Put him out, put him out!" they cried. It was several minutes before order was restored, while Attorney Crown was attempting frantically to explain to the commissioners why he had asked the question.

The witnesses in opposition to division of the ward were William McClure, Joseph Sulzner, F. J. F. Farmer, Miles Cable, M. L. Maley and Robert Waddell. Several presented petitions from property owners in the Homewood district against division. They admitted that these petitions had been given to them by members of the Citizens ward committee at a meeting held at the residence of Councilman Wynard.

They stated that they were not in favor of cutting the ward up, because they did not see what advantage it would be to the Homewood district which it was proposed to take from the Twenty-first ward and to create a new ward.

CLARK WANTS WARD DIVIDED.

Former Select Councilman James M. Clark, G. Montgomery, H. H. Wunderlich, Frank Izensur and H. E. Leslie were called to give reasons in favor of division. Mr. Clark stated that it was proposed to divide the ward on the lines of the separate school districts, Homewood and Lincoln, the Lincoln district to remain in the Twenty-first ward and the Homewood district to constitute the new Thirty-ninth ward. He said the business interests of the two districts of the ward were separate, that the ward was one of the largest in area and population of the city, and that the Homewood district would get a larger share of public improvements by a larger representation in councils if it were a ward itself.

After hearing all the testimony the president of the commission, L. M. Plummer, announced that three more meetings would be held, the next one in the Belmar school house on Friday night. The members of the commission present last night were ex-Mayor William J. Diehl, Lee S. Smith, H. A. Breed and L. M. Plummer.

CARNEGIE HAS GIVEN AWAY OVER $100,000,000

National Bureau of Education Gives Incomplete List of Benefactions.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, April 7.—The bureau of education has sent out a special bulletin devoted to an account of the educational benefactions of Andrew Carnegie. From this it would appear that considerable doubt exists as to the exact amount of money the philanthropist has distributed for educational and other purposes. The bulletin quotes one authority as saying that Mr. Carnegie's gifts and bequests amount to over $100,000,000.

The following summary is given, showing gifts of more than $67,000,000 by countries: Canada, $876,500; Cuba, $252,-000; England, $420,000; Ireland, $35,500; Scotland, $13,878,750; United States, $52,-570,273; miscellaneous gifts, Great Britain, $350,000; grand total, $67,212,923.

The bulletin gives a table of all educational gifts of Mr. Carnegie of $5,000 and upward during the year 1901, amounting in all to $20,243,500. Those at Pittsburgh and vicinity are as follows: Technical school, Pittsburgh, $2,000,000; libraries, Braddock, Homestead and Duquesne, $4,-000,000; Carnegie Institute, Pittsburgh, $1,000,000; observatory, Allegheny, $20,000; library, McKees Rocks, $20,000.

LABOR'S FAVORED BILLS ARE READY FOR SENATE

Measure for 8-Hour Day Amended to Take Effect April 1, 1906.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

HARRISBURG, April 7.—The senate committee on mines and mining, at its meeting tonight, decided to report favorably the Garner bill, which has passed the house, providing for an eight-hour day for the mine workers. The bill was amended so as to apply only to the anthracite region, and also that it shall not take effect until April 1, 1906, the day after the award of the anthracite coal strike commission expires.

The committee also decided to favorably report out these bills:

Creating a department of labor and authorizing the establishment of a miners' home, both of which have passed the house, and the bill providing for a closer inspection for gases in anthracite mines.

Secretary of Internal Affairs-elect Brown and Factory Inspector Delaney appeared before the committee in opposition to the department of labor bill.

Died From a Fall.

D. F. McIntyre, 38 years old, died yesterday at Mercy hospital as the result of falling at the McClintic-Marshall plant at Rankin last Saturday. His home was in Wilkinsburg. He formerly resided at Duquesne. He is survived by his wife and one child. He was a member of Magnolia Lodge No. 991, I. O. O. F.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. This signature E. W. Grove on every box. 25c.

EARNINGS CUT OVER MILLION

Continued from First Page.

gross receipts of transportation and miscellaneous properties, aggregated $560,-510,479. The production of iron ore mines for the year was 16,663,179 tons; coke manufactured, 9,521,567 tons; coal mined, not including that used in making coke, 709,367 tons; blast furnace products, 7,975,-520 tons; steel ingot production, 9,743,918 tons; total tonnage of rolled and other finished products for sale, 8,197,332 tons.

INVENTORY OF PROPERTIES.

The aggregate inventory of its properties on December 31, 1902, equaled the total sum of $104,390,844. About one-third of this sum is represented by the value of iron ore on hand. It is necessary to accumulate large tonnage of ore during the summer and fall months for conversion during the period extending from December 1 to April 15, when, owing to the close of navigation on the great lakes, the mining of ore is reduced and shipment from the mines entirely stopped.

The quantities of partly finished materials and of finished products are somewhat above the normal average, owing largely to the railroad congestion at principal producing centers, which prevented prompt delivery from the mills. Inventories are taken on basis of actual cost of material and products at the several departments of the company holding the same.

Total capital stock of the corporation issued and outstanding on December 31 was $508,302,500 common stock and $510,-281,100 preferred stock. The bonded and mortgaged debt of the United States Steel Corporation and subsidiary companies in the hands of the public at the beginning of the year was $386,097,698. Issues made during the year by several companies, $2,370,338; total, $388,468,036. Total bonds and mortgages paid and canceled during the year, $1,908,577; bonds purchased by trustees of sinking funds for investment, $3,115,000. Leaving the bonded, debenture and mortgaged debt, December 31, 1902, $383,655,459, a net decrease during the year of $2,442,239.

SOME LARGE BILLS PAID.

Purchase money obligations, and bills payable paid off between April 1, 1901, and December 31, 1901, amounted to $11,-047,971, paid off during 1902, $13,652,368, a total reduction of $24,700,339.

The funds for the payment of these liabilities were provided entirely from the surplus net earnings of the organization, no new capital or bonded or other liability having been created in lieu thereof, although practically all of such payments might properly be funded, as the liabilities were those of the subsidiary companies prior to or at the time of organization for the acquirement of additional property or for moneys borrowed, which were in turn used for purchase of property and construction expenditures. The amount of these liabilities outstanding on December 31, 1902, was $6,689,419; bills payable, $6,202,502; special deposits, $4,485,547, a total of $17,377,467.

The expenditures made during the year by all the properties and charged to property account were $16,585,852. The average number of employes in the service of all properties during the entire year was 167,168,127, receiving for salaries and wages $120,528,343. Total number of stockholders in March, 1903, was 58,629, an increase of 15,810. This does not include the subscription for preferred stock by the 27,379 employes who were granted the opportunity to participate in the profits of the organization through the purchase of the preferred stock of the corporation.

The tonnage of unfilled orders on the books at the close of 1902 equaled 5,347,-253 tons of all kinds of manufactured products, against 3,457,740 tons at the corresponding period in 1901. In many of the classes of heavier products, like rails, plates and structural material, practically the entire capacity of the mills is sold up until nearly the end of 1903.

FLEISCHMANN REFUSES TO SHAKE INGALLS' HAND

Mayor of Cincinnati Resents Charges Made in Heat of Recent Campaign.

CINCINNATI, April 7.—Members of the exclusive Queen City club have been laboring under suppressed excitement over an incident which happened last evening on the club house steps. Mayor Fleischmann with a party of friends was entering the club just as M. E. Ingalls, president of the Big Four, the defeated Fusion candidate for mayor, was leaving it.

As Mr. Ingalls recognized Mayor Fleischmann, he held out his hand as if to congratulate him. The mayor said: "Until you renounce publicly the unfounded charges you made against me publicly, Mr. Ingalls, I do not care to have anything further to do with you."

Without saying anything, Mr. Ingalls, who is president of the club, passed on.

In his speech concluding the campaign, Mayor Fleischmann declared that he would remember with deep resentment the unfounded charges made by his opponent that he had permitted corruption in the city government to go unchecked.

SUICIDE OR MURDER?

John Smith of Carnegie, Found Dead, Lying Prone Over Flowing Gas.

The body of John Smith of Carnegie was found yesterday under circumstances that indicated that he had committed suicide, although his friends say that as he was a Roman Catholic he either was insane if he committed suicide or was murdered.

Hugh Joynt, who lives on the Rural road in Crafton borough, was coming down the road yesterday and saw a man lying prone on his face on the floor of a gas well derrick. The man's head was covered by his coat, and Joynt, lifting off the coat, found that the stranger was dead. Two gaspipes protruding just above the floor were pouring out gas and the man's face was resting upon the pipes.

The body was taken to the morgue and in the pockets were found a letter addressed to John Smith, Carnegie, and a membership card of the Catholic Mutual Benefit Association. The coroner learned by telephone that John Smith was missing from home, and the body answered the description of the missing man. To account for a murder theory it is said that Smith might have been overpowered and held over the gaspipes until the fumes of the gas made him unconscious.

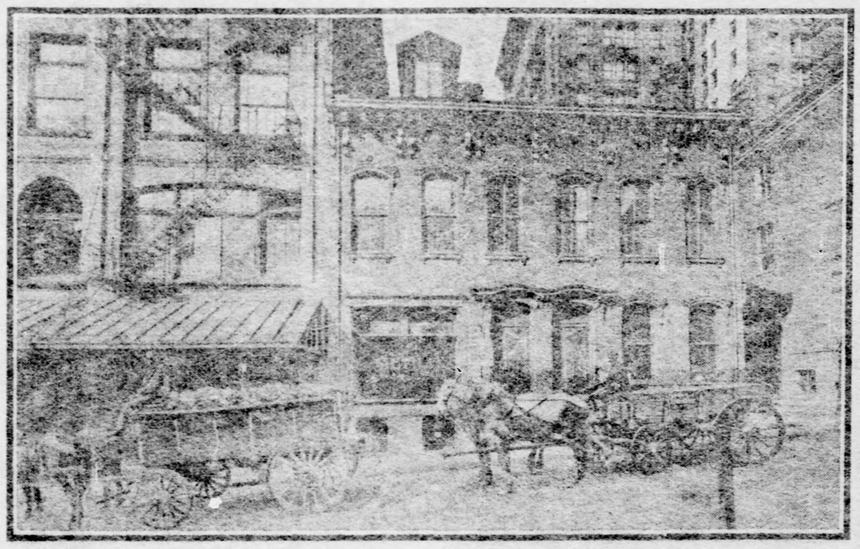
PENNSY WILL PAY $40,000,000 DEBT

PHILADELPHIA, April 7.(Special.)—The important announcement was made by officials of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company today that they will pay off the loans maturing in Jul next, and which aggregate about $40,000,000, with the proceeds of the June installment on the new stock, and not exercise their option of renewing these loans. The statement was well received in financial circles, as it meant an immediate relief to the already congested money market in New York.

TWO DEMOCRATS TO BE UNSEATED

HARRISBURG, April 7.—The house elections committee will tomorrow make a report unseating Representative D. J. Perry, Democrat, in the Fourth Luzerne district, and seating ex-Sheriff James G. Harvey, Republican, the contestant. On Thursday the committee will report unseating Representative F. X. Blumle, Democrat, of Cameron county and seating Harry Mullen, Republican contestant.

KAUFMANNS WILL BUILD TWELVE STORY BLOCK IN DIAMOND STREET AT A COST OF $450,000.



The properties in Diamond street which are to be replaced by the Kaufmanns latest building venture. The building at the left is the old Power Hall building, at present occupied by the Kaufmanns for shipping purposes. At the right are two old dwellings connected with which are the names of old families.

The Kaufmanns have given still further evidence of their faith in Pittsburgh's growth by arranging to build a mammoth department store at a cost of $450,000. The contract was awarded on Monday by Architect Charles Bickel to William Miller & Sons and work will be started very soon, it is said, if some preliminary details now pending can be settled satisfactorily.

The new building will be at Diamond street and Cherry alley, adjoining the Kaufmann block at Smithfield and Diamond streets, which is now being enlarged by the addition of three stories to make it a 12-story building.

Some time ago it was reported that the firm would build at the Cherry alley corner, but of late the project has been kept quiet. The properties which compose the site have been purchased at different times by the Kaufmanns, the last one having been bought from Thomas J. Keenan three months ago. The site has a frontage of 120 feet on Diamond street and 95 feet in Cherry alley. Next to the Kaufmann building is the old Power hall, a six-story brick structure, and two brick houses stand next to the alley. The latter have been vacant since April 1.

The new building, which will rise above the one facing on Smithfield street, will be 12 stories high, and in its construction and equipment one of the model stores of the country. A steel structure with fireproof construction, an abundance of light, the latest ventilating apparatus, a private electric light and power plant, and a heating plant, are among the improvements arranged for in the plans. The contract price of the building is about $370,000, but as this does not include a number of important items, such as heating and lighting, the total cost will aggregate at least $450,000.

The new building will have 136,800 square feet of floor space. The other building, at Smithfield and Diamond streets, measures 102 by 120 feet, giving it a total of 122,400 feet of floor space. With the old building at the corner of Fifth avenue and the building in the rear on the First Methodist church lot the firm would have a grand total of 383,000 square feet, or nearly nine acres of available floor space.

MURDER MYSTERY IS COMPLICATED

Continued from First Page.

been seen or heard of Banks since he drove away with Collins from in front of McCarthy's place in Dr. Thompson's carriage Monday afternoon. Last Sunday Collins had $150 in his possession. When his body was found yesterday morning not a cent of money was in his clothes.

The tragedy is full of mystery. Collins was well known in the Oakland district and was often seen with domestics in that neighborhood. Mr. Rhodes quartered his horses at Louis Schulenberg's livery stable in Henry street. The last time Collins was seen there was Sunday night. He left there about 9 o'clock to call on Marie Smith, a domestic employed by Dr. J. M. Duff at No. 4502 Fifth avenue. The men about the stable never saw him afterward.

ADA GITCHELL'S STORY.

Ada Gitchell of No. 209 Atwood street, whom the detectives are still looking for, told a Gazette reporter yesterday afternoon that Collins had told her that Marie Smith threatened to shoot him last Thursday evening because she found him in company with the Gitchell woman in Fifth avenue.

Ada Gitchell says she was standing only about five feet away and heard this threat made. She says Marie Smith used the words:

"D—— you, I will shoot you yet."

And Ada Gitchell says further that the dead coachman said to her in Murphy's restaurant, at Third avenue and Smithfield street, that night, that Marie Smith would yet kill him as she was jealous of him, and that he was afraid of her.

Late yesterday afternoon Marie Smith was found by detectives at the morgue, where she had gone to view the remains of Collins. The officers, Detectives William Shore and Richard Kelley, promptly escorted her to Central station and subjected her to a close examination. She declared that Ada Gitchell had won Collins' affections and that she was the one who should be examined. When the detectives questioned the Gitchell woman she declared that she was in her room all Monday night and had not seen Collins since Sunday at noon.

A THREAT TO KILL.

"Marie Smith was jealous of Collins and she threatened to kill him in front of me Thursday," she said. "Collins and I had just finished our supper in a restaurant at No. 3807 Fifth avenue. Marie saw us sitting there. When we came out Collins went over to her and she upbraided him for being with me. I told Collins that if Marie loved him so much I did not want to have anything to do with him. We went down town Thursday night and when I saw Collins Sunday he told me that Marie had threatened to kill him again. When I heard of Collins' death yesterday I went to Dr. Duff's house and told Marie Smith that Collins had been killed. She ordered me out of the house and said she was going to the morgue to see if I was lying to her or not. And that's all that I know of the affair."

Collins was found yesterday morning by James Aubmann of No. 3149 Brecknridge street. Collins was lying with his head under the fence, with his hands to his sides. Aubmann thought the man was intoxicated and walked down the embankment and turned him over. He then discovered that the man was dead. Jennie Glover of No. 1 Nesbit street came along about this time and watched Aubmann examine the body. The coroner was then notified and the body taken to the morgue.

BODY MUST HAVE BEEN CARRIED.

There were many strange features developed when the body was examined. Collins' shoes were practically free from mud when he was found. To have fought over or walked near to the place where he was found his shoes would have become muddy. This, in part, warrants the supposition entertained by some that the man was killed elsewhere and his body taken to the top of the Center avenue hill and thrown over the embankment.

Another strange feature is the deep cut found in the dead man's back, yet his clothes were intact, showing no cut or rent. Again, there were two carbolic acid burns on his chest, though how they could have been made there unless the man had his clothes off it is difficult to understand.

The detectives are of the opinion that the dead man was caught in some house by some person who had a deep grudge against him and that he was badly beaten there—possibly murdered outright—and that afterward those who had assaulted him threw carbolic acid about his lips to lend color to a suicide theory, and then removed the body. Again, it is suggested that carbolic acid was thrown on him as a part of the punishment that was being inflicted when he met his death.

ANOTHER UNTENABLE THEORY.

One wild theory is that after the man was assaulted he was given an opportunity to dress himself and get away. That as a result of having his skull fractured he became unconscious after going some distance and fell down and broke his neck in falling over the embankment.

This theory is discredited, as Collins' shoes were free from mud. The detectives say that after being assaulted Collins may have been dressed by his assailant and driven or carried to the place where he was found. Facts, however, leave no trace of him after he was seen with Bartley Banks, Dr. Thompson's colored coachman, Monday afternoon in Penn avenue.

Aubmann, who found Banks, says there were a number of foot tracks about the place where Collins was found. He said it looked as though several men had been walking about there. This was just before 7 o'clock. He said Collins' body was quite warm when he found it and he believes he had only been dead a half hour or so.

Some street car men, employed on early morning runs, say they saw two men standing near the place where Collins was found. Another story is told by Conductor H. N. Justice of Larimer avenue car No. 102.

ANOTHER MYSTERIOUS WOMAN.

About 3:20 o'clock yesterday morning a well dressed woman boarded the car at South Highland avenue, and bloodstains were noticed on her dress. The woman was a mulatto and she said she had cut a man on the wrist with a razor and that he had bled considerably. She said she lived in Bedford avenue. It is not thought, however, that this woman had anything to do with the tragedy.

The carriage which Coachman Banks had out all Monday night was examined by a Gazette reporter last night. No blood stains were found on the front seat or the inside of the vehicle.

The physicians who held the post-mortem examination yesterday said that Collins may have been killed Sunday night or early Monday. This statement differs considerably from that made by Aubmann, who says the body was warm when he found it. The physicians who held the autopsy found no carbolic acid in the dead man's stomach. The burns made by the acid were all on his face and lips, with the exception of the two burns on the chest. How these burns were inflicted is a mystery. The detectives are convinced that a woman threw the acid.

Ada Gitchell and Marie Smith both said when asked if Collins had any friends living in the neighborhood in which he was found, that the only friend Collins had on the hill was Harry Jones, a groom employed at David McDonald's stables, Flavel and Station streets, East End. Jones lives at No. 3127 Dithridge street, but on the night of the tragedy he was in the McDonald stables all night.

CARRIAGE MYSTERIOUSLY RETURNED.

Ada Gitchell saw Collins last at noon on Sunday. Marie Smith was with him Sunday night. She also had an engagement with him for Monday night, but Collins failed to put in an appearance.

Monday afternoon Mrs. Small was walking in Penn avenue exercising some dogs. Banks and Collins were in Dr. Thompson's carriage. They were whipping a small dog that Mrs. Small recognized as Dr. Thompson's. She told Banks he should be ashamed to whip the little animal.

Dr. Thompson's sister says that Banks failed to bring the carriage and horse home when he left with Dr. Thompson in the morning. He had the rig out all Monday night and it was not returned until yesterday morning some time after 7 o'clock. Banks is missing, Collins is dead and the $150 Collins had when he was with Marie Smith Sunday night is also gone.

Collins was about 35 years old and was identified at the morgue by his employer, W. B. Rhodes, of Allegheny. Collins had been in this city for three years and was formerly employed by J. D. Callery as a coachman. It is supposed that his home is near Lorain, O.

One of the letters found in the dead man's pockets, and which led to his identification, was from his brother, Charles E. Collins, pastor of the First Baptist church of Lorain, O., and living at No. 410 Forest street in that city. It was typewritten, dated January 14, and referred to a letter written by the brother. In it he told the recipient that he intended to come to this city to pay him a visit and asked him to meet him at the train. He also referred to some trouble he had experienced and thanked the brother for offering to provide him a home for a time.

A special telegram from Lorain, O., to The Gazette says: "Fred P. Collins, who was murdered in Pittsburgh, is a brother of the Rev. C. L. Collins, formerly pastor of the First Baptist church of this city, who was the principal in the famous church investigation last summer, and who is the step-father of the girl who was known as the parson's dancing daughter."

GREAT NORTHERN SECURES ORE LANDS

DULUTH, April 7.—(Special.)—The Great Northern interests, in the name of L. W. Hill, today secured the state lease to lands in the Western Mesaba range controlled by the Mesaba Chief Iron Company. The consideration of assignment of lease was $55,000. The Great Northern has shown up 10,000,000 tons of law grade ore on the Mesaba Chief. Eight years ago the Rockefeller interest turned the property down after paying $15,000 earnest money. The deal will have an important and favorable bearing on many other large low grade iron properties on the Western Mesaba range.

AT LAST WITH OLD FRIENDS

Continued from First Page.

fortunate if by any sacrifice I could block the progress of such a useless calamity.

"My countrymen, I have given proof that I was one who sought liberty for our country and I still seek it. But as a first step I insisted upon the development of the people in order that, by means of education and of labor, they might acquire the proper individual character and force which would make them worthy of it. In my writings I have commended to your study and civic virtue, without which our redemption does not exist. . . . I cannot do less than condemn, and I do condemn, this absurd and savage insurrection planned behind my back, which dishonors us before the Philippines and discredits us with those who otherwise would argue in our behalf. I abominate its cruelties and disavow any kind of connection with it, regretting with all the sorrow of my soul that these reckless men have allowed themselves to be deceived. Let them return, then, to their homes, and may God pardon those who have acted in bad faith."

This message embodied precisely and exactly the avowed policy upon which the American government has acted in the Philippines. What the patriot Rizal said with such force in speaking of the insurrection before we came to the islands applies with tenfold greater force to those who foolishly or wickedly opposed the mild and beneficent government we were instituting in the islands. The judgment of the martyred public servant, Rizal, whose birthday the Philippine people celebrate, and whom they worship as their hero and ideal, sets forth the duty of American sovereignty; a duty from which the American people will never flinch.

COST BEING REDUCED.

While we have been doing these great and beneficent works in the islands, we have yet been steadily reducing the cost at which they are done. The last congress repealed the law for the war taxes, and the war department has reduced the army from the maximum number of 100,000 allowed under the law to very nearly the minimum of 60,000.

The general-staff law is of immense importance and benefit to the regular army. Individually, I would not admit that the American regular, either officer or enlisted man, is inferior to any other regular soldier in the world. In fact, if it were worth while to boast, I should be tempted to say that he was the best. We do not need a large regular army, but we do need to have our small regular army the very best that can possibly be produced. Under the worn-out and ineffective organization which has hitherto existed, a sudden crisis is peculiarly certain to produce the dislocation and confusion we saw at the outbreak of the war with Spain; and when such dislocation and confusion occurs it is easy and natural, but entirely improper, to blame the men who happen to be in office, instead of the system which is really responsible. Under the law just enacted by congress this system will be changed immensely for the better, and every patriotic American ought to rejoice; for when we come to the army and navy we deal with the honor and interests of all our people; and when such is the case party lines are as nothing and we all stand shoulder to shoulder as Americans, moved only by pride in and love for our common country.

MINNEAPOLIS, April 7.—It transpires that President Roosevelt, in the course of his recent stay in this city, offered the vacancy in the civil service commission to W. W. Heffelfinger, the famous Yale guard, and now a leading citizen of Minneapolis. Mr. Heffelfinger has not yet given his answer.

SUPT. M'QUAIDE'S FIND PROVES GOOD AT START

A Young Detective, Just Out of the Hospital, Makes a Fine Capture, Unarmed, After Some Hard Tussling.

Edwin T. McGough and John F. Lahy are two young men whom Superintendent of Detectives Thomas A. McQuide appointed on the detective force yesterday and swore in the morning. McQuaide had them in his employ when he was with the Pittsburgh Railways Company. They started out to work on assignments given them by the superintendent.

In the afternoon McGough had an operation performed at a hospital, but instead of going home and to bed he kept at work. About 7 p. m. he was on a street car at Frankstown and Park avenues and saw three men acting suspiciously on the back platform. He grabbed one of them and turned him over to the conductor and three passengers to hold. Then he seized another and pushed him off the platform of the car, which had come to a stop, and hustled the man into a drug store. In the drug store the fellow put up a terrific fight and kicked and beat McGough, who held on and at last mastered his opponent without handybilly or revolver, for he had gone to work without either weapon. When he went to secure the other prisoner he found he had got away from the four men holding him.

McGough's prisoner was taken to detective headquarters, where he gave the name of William Woods of New York. Detective William Elmore identified him as "Willie" O'Keefe, said to be a Chicago thief, whom Elmore had arrested twice before and whom he chased across the Sixth street bridge into Allegheny last week. O'Keefe being too fleet of foot for him. The superintendent congratulated McGough on his good beginning. O'Keefe is held as a suspicious person.

Detective Charles Aymer was on the Diamond square last night and saw three men with a drunken man in tow. The three took the man into an alley and Aymer got there in time to see one of them raise a handybilly to strike the drunken man. Aymer called Policeman John Kennedy, whom he had instructed to be near, and the two captured the three. At Central station the drunken man gave the name of Thomas O'Grady and the three suspicious persons the names of Thomas Mullen, John Guster and Frank Killen.

BURDICK CASE WHOLE BURDEN

Continued from First Page.

Pennell inquest over the authority of the court to compel the administrator and his attorney to testify and produce the dead man's papers. It is asserted on one side that the inquest is for the exclusive purpose of establishing the cause of death and proves a crime if there was one. It is said that the court will have no right to inquire into the financial affairs of Pennell or take testimony bearing on the Burdick murder.

District Attorney Coatsworth stated today that the question of how deep the investigation should go at the Pennell inquest was a matter entirely within the discretion of the court.

"All I know is that I shall insist that every bit of information be brought out," said Mr. Coatsworth. "The court can compel Mr. Pennell and Mr. Penney to testify and produce papers. I am going to find out about this Burdick murder. I don't care a rap whether Pennell committed suicide or not."

The long statement written by Arthur R. Pennell on the day before his death will be produced at the inquest next Friday. The authorities can lay their hands upon it at any moment they desire. In this statement Pennell declared that he had no hand in the murder of Edwin L. Burdick, that an unknown woman was in Burdick's den on the night of February 26 and that Burdick was murdered by that woman.

A great many of the papers left by Arthur Pennell are in his brother's possession. If he returns to the city voluntarily or is brought here by the authorities and consents to give evidence relating to the documents left by his brother much may be learned which will throw light upon the Burdick mystery.

The Equitable Life Insurance Company, which issued policies on the life of Pennell within a year to the amount of $45,-000, announced this afternoon through its manager, W. C. Whitney, that the insurance would not be paid until after the Pennell inquest, and that it might not be paid then.

Pennell altogether had taken out insurance to the amount of $100,000 in the Equitable. The company paid $53,000 of that amount to the estate.

BRITISH CONSUL ROBBED BY HONDURAS TROOPS

Compelled to Pay $100,000 to Save Lives of His Employes.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW ORLEANS, April 7.—Information came tonight by the steamship Olympia to the effect that British Consul Campbell of the banking firm of De Soto & Campbell, was held up by the Siera forces and forced to contribute $100,000 for the government's expenses in conducting its war against Gen. Bonilla.

Dr. W. W. Osgood of Cleveland, O., said: "A few weeks ago Mr. Campbell was surrounded by a squad of Honduras soldiers while he was on his way from the consulate to his home. When he got to the door of his residence he was seized and bound; told that his cashier, bookkeeper and clerks would be shot by the morning following if he did not give up $100,000. Gen. Arias was appealed to by Consul Campbell for protection.

"'I am the representative of the British government,' he said.

"'But in your capacity of banker you are not,' President Arias replied. 'I swear to you that your men will be executed if the money is not forthcoming; and as for yourself I can give you no guarantee for personal safety.'

"Mr. Campbell returned to his bank and counted out the amount demanded."

CITIZENS CAN NOT BREAK LINE

Continued from First Page.

against Martin. Detective George Cole lives in this ward and his reappointment happened on the flop of Perry. The councilman will stick to Martin. Pressure has even been brought on prominent business interests to have them influence Perry to vote for the Citizens slate.

The law governing the election of city clerks says that they hold office until their successors are qualified.

APPOINTMENTS TO COME SOON.

Recorder Hays and his cabinet devoted the greater part of yesterday to hearing the claims of wards. Today the Seventeenth, Eighteenth, Nineteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-first and Twenty-second wards will be heard and the list will be completed. This will leave the recorder and heads of departments with a sort of an idea of the men to be appointed. There will be more names than jobs and some paring will have to be done. It is expected that this will be completed in time to make the bulk of the appointments the latter part of the week.

Among the wards heard yesterday was the Fourteenth. This is the home of Morris Mead, the former superintendent of the bureau of electricity. The organization has not indorsed him for a position, but it is probable that some provision will be made so that he can round out his 25 years of service and be retired on a pension. Special delivery letters were sent out yesterday to the ward leaders who are wanted today. In addition to the six wards, notices were sent to some other chairmen where further hearings are to be given.

The colored members of the Citizens party say that the Democrats are trying to keep them from getting positions. A meeting of the executive committee of their organization has been called for April 15, when action will be taken. They claim to have no fight with the Citizens.

Chairman M. G. Leslie of the Republican city committee has retained John P. Hunter to give an opinion on the right of the city government to rip police and firemen out of office. He says that the provisions of the charter conflict with the civil service laws. If Hunter decides that there is a case, the matter will be taken into the courts.

Recorder Hays, Controller Larkin and Solicitor Rodgers held a conference yesterday about the legality of the removals. Hays says that the general order of April 1 removed the men and that there is no question as to the legality of the appointments and reinstatements.

John W. Moreland, who wanted the superintendency of the bureau of electricity, is sore that Albert Herren has been appointed. He says that Thomas S. Bigelow promised him the place. Moreland is an old soldier. He made speeches for the Citizens during the campaign and his son, Andrew M. Moreland of the Moreland Trust Company, is credited with being a heavy contributor. Moreland says that he will be with the Republicans this fall.

Fred Newberry of the Sixth ward is a candidate for superintendent of Marshalsea. Director Clark has said that he intends to appoint an alienist to this position if he can be secured at the salary.

Senator Crawford at Harrisburg yesterday refused to say how he would vote in the election for a superintendent of the workhouse. He remarked that he was not pledged to either McCallin or Hill.

W. M. Laird Co.

Easter Oxfords--

$2, $2.50, $3, $3.50

Many dainty styles in new pretty shapes—
Patent Leathers, Vici and Patent Kid, Fine French Calf—2, 2½ and 3 in. heels—turn and flexible welt soles.

Special This Week

New Confirmation Slippers—A variety of one-strap styles—at 75c, $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50.

Come and see them—Both Stores — Wholesale and Retail.

W. M. LAIRD CO.

Smithfield St. 431 to 437
Market St. 404 to 408

Easter Millinery

There's wealth of Easter beauty in the millinery show this week. The smartest lot of pattern hats ever displayed in Pittsburgh

MEN'S HATS

The Dunlap, Youman and Christy blocks are very swell this spring.

J. G. BENNETT & CO.,
443-445 WOOD ST.

There's Merit in THE PITTSBURGH BREWING CO'S BEER—ALE—PORTER.

TYPEWRITERS!

Manhattans, A. B. and No. 9. Call and See Them—Prices $50 and $75. Repairs on All Makes of Machines Solicited. F. S. Webster Co. Carbons and Ribbons Always in Stock.

F. S. Webster Co., Prop.
432 DIAMOND ST.

BIG FOUR

Raymond Hat	$3.00
Winfield Hat	$2.50
Byron Hat	$2.00
Nelson Hat	$1.50

Sold—Wholesale—Only By
R. G. GAMBLE CO.,
612 Wood St.
Pittsburgh, Pa.

THE KEELEY CURE has been used successfully for 21 years. Cures Drink Habit and Drug Users.
The Keeley Institute 4246 Fifth ave. Pittsburgh.

Boyhood

Is the foundation of Manhood.

The DELICATE boy, the SPINDLING boy, the PIMPLE-FACED boy all need

Hood's Sarsaparilla

It purifies and enriches the blood, strengthens the muscles and bones, promotes mental and physical development, and builds up the whole system.

"My boy was suffering from scrofula, which covered his face entirely. I decided to give Hood's Sarsaparilla a trial. After taking three bottles he was entirely cured." Mrs. ELSIE HOTALING, Voorheesville, N. Y.

"I have used Hood's Sarsaparilla for years, giving it to my children and grandson for poor appetites and bad stomachs. It has always proved a blessing. It tones the stomach and increases the appetite." Mrs. F. P. DEBOLT, Forest Grove, Oregon.

If There is Biliousness or Constipation, Hood's Pills Should be Taken Also.

Fine Home For Sale

In Point Breeze district; new pressed brick Colonial house; contains 11 rooms; two baths on second floor, one on third; four w. c.'s; first floor finished in hardwood; two front rooms and front bathroom on second, finished in white enamel; china closet in dining room; entire house beautifully decorated; fine hardwood mantels, with art tile facings; combination chandeliers; steam heat, instantaneous water heater, laundry tubs, cemented cellar; spacious porches back and front; lot 50x142½ feet; price only $20,000; very easy terms; immediate possession.

REAL ESTATE TRUST COMPANY,
311 FOURTH AVENUE.

MEMBERS BARRED FROM BENEFIT

Strange Fact Revealed in Connection With Police Pension Fund.

DUES PAID FOR NOTHING

Employes Forced to Join Association, Although Ineligible to Relief Because They Could Not Pass Physical Examination.

Employes of the police bureau are enrolled as members of the Police Pension Fund association, and pay $20 annually in dues into the association, who are not eligible to death or disability benefits. If they were killed or injured in the discharge of their duties they would not obtain a cent from the fund, although forced to aid in maintaining it.

This is another astounding fact in connection with the financial enterprise of the police bureau brought to light by the wholesale discharge of employes. It is known that police employes have been enrolled against their will and their money taken for dues when they failed to pass a medical examination. One of the cardinal principles of the association is that no one is entitled to receive a pension who has not passed a medical examination.

It would seem reasonable that the fact that an employe was not able to pass a medical examination would bar him from becoming a member under these circumstances, for he would have nothing to gain by becoming a member. He was admitted to membership, however, because his $30 a year was wanted. He was forced to join whether he wanted to or not.

John Sunderman, who was employed as police operator and removed last Saturday for political reasons, is one of those who paid dues into the association, yet was not eligible to death or disability benefits because he did not pass a medical examination.

"It was impossible for me to pass a physical examination, yet I have paid $30 into the pension fund every year," said Sunderman yesterday.

Elias John, secretary of the Police Pension Fund association, confirms Sunderman's statement, that police employes were admitted to the association and paid dues, although they were not entitled to any benefits because they had not passed a medical examination.

"When the civil service went into effect," said John, "we quit admitting any person who had not passed a medical examination. No member can receive a benefit who has not passed a physical examination."

It is claimed that since civil service was established dues were obtained from police employes whether members or not. Attorney James Francis Burke makes the charge that policemen are appointed on the force and contribute $30 a year to the pension fund who are not members of the Police Pension Fund association. He claims that there are at least 100 policemen who pay dues to the association

MET LAST TIME IN OLD CHAPEL

Pittsburgh Presbytery Will Have to Find a New Place in Which to Hold Sessions.

BUILDING TO BE RAZED

Commissioners to General Assembly Elected—Twenty-Five Signatures to a Petition Looked Too Much Alike.

The last meeting of the Pittsburgh presbytery to convene in the chapel of the First Presbyterian church in Wood street was held yesterday, where the presbytery has been meeting for 22 years. Hereafter the meetings will be held, temporarily at least, in the chapel of the Second Presbyterian church. The First church chapel is to be demolished.

The most important action of the presbytery was the selection of the commissioners who are to go to the general assembly that will meet in Los Angeles, Cal., in May. The following commissioners were elected:

Ministers—The Revs. Dr. C. F. Cheesman, J. M. Gaston, Dr. J. M. Duff, J. M. Work and G. W. Montgomery.

Elders—W. A. Booth, E. S. Gray, M. D. Shields, J. A. Gibson and R. A. Balph.

Ministerial alternates—The Revs. Dr. S. J. Fisher, H. O. Roseborough, W. R. Farmer, J. F. Munford and C. N. Moore.

Alternates for elders—J. N. Moore, R. P. Patterson, J. H. Johnston, H. F. Power and W. R. Crabbe.

The application of the Rev. Emil Roll of Switzerland precipitated a debate. Mr. Roll came here about a year ago and began to study in the Western Theological seminary. He is an ordained minister, but he desired to learn American ways and customs and do some work among the Germans here, therefore he presented a letter from the Reformed church of Switzerland asking to be admitted to the presbytery. The chairman of the committee on credentials, the Rev. E. R. Donehoo, said that everybody heartily recommended Mr. Roll, but as the rules require that he be under the observation of the presbytery a year, and it was claimed that his time in the seminary should count and the committee could come to no conclusion in the matter. A discussion was ended by Mr. Roll saying he was willing to accept these conditions.

A petition containing 25 names asking for the dismissal of Elder A. D. Sutton from the session of the Woodlawn church had been sent to a committee, which reported that the petition was not genuine, the names having been written by the same hand, and recommended that no action be taken. The report was received.

The report of the committee on missions that $500 be given to the church at Clairton and $100 to the church at Mendelssohn was approved.

The Rev. H. D. Ewing was dismissed from the presbytery at his own request to enter the Blairsville presbytery. The installation of the Rev. Leroy Warren as pastor of the Monongahela church was fixed for April 20 at 8 p. m.

The following trustees of the presbytery were elected: The Revs. William

Test for Yourself the Wonderful Curative Properties of Swamp-Root

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect It.

To Prove What Swamp-Root, the World-Famous Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy, Will do for YOU, Every Reader of The Gazette May Have a Sample Bottle Sent Free by Mail

I wrote to Dr. Kilmer & Co., at Binghamton, N. Y., for a free sample bottle of Swamp-Root, and its effect upon me was so noticeable that I bought a supply, and after taking a few bottles of Swamp-Root I had entirely recovered, and in six months I became the man you see me now. I had kidney trouble, aggravated by bladder trouble. Was obliged to pass water often day and night, had backache, and was run down generally. A few bottles of this remedy did more for me than a dozen physicians could.

Hugo Hutt
865 Stillman St.,
Philadelphia (Pa.) Fire Dep't.

I am a firm believer in that wonderful remedy, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root. It's a great medicine when a man is not feeling well; after exposure or loss of sleep and irregular meals. It is also a great medicine to tone up and regulate a man. There is such a pleasant taste to it and it seems to go right to the spot. I use it and recommend it. There is more Swamp-Root used by Kansas City firemen than any other medicine twice over.

Yours, truly,
Alex Henderson
Assistant Chief,
Kansas City (Kansas) Fire Dep't.

I cheerfully give my indorsement to Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, which I sincerely believe, from my own experience, stands at the head of all known curatives for kidney, liver and bladder troubles.

My own cure and also my personal observation during years of service in the Toledo Fire Department, have convinced me that Swamp-Root is a medicine of wonderful merit. I have seen many who had been pronounced incurable, speedily restored to health by Swamp-Root.

Yours Respectfully,
G. W. Fraser
No. 1 Engine House.
Toledo (Ohio) Fire Department.

If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking the famous new discovery, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, because as soon as your kidneys are well they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince anyone.

Weak and unhealthy kidneys are responsible for many kinds of diseases, and if permitted to continue much suffering with fatal results are sure to follow. Kidney trouble irritates the nerves, makes you dizzy, restless, sleepless and irritable. Makes you pass water often during the day and obliges you to get up many times during the night. Unhealthy kidneys cause rheumatism, gravel, catarrh of the bladder, pain or dull ache in the back, joints and muscles; makes your head ache and back ache, causes indigestion, stomach and liver trouble, you get a sallow, yellow complexion, makes you feel as though you had heart trouble; you may have plenty of ambition, but no strength, get weak and waste away.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is used in the leading hospitals, recommended by physicians in their private practice, and is taken by doctors themselves, because they recognize in it the greatest and most successful remedy that science has ever been able to compound.

EDITORIAL NOTICE.—Swamp-Root, the great Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy, is so remarkably successful that a special arrangement has been made by which all our readers who have not already tried it may have a sample bottle sent absolutely free by mail. Also a book telling all about kidney and bladder troubles and containing many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women cured by Swamp-Root. In writing, be sure and mention reading this generous offer in The Pittsburgh Daily Gazette when sending your address to

JOSEPH HORNE CO.

Weather—Cloudy. Wednesday, April 8, 1903.

The Easter Rush

Is now at its height, and this store was never so well prepared to take care of the multitude of patrons that it has pleasure in acknowledging. *Everything of a wearable character* from the simple little furbelow to the handsomest gown and wrap for women, and the standard evening dress suit for men, is here. No matter what is needed, with the exception of hats and shoes for men, it is to be found here in the most generous collection—found here for *less prices than same goods are on sale anywhere else in the city.* We cut our prices closer to the cost line than the few stores that sell such similar goods as we do. That is becoming more and more known every day. A well balanced and large force of expert salespeople to help expedite your Easter shopping.

Women's Easter Neckwear.

Bright and fresh as Easter flowers are the new conceits in women's neckwear. We have every style that the feminine taste can crave—not a thing but the latest modes, and in unlimited variety.

New washable Stocks in white and colored linen, tab effects, 50c, 75c each.

Stocks with wide embroidery forming medallions in front, 75c each and up to $1.50.

Pleated Mull Stocks handsomely embroidered, $1.50 each to $2.

Lace Stocks, medallion effects, $1.50 each up to $4.50. Linen and Lace Stocks with double tabs, $3 each.

Linen Turn-Over Collars, embroidered in colors and white, $2.25.

Madras Stocks with mull turn-over, embroidered with French knots, $2 each.

Collar and Cuff Sets made of Cluny and Irish crochet lace, $3.75 a set and up to $8.

Top Collars of white mull and lace, 15c each and up to $2.

Top Collars of mull with cuffs, 12½c per set and up to $4.50.

Top Collars in the new tab effects, 50c to $1.50. Lawn Yokes, $1.50 each and up to $12.

Lace Collars, pelerine shape, $5 each and up to $25. Lace Revers, 75c each and up to $25.

Chiffon and Liberty Silk Boas and Stoles in white, black and white and black, $2.75 each and up to $35.

Ostrich Feather Boas, $15 each and up to $100.

Ostrich Feather Stoles, black, white, and white and black, also gray, $35 and $40.

Here are three very important specials in women's neckwear. The prices quite remarkable for their smallness.

Top Collars with Cuffs, worth 25c for 12½c a set.

Hemstitched mull Top Collars and Cuffs, worth 50c for 25c set.

Sheer Stocks of lace and embroidery, worth 50c for 25c each.

Warner's Rust-Proof Corsets

A Very Great Special in Silks.

$6 Novelty Silk for $3 a Yard.

This is a French novelty of Satin Liberty with a broche ground over which are printed figures. The ground color of the silk is blue, black, tan and brown and gray. This novelty is exclusive with us and comes only in single dress patterns, and there are but 30 left—hence a reduction of half price.

Other drastic reductions on silks:

At 75c a yard, instead of $1 and $1.25, printed Foulards, printed Liberty Satins, Broche, printed Twills and printed Shanghais, 24 and 27 inches wide in a large range of colors and designs of this season's productions.

At 50c a yard, Wash Cords in large variety of colorings, stripe effects in conjunction with small printed dots, admirable for the neat shirt waist suit.

Following are some exceptionally low prices on Black Taffeta of extra good value.

19 inches wide, worth 75c, at 68c a yard.

25 inches wide, worth 85c, at 75c a yard.

27 inches wide, worth $1.25, at 95c a yard.

36 inches wide, worth $1.25, at 95c a yard.

Black Crepe de Chine, 44 inches wide, extra good black, a very popular make that we heretofore sold for $2.25, reduced to $1.95 a yard.

Reclining Go-Carts.

Certainly that baby of yours is to have a real good outing on Easter, dependent, of course, upon the weather. We rather think you will be favored with the right kind of weather.

We have every style of Go-Cart that any mother would consider worthy of her baby. Each cart, besides the reclining feature, has all the improvements that have been suggested up to the Spring of 1903.

Prices begin at $8 for stunning little carts and range easily along up to $25.

Possibly the sun may take on a warm spell Easter, and in that case you would need a parasol for the cart. We have all colors in adjustable parasols, and the prices are $1.50 and up to $4.

May be last Summer's cart is all right, and all need is a new parasol for it. The [illegible]

Breakfast Food

"It" goes farther and is liked better than other cereals because the flavor is right. It's not mushy. "It" makes you better able to do the work of the day whether it is brain work or manual labor. Try "It" and you'll like it.

No cooking required. Always ready for eating. Serve with hot milk in winter, cold milk in summer.

Prepared by The Genesee Pure Food Co., Le Roy, N.Y.

MARKET ST.

Tobacco Heart

may be cured. Don't neglect your symptoms. Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is a great heart and blood tonic about which you will learn a great deal and also about heart trouble by sending postal for free book on diseases of the heart and nerves.

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

Stinson, Kennedy & CO.

Successors to Halpin, Kennedy & Co.

SANITARY PLUMBING

FINE GAS AND ELECTRIC FIXTURES, INSTANTANEOUS WATER HEATERS.

No. 213 Wood St., Pittsburgh

A. D. Floyd, Court 741.

EAST END

STORAGE WAREHOUSE

NEW AND UP-TO-DATE.

(Center Ave., Near Liberty Market.)

Separate Room for Furniture

Fireproof Vaults for Silverware

Mothproof Rooms for Carpet and Rugs

Household Goods Packed and Shipped

Padded Vans and Wagons for Moving

HAUGH & KEENAN

STORAGE AND TRANSFER CO.

CITY OFFICES AND WAREHOUSE.

Third Street and Duquesne Way.

ESTIMATES. BOTH 'PHONES.

Glass.

Manufacture of Satsuma Ware.

The Boy From Zeeny.

By JAMES WHITCOMB RILEY.

Sunday Gazette

That Bright Spring Hat.

A Beautiful Art Picture.

And 50 More Excellent Features in Next Issue of

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NEW YORK NEWS BUREAU — Herald Building, Herald Square.

WESTERN OFFICE—Rooms 1210 and 1212 Boyce Building, Chicago, Ill.

WASHINGTON (D. C.) NEWS BUREAU—Room 10, Postal Telegraph Building.

PHILADELPHIA NEWS BUREAU—Ledger Building, Sixth and Chestnut Streets.

LONDON (ENGLAND) OFFICE—Effington House, No. 1 Arundel Street, Strand, W. C.

ATLANTIC CITY (N. J.) OFFICE—Young's Pier.

The Pittsburgh Gazette receives the full report of the Associated Press every day of the week, as well as the special telegraph and cable news of the New York Herald, and in addition has private wires to its bureaus in New York, Philadelphia and Harrisburg.

TERMS.

Daily Edition by carrier in Pittsburgh, Allegheny and surrounding towns for 6 cents a week.

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Rates by mail within the United States and Canada, outside of the City of Pittsburgh.

Daily Edition at the rate of $3.00 per year.

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Daily and Sunday Edition, per month, 30 cents.

Daily and Sunday Edition, per year, $5.00.

Anyone unable to purchase a copy of the Pittsburgh Gazette on trains or at news stands will confer a favor by reporting the same to this office.

Wednesday, April 8, 1903.

President Roosevelt continues to talk sound American doctrine to his audiences in the west. Be the theme the tariff, the trusts, the Monroe doctrine or the larger navy, the president stands for progressiveness, with conservatism. He advocates no wild schemes, but he would have the nation moving forward, fulfilling all of its functions and bearing its responsibilities as a leading member of the great family of nations.

Another evidence of the trend of affairs in Pittsburgh is afforded by plans for new mercantile establishments and the enlargement of the old. It is within the memory of young residents of this city when the retail houses were principally accommodated by a salesroom on the street level and a storage floor higher up. That era is gone forever. The department store of three to ten or twelve floors, covering acres of space is largely in evidence and on the increase. The field must be a good one for not only are the old firms reaching out for more room, but the metropolitan houses are seeking locations to get in for a share of the trade. Nothing could speak more eloquently of the prosperity and growth of Pittsburgh.

By the latest turn of the Harrisburg kaleidoscope the White bill, affecting the capitol commission, is shelved for "keeps." It is stated in this connection that Gov. Pennypacker, Senator Quay and Insurance Commissioner Durham are satisfied with this disposition of the measure, the governor taking the view that he has the power, without further legislation, to remove any member of the commission whose course is unsatisfactory. If he has this power, it is well. In any event, his wishes are of some consequence and, germane to the subject. The wishes of Senator Quay and Commissioner Durham, however, have no more place in consideration of the matter than those of two other citizens, whatever may be their influence upon the legislature. The bill, apparently, was too much in the public interest to be passed.

A queer survival of mediaevalism is reported from Germany, involving the pawning of a town. It appears that the town of Wismar, on the Baltic, was pawned to Mecklenburg by Sweden on June 26, 1803, for a loan of about $943,500. Sweden at the expiration of 100 years had the right to take back the town on payment of the debt with 3 per cent interest per annum. In the meantime Mecklenburg has been incorporated in the German empire, and Germany would hardly like to see a German port transferred to Sweden, despite her legal right. If the matter had been pressed to an issue the action of Germany would have illustrated Goethe's saying that "law is mighty but necessity is mightier." All trouble, however, has been averted by the action of the Swedish government which recently asked the Swedish parliament to empower it to waive its right to redeem the pawned town.

In view of the effusive sympathy with the Boers manifested by Germany during the late war, it is rather remarkable that interest in the Boers now is chiefly one of apprehension over their immigration to German territory. It was recently explained in the reichstag that the Boers were not desirable immigrants as they never worked as artisans or laborers and hence the colonial administration was justified in seeing that none save Boers possessing capital enough to engage in cattle breeding should be let into the country. It was explained that the Boer without capital was apt to rove about, living as a hunter, and doing damage to the country. The drift of the discussion invited some sarcasm from the Socialist leader, Bebel, who wanted to know why the colonial authorities were so shy of the Boers if they were such excellent people as they were made out to be while the war was going on.

Incidental to the process of reorganizing the postoffice department, fresh charges have been preferred affecting the division of supplies. It is said the stamps and pads supplied to postoffices are of inferior material and an investigation will be made. Herein is an illustration of one of the weaknesses of government ownership as compared with private ownership. An investigation of charges, when charges are made, is a long drawn out case of red tape. In a private corporation inefficiency or a disposition to work contracts for private profit would be discovered very quickly and punished still more promptly. In private business bidders name lowest terms for the best goods, while in government contracts there is always a temptation to put the price up for inferior goods with a reward on the side for a salaried official who will wink on inspection day.

Mayor Carter Harrison was re-elected in Chicago yesterday by a reduced plurality. His majority over Graeme Stewart, Republican, is only about 6,000. It is enough, however, to show the strength of the man. The party significance of the result is not much, though it gives a handle to Mr. Harrison's friends to give him some pleasant notoriety booming him for president. Mayor Tom L. Johnson of Cleveland was re-elected the day before, however, by about the same majority, and is likely to go after the Democratic nomination for governor of Ohio, at once, which will give him a rather larger share in the consideration for national honors than that of Mayor Harrison. It is further notable that Samuel Jones, he of the Golden Rule, has been elected mayor of Toledo for the fourth time over his Republican and Democratic opponents, and that by a liberal plurality. This makes Mr. Jones as available presidential timber as either Mr. Harrison or Mr. Johnson.

The Carnival of Spoils.

We agree with Chairman Leslie that policemen and firemen whose pay has been subjected to assessment on account of pension funds have equity rights in those funds which are not extinguished by their dismissal from public service upon political grounds, and if there is any way of hauling into court those who did the slaughter to account for their acts we hope it will be done. The abuse of trust perpetrated by the new administration in raiding the public service has been the most disgraceful affair of the kind ever known in Pittsburgh politics. No manifestation of ring rule in the past has been so depraved in motive and brutal in method.

It has been suggested that the new charter will prevent such scandalous raids hereafter. This is very doubtful. The new charter was so emasculated during its passage and by legislation since that few restraints upon the spoils system were left in it. The charter as originally enacted contained provisions requiring appointments and promotions to be based upon competitive examinations under civil service regulations. This was stricken out by the supplementary act, and the only restriction imposed was that "appointments shall be made by reason of the fitness of the appointee and not for political purposes." It is true that Supt. McTighe has ignored this rule and frankly avowed political purposes, but it would be easy to find pretexts to bring any desired appointment within this lax requirement. Removals may be made at will by heads of departments "by written order, giving their reasons therefor, provided the same is not done for political reasons." In practice it will doubtless be regarded as sufficient compliance with this regulation to say that the removal was made for the good of the service.

There is nothing in the charter as it stands to prevent the new administration from being a system of spoils and graft, such as Supt. McTighe's beginning indicate.

The Rapid Transit Problem

The rapid transit committee of the chamber of commerce is in favor of the construction of subways as a means of improving street car facilities. The committee has been impressed by what Boston has done and New York is doing in the construction of subways and thinks that Pittsburgh should do likewise. There is no doubt that this will come in time, and the education of public sentiment on the subject cannot begin too soon, but as a practical measure of relief this will be the last step. It holds out no prospect of relief in the near future.

The communication which we publish today from "Engineer" makes an instructive analysis of the situation. The point made in regard to the impracticability of subways in the down-town section can hardly be disputed. The constant liability to flooding whenever the rivers rose is, of itself, an insuperable objection. But unless a subway can be extended into the downtown section it will not relieve the congestion of surface cars in that section. A subway terminating above Smithfield street, and emerging beyond Herron Hill will probably be built some day, and it will be an important adjunct to a rapid transit system, but it does not promise a solution of the problem which now confronts the city.

The root of the difficulty is the improvident policy of the city in granting franchises. Street railway management has been primarily a matter of financial negotiation and only secondarily a transportation business. Franchises have been attained as a means of disposing of securities rather than of performing public service. The service is perfunctory and negligent. A great change for the better would be gradually brought about if the city were to offer its franchises to capital and enterprise upon business conditions. Let the city exact a gross receipts tax and limit the duration of franchises and let companies pick their routes. The city of Baltimore has pursued this policy to advantage. It demands 9 per cent of the gross receipts and is now getting about $400,000 a year from this source. Street railways abound and penetrate all sections of the city and suburbs. As the companies pay for their franchises, the value is not susceptible of the enormous capitalization which now handicaps the street railway service in Pittsburgh. Upon such conditions we should not object to seeing the Grant boulevard utilized in the manner proposed, fencing in a strip of 21 feet on the hill side, putting upon the company the cost of maintenance. It will be a considerable saving to the city to transfer the expense of having to deal with the landslips frequently occurring along the boulevard.

But after every expedient has been tried and every improvement made in surface transit there seems no escape from elevated roads as a necessary means of establishing the facilities required by municipal growth and development. The antipathy to subjecting streets to such servitude is at present very great, but upon full understanding and thorough consideration we believe that it would be found to rest upon mistaken ideas as to results, and that many who now think it would be a detriment would find it an advantage.

The Salus-Grady Bill.

It is said "orders" have been issued for the enactment of the libel bill introduced in the house by Mr. Salus. The fact that the bill was presented in the senate yesterday by Senator Grady, printed in record time and read for the first time last evening gives color to the report. In other words, it appears the powers that be are bent upon putting a muzzle on the press.

The bill is ridiculous in its terms. It proposes to levy damages upon the basis of the number of copies of the paper containing the libel. In addition, it makes a much more severe definition of malicious libel than the present law. It is as unjust as it is grotesque and is not designed for any good purpose. The intent is obviously to avenge the sufferings of certain statesmen who have writhed under the lashings of public criticism and caricature. To secure that result those statesmen (?) are willing to sacrifice their friends on the altar with their enemies. Because one or two newspapers in the state have exceeded their proper privilege to comment upon public men and measures, the managing politicians threaten to force legislation that will oppress the respectable papers of the commonwealth.

Fortunately the liberty of the press is guaranteed by the Constitution, along with free speech. Certain publications are privileged and courts and juries have not the same incentives to hate the publication of the truth that actuate some politicians. We do not believe the Salus bill can protect those politicians from honest exposure of their misdeeds, even though it be burdensome to all publishers. We do not believe, if it is enacted, that it can prevent a free enough expression of opinion to defeat the further political ambitions of those who vote for it, or prevent the election of other men to the legislature who will repeal the unjust thing.

Up to date, with the assistance of Gov. Pennypacker, the legislative session has a comparatively good record in a negative way. It has passed no very useful bills, but it has no very vicious measures to its discredit. If this Salus-Grady bill is pushed through, however, that much can not be said for the session. The bill is entirely vicious.

The Touch of Nature.

Andrew Carnegie's proferred help to Cornell students who were stricken with typhoid fever is set down as a departure from his usual well understood custom of making capital investments for the benefit of present and future generations. But it is a mistake to regard Mr. Carnegie as excluding his heart from all participation in his disposal of his wealth. The founder of schools and libraries preceded this latest offer with a request that was accepted some weeks ago, that he be permitted to provide for the cost of installing a pure water service for the university, which has been, like the town of Ithaca, ravaged with typhoid because of contamination of the public water supply. Since January 15, according to the latest available reports, there have been 1,000 cases of typhoid in Ithaca and in the university. In all, 213 students have been afflicted, many of whom were working their way through college and entirely unprepared for the drain on the resources caused by illness. Some of them, indeed, were plunged into debt and face to face with the necessity of abandoning their studies, for a time at least. When these consequences of the typhoid epidemic became apparent the more prosperous students formed an organization to give the less fortunate a lift over the rough place. Their plans and contributions necessarily obtained publicity, and what he saw in the newspapers inspired Mr. Carnegie to supplement his gift for pure water (the ounce or more of prevention) with another contribution to repair so far as possible the damage already done within the circle of the university. Unfortunately, some students died from the disease, and thus there are losses that can never be repaired, but those whose student careers were merely interrupted and in danger of termination because of the circumstances of which they were the victims will be enabled to continue their studies according to first intention and to graduate and enter their chosen professions. Mr. Carnegie's provision for a pure water supply for Cornell and his provision for students who are victims of the impure supply are doubtless classed by him with customary contributions to an educational foundation, the sum contributed for the relief of sick students being, perhaps, regarded for this purpose as devoted to the future of scientific research and the promotion of mind and character building by saving and repairing for the work the investment and capital accumulation of knowledge impaired by idleness. At least Mr. Carnegie may offer this as an excuse, but there are not wanting other instances to show that not all his benefactions proceed from the head alone. There are many gifts from the heart such as the pension fund for Carnegie Steel Company employes and individual pensions for old friends and associates whose fortunes do not permit them to found libraries. The gift to the sick students at Cornell will amount to a few thousand dollars at most, but it is the sort of gift that comes from warm human impulse, and it inspires kindlier feelings than a library foundation that might cost much more. The founder of libraries and schools may be written down because of them as one who loves his fellow men, but a contribution to the bodily needs and refinements of the distressed makes the classification unmistakable. It is the touch of sympathy that is the pure gold.

The serious discussion of the impracticability of Cleveland's nomination on the ground of his age at the time of the next inauguration is a clear case of not catching your hare before you cook it.

The weather prophet who doesn't take the "April shower" tradition into account these days is pretty sure to fall down several times in the course of 12 hours.

King Alfonso's advisers think the young monarch is crazy. Perhaps King Alfonso has some thoughts about his advisers that are equally uncomplimentary.

That railroad president who was running for the office of mayor of Cincinnati seems to have been unable to manage his terminals right in the present instance.

It is astonishing how deftly the Buffalo police are uncovering the affairs of the late Mr. Fennell, now that the man is dead and out of reach of the law.

It is singular how rapidly a big robust political promise before election can dwindle into insignificance under the influence of graft after the election.

Of course the new administration will understand that this rain washing of the streets cannot be relied upon as a steady job.

The St. Louis election yesterday was confidently relied upon to keep several well known officials of that city out of jail.

The kerosene can has a rival. A box of stove polish exploded in New York the other day and badly burned two women.

It would seem that the Democratic frost in Ohio nipped several presidential blossoms also.

The blood of the grafters' ax may become the seed of real municipal reform.

This is the week when the festive hen is supposed to work overtime.

Cleveland's Tom Johnsonizing seems to have become a fixed habit.

The Strap Holders' union is long on walking delegates.

RHYMES AND REASONS.

T. F. WATSON.

DON'T ASK HIM.

In "The Remorse of Satan," which is a sequel to "The Sorrows of Satan," Miss Carie Corrolit has again reached the high water mark of pathetic tragedy. We know of no scene in all dramatic literature so profoundly moving as that in which the chief character beseeches the fearless and enterprising reporter not to question him further. We learn on the best authority that Messrs. Piff, Paff & Puff are flooded with advance orders. Indeed, we may say in strict confidence that the advance orders have reached the astounding total of half a million. (Monthly Bumbazoon.)

Ask me not why I am a woman hater!
Ask me not why thy love I coldly spurn!
Or I may cast thee to you red alligator!
From whose interior reporters ne'er return.

Ask me not why my language is so cruel!
Ask me not why my chest with grief is torn!
Or I may use thy corpus up for fuel.
Yes, I may roast thee ere another day is born.

Thou canst not fathom the gloom my soul enfolding!
Thou canst not penetrate beneath my black reserve!
Grief such as mine is not for thy beholding!
Begone! Begone! before I lose my nerve!

Choakum—You intoxicated ruffian! I've a good mind to pull your nose.

Soakum—Dat's all right, pard. But please spare de blossom!

A Chicago paper publishes a picture of "the perfect Chicago girl." What there is to be seen of the maiden is perfectly lovely, but the famous Chicago foot is invisible.

Teacher (at closing exercises)—Master Tommie will now favor us with a little piece.

Tommie—
The shades of night were falling fast
As through an Alp'—an Alp'—as through—
The shades of night were Alping fast—
Boo Hoo! Oh, Hoo! Boo Hoo! Boo Hoo!

Teacher—Master Tommie has favored us with a little piece of it, which is very good as far as it goes. While Master Tommie is recovering from his emotion (which is very creditable to him) Master Willie will favor us with a bigger piece of it.

A California man has been arrested for robbing the mint. A Kentucky colonel would have captured the julep addition and all the rest of the outfit.

THRIFTY EDWARD.

King Edward has reduced the staff of court chaplains from 36 to 12. (Foreign Correspondence.)

"When thousands of my people find
One priest enough, if not too many,
King though I be, 'tis in my mind
To try and save an honest penny.

"My privy purse resents this tax!"
(Four and twenty chaplains sigh)
"It bids me swing my royal ax!"
(Four and twenty chaplains die).

The twelve remaining all alive
Twelve are enough to do the trick.
One-third as much religion now
As in the court of good Queen Vic.

Local committee at Sioux Falls made the president go to church thrice last Sunday. There are times when a tired great man is safer in the hands of his enemies.

"Four dollars a week. It's a nice, cool, summer room, sir."
"Any bed bugs?"
"I should think not, indeed!"
"Don't want the room then."
"What may be your business, sir?"
"I am a park policeman. I am getting too fat. I need exercise, ma'am."

Senator Smoot became a Republican after careful comparative study of Republican and Democratic newspapers. Straight is the way and broad the road which leadeth to the flowery bed of ease.

GOLDEN DONK.

Jack bought a little donk
And gilded nearly the whole of it,
And up and down through Pittsburgh town
Paraded body and soul of it.

Jack sold his little donk
To a get-rich-quicker crowd of men.
Jack is fled, Donk is dead,
And get-rich-quickers are plowed again.

IN THE EYE OF FAME.

The prince of Wales is expected to open the new electric tramway service in South London May 15 and to ride over the line in the first car.

The czar of Russia intends to supplement the reforms he has just announced by abolishing the punishment of political prisoners by exile to Siberia.

John D. Wing of Millsbrook, N. Y., has a flock of 70 sheep, each as black as ink. He is the only collector of black sheep in the world.

The Rev. Charles A. Troiman, pastor of the Church of the Redeemer, St. Louis, is also a practicing physician, having regular office hours during the week.

Queen Maria Pia of Portugal has just ordered from Paris a 12-horse power automobile, with which she intends to make extensive tours through the country.

It is announced that the translation of the Bible into Chinese, on which Bishop Scherschewsky has been engaged for 10 years, has been completed.

The Hon. R. W. Scott, the Canadian secretary of state, who recently completed his 78 year, is known as the "Nestor of Canadian Liberalism." His call to the Canadian bar dates from 1848, and in 1852 he was the mayor of Ottawa. Five years later he entered parliament, and has been there ever since. His name is closely associated with Canadian educational and temperance legislation.

Prof. George Prowell, curator and librarian of the York County Historical society, has come into possession of a bound file of the Virginia Gazette for the year 1776. It contains the Declaration of Independence as it was originally drafted for publication.

A movement is on foot at St. Johnsbury, Vt., to urge Henry C. Ide to run for governor of Vermont next year. Judge Ide is not expected to return to the Philippines on account of his health. Under the "mountain" rule the next Vermont governor will be chosen from the east side of the state.

The Quiet Observer.

ERASMUS WILSON.

You like a good newspaper. Of course you do. Everybody likes reading matter that suits their taste.

What would you like to have printed in your paper?

Then ask the editor to print it. That is the editor's business. The publishers of papers pay large sums of money for matter that will please their readers.

It is a mistake to think that editors and publishers get out papers for their own entertainment. Their aim is to instruct and entertain the public, and if the people only knew it they can have just the sort of paper they want.

If you want anything in your paper, and don't see it, ask for it, and it will be forthcoming, and pretty quickly, too, for the editor and publisher are most willing and anxious to accommodate you.

There was a time when the editor was a sort of oracle, and something of a boss, for what he said was law and gospel to most of his readers, and they acted and voted according to his advice. It is not so now—not as much as it once was.

* * * * *

The way to get a newspaper that suits you is to tell the editor what kind of a paper you want.

Write and tell him what you think of his paper, point out the features that you like best, the article you have heard talked about, and the stories that have given best satisfaction. He will read such a letter eagerly and give earnest heed to what you say.

Also suggest some particular feature, or features. He may not introduce them at once, but it will set him to thinking, and to making inquiry, and if he discovers there are others who would like such features he will give them a trial.

If you know of a bit of local history, or a story of the early days, write it out and send it in. No matter if it isn't well written; he will fix it up all right. Or if you don't care to write it put him onto it and he will have it written and illustrated, too, for the live editor is on the lookout for just such things, even if they should cost a few dollars. Besides, he will put you in his "Who's Who Book," which is something worth while.

* * * * *

Don't be afraid to write to your editor, nor to tell him what you think of his paper. He wants to know, even if you don't think well of some of its features, for how else is he to learn what the people want, and how else are the people to get what they want?

One of the chief aims of a newspaper is to please the people—not to cater to coarse or vulgar tastes by printing nasty stuff, but to give them a paper such as they like to read and to have their families read. This is the style of paper that grows steadily in public favor and that exerts the greater influence in the world.

Now you see how you can help the editor to help you, and together you can help all humanity.

The fact of the matter is every reader of a newspaper should write to the editor calling attention to the particular features that please him, and suggest others that he would like to see introduced. You needn't bother about things you don't like, for the editor will drop them as soon as he discovers they are not popular.

So don't hesitate to write to the editor and he will thank you kindly.

* * * * *

If we only knew what the other fellow is thinking what a help it would be to us in life, as well as in running a newspaper.

Or would it?

Not always, maybe, for if we knew what he was thinking sometimes we might be shocked—terribly shocked, as with a live wire.

Would you want the other fellow to know what you are thinking sometimes?

Only sometimes, but not always, for there are times when your thoughts are not agreeable to yourself, for you must be an exception to the rule if you are not ashamed of your thoughts at times.

And then there are times when you would give a whole lot to know her thoughts, and she would give more to know yours. And yet if both of you knew what both want to know you might be sorry, both of you; or you might both be awfully glad.

It is better, perhaps, far better, that we cannot read each other's thoughts.

They say we will be able to know what each other thinks, in heaven. But then there will be nothing mortal there, consequently no mortal ills, no hatred, no spite, nothing sensual nor unclean—all good and pure, loving and lovable, heartsome and wholesome.

In the correspondence printed in this column you get a lot of inner thoughts—private opinions publicly expressed. Following are a few from a thinker who has thought long and earnestly and practiced some.

* * * * *

Dear Quiet Observer—Is kissing discussable? Never!

The sweetest of love's expressions is a matter that concerns two persons—no more. The perfunctory kiss, the kiss filial, et al, are not counted. The kind of kissing you have been talking about is an exuression of pure love. When it is that, and just that, all the "regulation" in the world would not make it wrong.

Woman, the queen of love, should reign absolutely, and her will should be a law to which all men ought to be glad to bow. And her august decisions will ever be controlled by her heart and operate only as they concern herself. When she wills, do your part, but do not invade. That would be an assault and all the laws ever enacted by priestcraft or statecraft would not justify it, either in courtship or in wedlock.

I have no patience with beaus who are forever coveting a girl's lips. Win her heart, young man, then you have something worth while and all else will come. And I think it perfectly safe to allow each young woman to decide the matter for herself and on the spot. I am not one of those who believe that if restrictions were less rigid all womankind would go straight to Old Nick at a canter. The New World has proved that.

Here in America, away from chaperones, cicerones, padrones and all other sorts of drones, growing girls have more personal freedom than their sisters anywhere else on earth. And the consequences? A garden of normal, healthy, wholesome-minded young women, able to make their way anywhere.

The matter of osculation as a sentimental expression is absolutely essential at times when neither can find words. And it means so much more than mere words anyway. And sometimes I think that a girl who is miserly with her kisses would be miserly in affection and devotion later on. But kissing is not discussable. So there! OLD GROUCH.

* * * * *

Yes, there you are. You may and you may n't, you shall and you shan't. So take your choice.

You will do as you please, or as nearly as you can, but you should be sensible about it—as sensible as you are capable of being. You may play the fool about kissing the same as about anything else, so that it is necessary for you to exercise at least common sense and reasonable prudence. You may be able to recall occasions when you were sorry you did, and others when you were sorry you didn't.

But that is all past now, and as you are still living you may yet manage to make up for some of your shortcomings.

Anyway, let the folks know what you think of it and thus help to set the young people right. The old ones are probably confirmed in their ways, but it doesn't matter much whether they are or not, for the simple reason that they are pretty well out of the game—lapsed into an innocuous desuetude, as it were.

Journalistic.

The Beaver Argus and Radical, one of the oldest papers in western Pennsylvania, suspended publication a short time ago, but has been revived under lively management. It has just had a new press broken in a railroad accident and is getting out by courtesy of its neighbors, but will soon be in shape to give Beaver a good paper.

Tariff Revision.

From the Watertown Times.

The tariff should be revised by its friends and its best friends are those who demand it. Its worst enemies are those who pretend to be its champions and stand against the demand and declare a tariff schedule a sacred thing that must not be touched.

Fair Primaries.

From the Indianapolis Journal.

The only way to keep a united and strong Republican party in the country, and particularly in cities, is to maintain a primary system safe against fraud and so open that all party men can vote for candidates.

Talked of in New York

GEORGE C. JENKS.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, April 7.—These are the halcyon days of the real estate man who deals principally in suburban property. There are two or three prominent firms in lower New York that seldom transact business in anything but "country homes." They have a large clientele in West Chester and up-Hudson villages, with a fair grasp on desirable lots and broad acres over the Jersey hills. With the first whistle of the robin in New York parks the flat dweller becomes restless and thinks that it would be pleasant to set up his household goods where grass is plentiful all summer and a commuters' monthly ticket can be bought for a little more than a $5 bill. The real estate man is sure that is the sensible idea. So it is that the business in suburban property is rushing just now, with the prospects of a larger exodus of New Yorkers to outlying villages than has been seen for many a spring. Of course the demand for flats is as large as usual. The population of the metropolis is increasing so rapidly that homes for everybody is not an easy thing to arrange, even with the suburban assistance on every hand. Every railroad and trolley line running out of Manhattan is bidding for the patronage of business men who are panting for the fresh air of the country, and rents and prices for country homes are on the rise. One enthusiastic real estate dealer said to me this afternoon that when the river tunnels and the rapid transit railroad were thoroughly in operation there would be hardly anyone in Manhattan after 5 o'clock in the evening.

Completion of Subway in Sight.

We have got over wondering when the subway will be finished. So many stations are finished or nearly so and there are so many miles of the tunnel ready for use that New Yorkers have quite made up their minds that they will be riding on the cars by next January. One of the gratifying evidences of the approaching completion of the work is the fact that so many streets which were torn up for two years are at last restored to their normal state. Forty-second street, between Sixth avenue and Broadway, is one of the most noticeable. Some of the merchants along there say the subway operations have cost them $100,000 in loss of trade.

How the Color Line Was Drawn.

There are more ways than one of drawing the color line. A negro and his wife were driving comfortably through Central park on Sunday afternoon. Their rig was not a stylish one and their horse had seen earlier and perhaps better days. Still, if the equipage had been on a side street it would not have attracted particular attention. As it was it shocked the owners of the handsome carriages and fine horses in the drive and before the unfortunate colored man realized his trouble his horse had been seized and he and his wife toted off to a police station to answer a charge of "cruelty to animals." What business had this negro in Central park, anyhow?

Three-Cent Fare Agitation Again.

The agitation for a three-cent car fare has broken out in New York again. It is always slumbering and occasionally, as in Detroit, it gets a trial. School children, it is held, should ride free. It hardly need be said that these are not the sentiments of the railway companies, who maintain that they find it difficult to make ends meet with a five-cent fare. Still, New Yorkers are in great hope that when the rapid transit railway has relieved the pressure of traffic, at least temporarily, something may be devised that will stop the continual friction between the traction companies and the public.

Vanderbilts at Variance.

One of the bits of gossip in connection with the forthcoming wedding of Reginald C. Vanderbilt and Miss Cathleen Neilson is that the breach between some of the members of the Vanderbilt family has not been healed. Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt are in Europe so that when it became necessary to write the wedding invitations it was easy to leave out the name of the eldest son of the family and his wife without much remark. Smart people are saying, however, that there have been other names omitted from the list which have a special significance, and the gossip on the subject in clubs and boudoirs is of a particularly interesting nature.

Where the Dividends Are.

Reverting again to the always interesting topic, street car accommodation and the lack of it, one hears often quoted the alleged remark of Charles T. Yerkes, that "the dividends are in the straps." Whether Mr. Yerkes ever said this or not there is obviously truth in it, and it is that very truth which has started anew the crusade against crowded cars in Greater New York.

Common People Rebel.

Golf should be a peaceful game. It is usually considered so by its votaries, even if a player does happen to get mad and crack some one over the head with a cleek or driver, as happened over in Jersey a short time ago. But there is trouble in Manhattan over the public golf links of Van Cortlandt park. Anyone may play golf there, if he can find room, as the guest of the city, and the privilege is appreciated by many people. But now comes the New York Golf club with a set of rules which it desires to enforce and the common people are up in arms against them. So even the gentle diversion of golf breeds ill-humor, it seems, more's the pity.

American League Grounds.

Now that plans of the grounds of the American league in New York have been made public, it is apparent that the field will leave the old Polo grounds far in the rear. Baseball is always popular in New York, and evidently when the American leaguers get to work in their new enclosure at One Hundred and Sixty-fifth street, the attractions for "rooters" and "fans" will be as great as ever were offered at the Polo grounds.

Police Not Afraid of Spooks.

Now that the police have taken to raiding spiritualistic seances on Sunday night on the plea that the "manifestations" are nothing more or less than theatrical performances, Mr. Funk and other prominent citizens who have been brought into the presence of departed friends by the aid of mediums will be afraid to tell of their experiences, much less throw themselves in the way of them on Sundays. The police administration of Greater New York has no reverence for anything, no matter how shivery and spookish it may be.

Officially Declared Clean.

The Tenderloin precinct is declared by its captain to be "clean." This is good news, for there are as many tough looking men and women to be seen in Herald Square and along Broadway and Sixth avenue any evening about 10 or 11 o'clock as ever there were in the eyes of a casual observer. It may be that the gambling houses are closed and that the Haymarket and similar resorts are conducted in a decent way. But if Pittsburghers contemplating a visit to Gotham expect to find everything tightly closed, it is to be feared they will be disappointed.

Pittsburghers in New York.

The following Pittsburgners are registered at the New York hotels today:

Waldorf-Astoria.
H. L. Graves.
J. R. Dilworth.
D. W. Dilworth.
W. L. Clause.
C. W. Brown.
W. F. McCook.
W. H. Donner.

Manhattan.
James S. Kuhn.
Mrs. Kuhn.
W. T. Klein.
George H. Christy.
J. H. Reed.
Mrs. Reed.
William N. Follansbee.

Holland.
Mrs. W. W. Swarts.
David Dunlop.
Mrs. W. McC. Grafton.
Miss Eleanor P. Chow.
Thomas Patterson.
J. D. Callery.
Mrs. Callery.
T. C. Carson.

Barlington.
Charles Weidman

Union Square.
J. Cornett.

Fifth Avenue.
G. A. Knapp.
William C. Corlin.

Hoffman.
L. R. Whyte.

Imperial.
J. W. Jenks.
Mrs. Jenks.
Ada Jenks.
W. H. Jenks.
Reymond Jenks.
Miss Catherine Hawley.
Miss Frances Hawley.
Joseph Hawley.
George H. Sopic.
Mrs. Sopic.

Broadway Central.
M. Lando.
E. Siefmmerch.
C. Gold.
A. Joseph.
J. S. Leard.

St. Denis.
M. G. Royce.
Miss Alice B. Royce.
A. H. Keith.
W. Douglas.

Rapid Transit Problem.

CONDITIONS WHICH MUST BE SATISFIED IN PITTSBURGH.

To the Editor of The Gazette:

Sir—

1. The law of evolution governs the facilities for passenger travel in cities, returns on investment being an important controlling factor; the rotation being as follows: Horse cars, cable cars and electric cars on surface roads, elevated roads and lastly subways.

2. A rapid transit system must be a bankable scheme; that is, prospective revenues must be sufficient to pay interest on cost of system.

3. It should serve the most populous sections and connect the objective points by the shortest direct route, giving quick service.

4. Its patrons must be well distributed, or collected, in the downtown section of the city, and thus accomplish its primary object of relieving congestion at all points in said section.

5. The efficiency of a rapid transit system must be measured solely by its downtown facilities for handling the passengers, especially at the evening rush.

6. The topography of a city, the width of its streets, etc., in the downtown section, the relative elevation of water and its variation in the adjoining water courses to that of its streets all have important bearing on the selection of any particular method of construction of a rapid transit system.

7. Whatever system is feasible or practicable for the downtown section usually governs the rest of the system.

8. An elevated is somewhat unsightly to a city, but certainly more pleasant to the passengers than a subway. An elevated is somewhat noisy to people dwelling along its line, but not more so than surface lines running as many cars. A subway is by far the noisiest to the passengers. A subway is unhealthy with its chill, damp air, laden with poisonous gases, especially in summer time when the outside air is warm and dry, when an elevated is not only healthier in itself, but by its moving cars produces purifying air currents through the streets. A subway is more dangerous to life and limb than an elevated; is subject to bursting of sewers and water and gas mains, etc.; and when running under water level is subject to flooding from adjoining water courses.

9. The stairways to an elevated road obstruct the sidewalks much less than those of a subway, and to find satisfactory locations for such stairways in the downtown section of a city, where streets usually are narrow and private right-of-way is costly, becomes a matter of serious consideration.

10. The cost of construction of a subway is from two to three times as great as of an elevated, and the cost of a subway in the narrow downtown streets, with their complex underground work of sewers, pipes of all kinds, etc., etc., high buildings and poor foundations and heavy street traffic is very excessive.

11. Referring particularly to rapid transit for Pittsburgh the first consideration, and one that is imperative, is to relieve the downtown surface car congestion, which can only be done by taking the cars off the streets and running them on an elevated or underground road, making a loop or loops. The passenger congestion on the present cars in outer sections of the city where there is no congestion of cars or in the street traffic can be remedied with additional cars whenever said cars can be accommodated downtown; it being out of the question to take care of so many additional cars on the surface in the downtown section.

12. In the downtown section of Pittsburgh an elevated road is by far more feasible and practical than a subway; in fact, a subway is nearly prohibitive there; as it would be below the flood stage of the rivers, which frequently flood some of the streets; as the streets are so narrow that the sewers would have to be rebuilt under the subway, or under the sidewalks, now mostly occupied by the abutting properties, in either case requiring pumping of sewage at several points on the route; as some of the entrances to stations must be raised above the street grade and several of them would be located on private right-of-way; as it would be the terminal of the system, always crowded with people, its flooding would amount to a catastrophe, and lastly its great cost.

13. An elevated road is, undoubtedly, the best solution for the relief of the downtown section, and being the key to the situation in Pittsburgh, what is most practical there should be satisfactory for the balance of the city.

14. A downtown elevated offers easy connections for elevated roads in all the lowlands of the valleys and across the bridges, and also to the East End section; the best route, both as to construction and the number of people it will serve, being out Liberty avenue, Penn avenue, Frankstown avenue, Bennett street, Wood street to Wilkinsburg.

15. A route out Second avenue will serve the Monongahela valley, and a cross town route about on the line of the Pittsburgh Junction railroad will advantageously connect the routes of the two river valleys.

16. However, should a subway to the East End section be preferred, the shortest and best route is from about Seventh avenue and Webster street, there connecting to the downtown elevated loop, and running on the line of Wylie avenue to Crafg street and South Atlantic avenue. Any other tunnel route through the central hill district being longer; the longest being the one running under Locust and Allequippa streets to the above eastern point, or the latter fully one-half mile longer than the former.

17. But whatever the route of the tunnel, a downtown elevated loop is necessary to distribute and collect the passengers and make the system bankable.

18. The extension of the system from above-mentioned eastern point is also a matter of great importance. If on the surface, the rapid transit, or time feature, is very much minimized. If in a subway, the cost will be largely increased, and it will not so readily and fully reach the most populous or "nickel" sections as will the above outlined elevated route to Wilkinsburg.

19. Any tunnel route will serve the downtown section only and does not reach the Allegheny river lowlands, above Eleventh street, which are growing fast in importance as the best location for the smaller manufacturing establishments; the great number of people working there requiring rapid transit facilities, which would be given by the Liberty avenue, etc., elevated route, at the same time it would admirably serve the downtown section.

20. Granting that the Liberty avenue, etc., elevated is the route most needed, and in every way most feasible, but also admitting that the Craig and Center or Bellefield district require rapid transit facilities, same can best be accomplished, and practically at once, by the Grant boulevard surface route; and that can be done without materially affecting the very small carriage and wagon travel on same by laying the tracks close to the hillside and separating same from the roadway by a fence.

ENGINEER.

IT IS TO SMILE.

Noah and Shem, taking their first walk from the stranded ark, came upon a beautiful little pool on Mount Ararat, in which some gorgeous trout were disporting themselves.

"What a splendid place to fish!" said Shem, delightedly.

"Bully!" acquiesced Noah, who had lived on salt cod till he was tired of it; "but, dash it all, we've only got two worms."—Sporting Times.

"Br'er Williams says he want to go to glory in a chariot er fire."

"Yes; he wants ter git climated 'fore he gits dar."—Atlanta Constitution.

"Ha, ha!" laughed the first street railway magnate, who was going through his mail. "Here's a funny letter."

"What is it?" asked the second street railway magnate.

"Oh, the usual bunch of complaints about the service," explained the first speaker; "but it is signed 'A patron of 20 years' standing.'"—Judge.

Johnny—I like my dad, coz he ain't selfish.

Miss Primmer—I'm glad to hear you speak well of your father.

John

AX WAS PUT AWAY FOR JUST ONE DAY

No Dismissals from the Police Bureau, but a Few Appointments and Reinstatements.

WHITEHOUSE GOES BACK

Receives His Former Position as Inspector in the Fourth District—Rush of Applicants for Jobs as Patrolmen.

There was somewhat of a lull in the lightning changes in the police bureau yesterday. Only a few men were appointed or reinstated, and none was dismissed.

Police Inspector Henry Whitehouse, who was discharged from the force by Former Superintendent John McAleese, was reinstated and assigned to his old district, the Fourth, in Oakland. Harry Merit, who was removed as a detective, was restored to the payroll and donned a patrolman's uniform. Miss Coulson, who resigned as a police telephone operator, was back at her old place yesterday.

Roy Fraker, clerk to the superintendent of police, resigned Saturday night, but yesterday Supt. McTighe sent for him and after the two had talked together Fraker went back to his old position. He had in the meantime obtained employment with the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad Company, and had put in a day's work for his new employer. Andrew Terry, a colored policeman, and Thomas McCabe, patrolman, dismissed on Saturday, were reinstated.

WILL NOT CONCEAL CHANGES.

Earlier in the day Supt. McTighe had said that in future no public announcements would be made of the new appointments or reinstatements. Last night he reconsidered the matter, and said he would give out appointments for publication. It is understood that Inspector Robert S. Gray will be reinstated, although he may not be assigned to the district he formerly commanded.

When Dr. A. E. McCandless, city physician, went to his office to hold the physical examinations of applicants for appointments on the police bureau, he was surprised at the number of patriots waiting for him. Formerly applicants were very few, but yesterday more than 100 men were in line. The doctor had to get two policemen to keep order and prevent the more eager ones from taking some other men's places in the line. The doctor had time to examine only 43 men, and the others were put off until today.

BETTER CLASS OF MEN.

Dr. McCandless said the appearance of the men compared very favorably with any he had examined during the last two years, and much better in appearance than the last batch of applicants examined. The mental examination will be held tomorrow at 9:30 a. m. in the common council chamber.

There seems to be a rush at present to get on the police force. Millmen, journeymen carpenters and bricklayers are among the number. The pay of a policeman is $3 a day, and for every day he does not work his wages are docked, while bricklayers are now earning $3 a day and work at least 10 months in the year, and probably longer. They earn $30 in six days, while the policemen earn $21 in seven days, yet the policeman's lot seems to the bricklayers the more desirable.

The Death Roll.

Antone Krut, Sr.

Antone Krut, Sr., aged 73 years, a prominent resident of the South Side, is dead at his late residence, Amanda and Mt. Oliver streets. Mr. Krut was at the head of the firm of A. Krut & Son. He had been associated with the German Saving & Deposit bank for 20 years, and was a director of that institution for the past 12 years. Mr. Krut was born at Nolder Schaffernheim, Alsace-Lorraine, in 1830. He came directly to Pittsburgh in 1849, continuing his trade as wagonmaker, and went into business for himself in 1854, at Tunnel and Forbes streets. He continued in this location for five years, when the establishment was moved to South Fourteenth street, where the present plant of A. Krut & Son is located.

Mr. Krut married Theresia Miller in 1855, and is survived by her and by six children: Mrs. Mary C. Blank of Beaver, Miss Theresia Krut, who resides with her mother; John A., who was in business with his father; Anton, a florist of Butler; Albert, an engineer living on the South Side, and Charles, who has charge of his father's farm near Rochester, where all of the children were raised. The funeral services will be held at 8 o'clock this morning at St. Michael's Roman Catholic church, of which Mr. Krut was one of the earliest members. The interment will take place at Rochester, Pa.

Miss Jenie Dunn.

Miss Jennie Dunn, aged 32 years, died yesterday evening, after a week's illness. She was the daughter of James Dunn of Shaw avenue, McKeesport. Miss Dunn was a graduate of Beaver college and was an accomplished amateur artiste and prominent in society. She was a member of the First Methodist Episcopal church. She is survived by her parents and two brothers, W. W. Dunn, manager of the National Biscuit Company of Pittsburgh, and Dr. E. M. Dunn, at the National Soldiers' Home, Dayton, O. Funeral services will be held at the family home tomorrow at 7:30 p. m. Interment will take place Friday morning at 10 o'clock in Versailles cemetery.

Mrs. Mary Peebles.

Mrs. Mary Peebles, 79 years old, widow of George Peebles, one of the oldest and wealthiest residents of the Twenty-second ward, died last evening at her home, 7508 Penn avenue, after a short illness of acute rheumatism. Mrs. Peebles had been a resident of the East End for many years. Peebles street, which divides Wilkinsburg from Pittsburgh, took its name from the family. Mrs. Peebles is survived by two sons, George E. and William Peebles, and one daughter, Mrs. Ringwalt, wife of Henry Ringwalt, leader of the Ringwalt Choir union.

Judson Holcomb.

Judson Holcomb, the first Republican to be elected to the state legislature from Bradford county, Pa., is dead at Towanda, Pa., aged 84. In 1854 he was elected to the legislature as a Whig and was re-elected as a Republican. He served as index clerk of the house of representatives at Washington from 1863 to 1864. He was one of the founders and for 20 years the editor of the Bradford Republican.

Obituary Notes.

Benjamin N. McCoy, 82 years old, died yesterday morning at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Nelson Davis, No. 33 St. Thomas street, South Side.

William S. Allen of Washington, Pa., is dead at his home, aged 71.

Mrs. Edna C., wife of Frank F. Brats, died at her home in New Castle, Pa., after a short illness.

Mrs. A. C. Merck, Sr., aged 78, of Warren, Pa., is dead at the home of her son, Dr. A. C. Merck of Oil City.

Robert C. Beacon, aged 53, a traveling man of New Castle, Pa., died at the hospital here of typhoid fever.

Mrs. Albert Fyrenbach of New Castle, Pa., died Monday night, aged 21. She is survived by her husband and twin sons but a few days old.

Edward J. Meiers, 27 years old, son of John P. and Kate S. Meiers, died yesterday at the family residence in Mountain avenue, Lower St. Clair township.

A. W. Adam, formerly proprietor of the Brockwayville (Pa.) Record, and father of the present publishers of that paper, died yesterday at his home, aged 73.

William B. Stewart, 62 years old, died yesterday at his home in Robinson township, where funeral services will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Emanuel Geiser, 45 years old, died yesterday afternoon at his home in West Deer township. The funeral will be held from his late home Friday afternoon at 1 o'clock.

Mrs. Martha Ashton, widow of Thomas L. Ashton of New Castle, Pa., died suddenly yesterday of heart disease. She was 73 years old and was born in New Brighton, Pa.

Mrs. Mary Laing Blair, 60 years old, widow of George Blair, is dead at her home, Main and Geneva streets. She was a native of Ireland and is survived by three sisters and three brothers.

Ludwig Schmidt, 60 years old, a veteran of the civil war, is dead at his home, No. 1 Tremont alley, Troy Hill, Allegheny, in which city he resided for 32 years. His widow and 10 children survive.

Mrs. Kate Martin, wife of ex-County Commissioner T. C. Martin of Westmoreland county, died at West Newton, Pa., Monday, aged 40. She had been undergoing treatment at the McKeesport Hospital.

David Moran died yesterday morning at his home, No. 5402 Butler street. He was a member of St. Kilsania's Roman Catholic church in Fifty-fourth street. Two sons, Edward and Patrick Moran, survive.

Peter Stuckl, 69 years old, a former postmaster at Port Perry, is dead at his home at Stuckl, near Port Royal. He was a native of Berne, Switzerland, and is survived by his widow and six daughters.

Mrs. Margaret D. Lusk Cline, 81 years old, widow of William Cline, formerly jailer at Greensburg, Pa., died yesterday morning at the home of her son-in-law, Charles R. Kee, No. 1908 Webster avenue.

Mrs. Sarah Leonard, 78 years old, wife of Hugh Leonard, died yesterday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. John H. Armstrong, No. 822 Wineliddle avenue, Allegheny. Funeral services will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Mrs. Jane Dignam Kelley, widow of William Kelley, aged 70 years, died Monday night at the residence of her sister, No. 2513 Jane street. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon with services at the Holy Cross Catholic church.

Mrs. Harriet Patterson, 32 years old, daughter of William S. Patterson of West Homestead, died early yesterday morning of typhoid fever. Besides her parents two sisters, the Misses Lizzie and Myrtle, and one brother, Harry Patterson survive.

Ole Brauder Oleson, aged 47, editor of the Norwegian Prohibitionist newspaper Reform, former member of the national committee of the Prohibition party and nominee for congressman and lieutenant-governor in past campaigns, died at Eau Claire, Wis., yesterday. He was a lecturer of note.

SNYDER WATER SNAKE APPEARS IN NEW FORM

HARRISBURG, PA., April 7.—(Special.)—While the Snyder snake bill is reported as dead in committee, a similar measure was presented in the house late tonight by Representative Curry of Philadelphia. It differs only from the Snyder bill in that the references to water works are eliminated. The features relating to gas works and electric light plants are the same provisions relating to the sale or lease of gas works with the privilege of giving a monopoly for not more than 50 years.

Miss Knox Returns Home.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—Miss Knox, Attorney General Knox's sister, who has been visiting him and Mrs. Knox at their home in K street, returned today to Pittsburgh.

A vigorous growth and the original color given to the hair by Parker's Hair Balsam. Hindercorns, the best cure for corns. 15cts.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try

Jell-O,

a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day. 10 cts.

DEATHS.

ADAMS—Suddenly, on Monday, April 6, 1903, at 7 a. m., CALVIN K., youngest son of Robert and Jane Adams.

Funeral from the family residence, 1722 Sarah street, South Side, on Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment private.

BLAIR—On Monday, April 6, 1903, at 1 a. m., MARY ANNE, widow of George Blair, in her 70th year.

Funeral services at her late residence, No. 847 Main street, on Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment private.

DUFF—On Thursday April 2, 1903, at 10 p. m., at Phoenix, Ariz., ALFRED R. DUFF, in his 50th year.

Funeral from his late residence, South Sixteenth and Birmingham streets, Pittsburgh. Notice of date hereafter.

FITZPATRICK—On Sunday, April 5, 1903, at 5 p. m., at his residence, Eighth and Carson streets, THOMAS, husband of the late Julia Fitzpatrick (nee Kirwin), aged 58 years.

Funeral on Wednesday morning at 8:30 o'clock. High mass at St. John's church, Fourteenth street, South Side, at 9. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

GEISER—On Tuesday, April 7, 1903, at 3 p. m., EMANUEL GEISER, in his 48th year.

Funeral from his late residence in West Deer township, on Friday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

KELLEY—On Monday, April 6, 1903, at 11:50 p. m., JANE DIGNAN, widow of William Kelley, aged 70 years.

Funeral from the residence of her sister, Mrs. Farman, 2513 Jane street, South Side, on Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Services at Holy Cross church at 2:30. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

LEONARD—On Tuesday, April 7, 1903, at 2:35 p. m., SARAH, wife of Hugh Leonard, in her 78th year.

Funeral services at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. John H. Armstrong, 822 Wineliddle avenue, on Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment private.

MEIERS—On Tuesday, April 7, 1903, at 12:30 p. m., at the family residence, Mountain avenue, Lower St. Clair township, EDWARD J., son of John P. and Kate Souller Meiers, aged 26 years, 10 months, 19 days.

Funeral from the family residence on Thursday afternoon at 1 o'clock.

PATTERSON—On Tuesday, April 7, 1903, at 12:10 a. m., at the home of her parents, 310 Eighth avenue, West Homestead, Pa., HARRIETT A. J., eldest daughter of William S. and Mary Patterson.

Funeral services at St. Mary Magdalen's Roman Catholic church Homestead, Pa., on Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

STEWART—Suddenly, on April 7, at 4 a. m., WILLIAM B. STEWART, in his 63d year.

Funeral from his late residence, Robinson township, on Thursday, April 9, at 2 o'clock. Carriages will leave Speer's livery stable, McKees Rocks, at 12:30.

THOMPSON—On Monday, April 6, 1903, at 2 p. m., at his residence, No. 73 Mellon street, JAMES A., beloved husband of Callie L. Thompson (nee Gothhart), in his 38th year.

Funeral on Thursday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from St. Luke's Protestant Episcopal church, Pearl street. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

WHITE—On Tuesday, April 7, at 10:25 p. m., MRS. ANNA WHITE, in her 87th year.

Funeral services from the residence of her son-in-law, J. C. Dickey, Academy street, Carnegie, Pa., today at 7:30 p. m. Interment at Greenville, Pa., on Thursday at 2 p. m.

FLORAL EMBLEMS.
A. M. MURDOCH,
Tel. 2252. 350 Fifth Avenue.

99½ Per Cent Pure
Banner Baking Powder
Always the Best

A GRATEFUL LETTER.

"I want to thank you for what your Catarrh Balm did for me. I was bothered with catarrh and after the first application my headache disappeared and I could breathe freely through my nostrils for the first time in six months. I continued the use of the balm until I used about one and one-half jars of it, when I was cured and now I don't know what it is to have headache or cold in the head, as I had all of the time before."

F. O. Heaton, 217 High St., Hamilton, Ohio, Dec. 10th, 1902.

For a two-cent stamp Pretzinger Bros., Chemists, Dayton, O., will send a free sample of Pretzinger's Catarrh Balm. This remedy will prove and is guaranteed to do more good and to cure in less time, for less money and trouble, than any other medicine or treatment obtainable. A trial will convince any one of its merits. For sale by druggists or mailed for 50c for full sized jars.

FOR CATARRHAL INDIGESTION

Pe-ru-na is a Specific.

Congressman Thompson Says: "I Highly Recommend Its General Use."

Men of prominence all over the United States are commending Peruna.

Over fifty members of our National Congress have either used Peruna themselves or noted its benefit to the extent that they do not hesitate to give it public indorsement.

No other remedy in the world ever received such honorable and unqualified indorsement.

Governors, Mayors, Generals, Admirals, Consuls and scores of other government officials speak in high praise of it.

Thousands of people in the humbler walks of life rely upon it as a family medicine. Send for a free book of testimonials.

Mr. Chas. W. Thompson, Member of Congress, Fifth Alabama District, writes from Washington, D. C.:

"My cashier has used your Peruna for indigestion with the most unexampled and beneficial results, and I cannot too highly or earnestly recommend its general use." —Chas. W. Thompson.

Indigestion is most always followed by catarrh of the stomach.

There is no use of taking remedies to palliate indigestion.

There is no use calling it dyspepsia and then taking pepsin and other remedies to produce artificial digestion.

The only rational procedure is to cure the catarrh of the stomach. The catarrh once cured indigestion disappears, and there is no more dyspepsia. Taking artificial digestants is simply temporizing with the difficulty. In this way valuable time is lost while the catarrh is fastening itself stronger and stronger upon the mucous membrane of the stomach.

A very short course of treatment with Peruna is sufficient to cure these cases. Peruna is recommended by the highest authorities and the most conspicuous people in the land.

Congressman Botkin Cured of Catarrh by Pe-ru-na After Twenty-five Years of Suffering.

In a recent letter to Dr. Hartman, Congressman Botkin, of Kansas, whose fame is a national one, says of Peruna:

My Dear Doctor—"It gives me pleasure to certify to the excellent curative qualities of your medicines, Peruna, and Manalin. I have been afflicted more or less for a quarter of a century with catarrh of the stomach and constipation. A residence in Washington has increased these troubles. A few bottles of your medicine has given me almost complete relief, and I am sure that a continuation of them will effect a permanent cure. Peruna is surely a wonderful remedy for catarrhal affections." —J. D. Botkin.

Hon. J. D. Botkin.

Margaret J. Moore, 252 Garside street, Newark, N. J., writes: "I had dyspepsia so badly that I could not take a drink of water without suffering severe pain, or could not eat anything without bringing on dyspepsia. I took one bottle of your Peruna three months ago and can eat anything without suffering at all. I am as well as I ever was."

Mr. Edward E. Conn, 315 Woodward street, Jersey City, N. J., writes:

"I have had stomach trouble for three years up to one and one-half years ago, when I first started with Peruna. After taking one bottle I found relief, so I kept on with Peruna, for I was glad that I had found a remedy that would cure me. Every bottle I took made me feel better. When I began taking Peruna I only weighed 110 pounds, and now I weigh 160 pounds. I owe my health to Peruna, and highly recommend it to those who are suffering from catarrh."

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

B. & B.
spring millinery

There is not the shadow of a doubt that out of this vast and varied collection, you will find a Hat, Toque or Bonnet to exactly meet your requirements, whether you come today, tomorrow, or when.

But, it may be that what you decide upon will require some making, and you know this will be a busy week up to the last minute, therefore, if you want it to wear Easter Sunday, kindly give the matter attention early.

Fine showing of new Trimmed Hats, ready to put on and wear $5.00 to $15.00.

Paris Models, $25.00 to $50.00.

Large collection of choice new Hats for Misses and Children.

white petticoats

Two propositions you'll find profitable.

One gives you fine Cambric Petticoat with 12-inch flounce—3 rows of one-inch Val. Lace Insertion and a Val. Lace edge—two lace trimmed dust ruffles—for $2.00—easily equal to usual $3.00 ones.

The other allows you choice of two remarkable styles for $3.50.

Cambric with elaborate Lawn Flounce formed with 24 vertical rows of Pointe de Paris Lace tucked between—two deep Lace Flounces and a dust ruffle.

The other at $3.50 is finer and not so fancy—a great chance at the price.

new shoes

Spring styles in such variety as you'll find it a pleasure to select from.

We feel we have practically to establish a new business in regard to Shoes.

Therefore, variety, styles and price are given more than usual attention, so as to be sure to win your preference.

Look at the line of Ladies' Shoes offered here at $3.50.

Vici Kid, Ideal Kid, Dull Mat and Bright Dongola.

Military, Cuban, Common Sense and Opera Heel.

Welt and Turn Soles.

Compare the details of manufacture and material with any others you've seen at that price.

Ladies' new Spring Shoes, $2.00 to $7.00.

Three Dollars is a strong price — see what splendid Shoes you get at that.

Ladies' new Oxford Shoes, $1.50 to $6.00.

Special light weight Patent Colt Dress Oxfords, $2.25.

Fine Ideal Kid Oxfords, $3.50.

men's shoes

Great values in Patent Colt—Button or Lace—$3.50 and $5.00

—very latest lasts, and style and quality you'll promptly appreciate.

Men's new Spring Shoes, $1.25 to $6.00.

Men's new Oxfords—Velour Calf, Vici Kid and Wax Calf, $3.50 to $5.00.

Splendid new Patent Colt Oxford, $3.50.

a glove wonder

Fine, soft, perfect fitting White Real Kid Gloves, $1.00 a pair.

Best thing this Glove Store ever did.

Price, and the article carefully and critically compared and considered, it's extraordinary.

Same thing, Black, Brown, Mode, Beaver or Tan.

Two-clasp.

dress goods and suitings

New and stylish Woolens, $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50—assortments and values that show why this business grows extensively each successive month.

London Tailorings, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50—tone and distinctive character in each and every example.

Paris Dress Goods—Voiles, Crepes and Twines—50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50—test the store's claims to superior assortments and less prices—by seeing the present offering of these dressy and fashionable fabrics.

Imported Scotch Mixtures, 44 inches wide, 50c—stylish effect.

If you see, you'll see how much per yard you can save.

Imported Flecked Voiles — Navy and White and Black and White, 75c—superior texture and style—opportunity to save 25 cents a yard.

BOGGS & BUHL, Allegheny.

HASLAGE'S

NOW AT

723-725 Liberty St.

CORNER EIGHTH STREET.

While we are making rapid headway in shaping up all the details of our new store we ask our patrons' indulgence for a few days until we get things in perfect shape. Before next Saturday we'll have the cleanest, best equipped Grocery store in Pittsburgh. Orders are now being filled and your patronage promptly cared for, but you'll be doubly pleased with the store's service and convenience after this week.

Attractive Prices This Week

OLIVES, OLIVE OIL AND IMPORTED SARDINES.

WM. HASLAGE & SON,

723-725 LIBERTY STREET, CORNER EIGHTH ST.

Formerly 18 Diamond Square.

(WHAT YOU DON'T KNOW WON'T HURT YOU.)

SAFE AS SLEEP.

Veg-o-zon

for the painless extraction of teeth—from one to twenty teeth extracted absolutely without pain or any ill effects—made and used only by us—try it.

Best Teeth, $8

Gold Crowns AND Bridge Work, $5

The Best Work and Material.

Silver Fillings.....75c
Teeth Cleaned.....75c

Established and in practice here over ten years.

New York Dentists

Corner Sixth and Liberty,

Open Nights till 9. Sundays, 10 to 3.

Not Hungry

when you should be means disordered nerves, which, will lead to nervous prostration. Dr. Miles' Nervine is guaranteed to benefit you or money refunded. Book on nerves sent free. Dr. Miles Medical Co. Elkhart, Ind.

WE LOVELESS SHOE CO. SHOES 617 PENN AVENUE

THAT PAINT

Which puts off for the longest period the necessity of repainting is the cheapest and best.

Tests prove that

JOHN W. MASURY & SON'S GOODS

Will wear better, last and look well longer than any other make.

That's Why It Pays To Use Them

We want an agent in every town—It's a paying agency—write us about it—dealers only.

BINDLEY HARDWARE CO.

General Agents,

Seventh Ave. and Grant Street.

PITTSBURGH.

OFFICE OUTFITTERS

WE SELL

DESKS

the kind that business men want.

We can fit the space you have to fill as well as the price you want to pay.

Baker Office Furniture Co.,

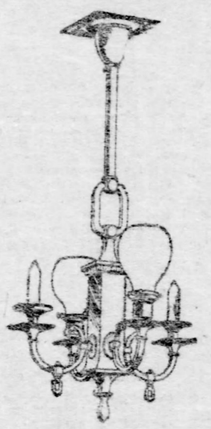
815-817 LIBERTY AVENUE.

Formerly at 309 Wood St.

Nineteen little chicks and the mother hen will be the supplement of next Sunday's Gazette.

CHANDELIERS.

LATEST DESIGNS, LARGEST STOCK, BEST PRICES.



General Lighting Appliances

WOODWORTH-EVANS CO., 112 WOOD STREET.

The Central District and Printing Telegraph Company PLACED

1503

NEW BELL TELEPHONES during the month of March.

The C. D. & P. TEL. Co.,

Tel. Grant 1793 or 1794. Tel. Bldg., Seventh Ave.

"CLEANLINESS"

Is the watchword for health and vigor, comfort and beauty. Mankind is learning not only the necessity but the luxury of cleanliness. SAPOLIO, which has wrought such changes in the home, announces her sister triumph—

HAND SAPOLIO

FOR TOILET AND BATH

A special soap which energizes the whole body, starts the circulation and leaves an exhilarating glow. All grocers and druggists.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND—THE NEW STOCK CO. This Afternoon at 2: Tonight at 8. Israel Zangwill's Great Jewish Play. CHILDREN OF THE GHETTO. Easter Week: "D'Arcy of the Guards."

AMUSEMENTS.

ALVIN TONIGHT. Mats. Wed. and Sat. HENRY W. SAVAGE presents The Reigning Comic Opera Success, "KING DODO." NEXT WEEK SEATS ON SALE TO-MORROW. VIRGINIA HARNED In PINERO'S Greatest Problem Play, "IRIS"

Harry Williams' ACADEMY Mat. & Evg. 8. AL. REEVE'S FAMOUS BIG COMPANY.

Bijou Bargain Mats. Monday, Wednesday and Saturday. Best reserved seats, 25c & 50c. THIS WEEK. WHY WOMEN SIN. Next Week—"The Heart of Maryland."

AMUSEMENTS.

CARNEGIE HALL, Pittsburgh. BURTON HOLMES LECTURES. FIVE MONDAYS AT 8 P. M.

April 13, "Portugal;" April 20, "Denmark;" April 27, "Sweden;" May 4, "Norway I;" May 11, "Norway II." COURSE TICKETS—$3.50, $2.50 and $2.00—at Mellor's, 310 Fifth ave., NOW ON SALE.

EMPIRE THIS WEEK. UP-TOWN Collins Ave Dan and Chas. A. in SUDOLPH and ADOLPH. Reached by All Street Car Lines. Mason. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.

AMUSEMENTS. ACADEMY OF SCIENCE AND ART.

Two Lectures by Prof. W. H. Dudley

Of Wisconsin State Normal and Chicago University, in the Lecture Hall of Carnegie Institute, on "Color in Nature."

TOMORROW.

All interested are invited to attend.

At 3:45 p. m. Subject, "Colors in Flowers and Fruits."

At 8:15 p. m. Subject, "Coloration of Animals."

The afternoon lecture has been specially arranged for the teachers of nature study in this vicinity, and it is hoped that they will avail themselves of it. Both lectures will be illustrated by a unique collection of colored lantern slides, many of them made by "color photography," and the processes of making them will be explained.

AVENUE FAMILY THEATER. ALL THIS WEEK. VALERIE BERGERE & CO. IN BIG ACTS. Prices—15c, 25c, 35c, 50c.

DUQUESNE—Matinee Daily Except Monday. All This Week. All Star Combination. CRESY & DAYNE. Julia Kingsley & Co., and many others.

It's all There!

Norka

The old way of cooking oats by boiling loses most of the oat flavor and does not bring out the full oat nutriment.

The full, rich oat flavor and all the nutriment of the oat is in Norka because the Norka process cooks the oats *thoroughly*, and without loss of flavor. The Norka flavor is preserved to the consumers table by the Norka air tight package.

THE NORKA FOOD CO., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

NEWS OF THE HOME AND THE SOCIETY WORLD

SOCIETY | WOMEN'S CLUBS | WOMAN'S CORNER

PREPARATIONS are now under way for the Episcopal church home fair to be held May 14. Two more meetings before that date will be held by the ladies having it in charge and at these meetings the committees will be completed.

Plans have not fully crystallized yet because of the lateness of the Lenten season and so many members of the board of managers are ill or have sickness in their families.

At a meeting of the board of managers held yesterday morning at the home, Penn avenue and Fortieth street, the Church of the Ascension was given charge of the work table. It will be conducted under the supervision of the Altar society, and a supper table will be in charge of the Ladies' Guild assisted by the King's Daughters.

The Ladies' Aid society of St. Peter's church will have a fancy table directed by Mrs. W. H. House and Mrs. George N. Monroe. Mrs. R. T. Reineman and Mrs. S. N. Benham, members of the Altar society from St. Peter's church, will also oversee a fancy work table.

Mrs. Orlando Metcalf and Miss Gormley will head the Trinity church supper table committee and Christ church will be represented by Mrs. G. V. Kimberlin, Miss Lottie Wood, Mrs. Moore and Miss Oliver. Nothing definite has been heard from Calvary church, save that Mrs. Wall and Mrs. McClurg will have charge of the supper table and Mrs. Guthrie will supervise the fancy work.

The fair will be held as usual at the Episcopal church home in Lawrenceville. There will be supper tables and tables where needlework, flowers, candies and novelties will be displayed. Tea will be served in one of the smaller reception rooms and provision will be made for the entertainment of the children as well as the older people.

Fifty Years Married.

Among the several golden wedding anniversaries celebrated recently, one of the most interesting was held last evening, when Mr. and Mrs. David Stewart Taylor gave a reception to a host of their friends in the parlor of the Bigham Street Methodist Episcopal church. The rooms were handsomely decorated in yellow, masses of flowers being intermingled with green.

Miss Mary Taylor and Mrs. W. E. Yaeger, the only living children of the host and hostess, with Mrs. David Chandler, Mrs. Elizabeth Smith and Mrs. C. M. Miller, the pastor's wife, completed the receiving party. The assistants were Mrs. Edward Hammett, Miss Margaret Hare, principal of the Birmingham school; Mrs. Albert Hammett, Mrs. James Sharon, Mrs. Bevin, Mrs. Sellers, Mrs. John Boyd, Mrs. William Sankey, Mrs. Bracken, Mrs. Caleb Davis and Mrs. H. H. Doyle. Two grandchildren, Mary Percival Yaeger and William Taylor Yaeger, have brightened the lives of the old couple.

Miss Mary A. Percival and David Stewart Taylor were quietly married on April 7, 1858 at the parsonage of the same church of which they have been members ever since. The Rev. Jeremiah L. Simpson then occupied the place now held by the Rev. C. M. Miller.

The bride and bridegroom of 50 years ago came from Elizabeth to South Pittsburgh, where they always afterward resided. Both were born in 1832, Mr. Taylor being but a few months older than his wife.

Wilson Alumnae Re-union.

A notably handsome affair was the luncheon given yesterday by the Wilson College club, at the Hotel Henry. The large dining room was filled with a bevy of girls and women, from the alumnae and undergraduates, all wearing pretty light gowns.

The luncheon was given as the fourth annual reunion of the club members, and preceding it an interesting business meeting was held. The annual election of officers was held and Mrs. Samuel W. Miller, class of '96, was elected president; Miss Mary Carr, '98 and Miss Marie Craighead, '03, first and second vice presidents; Miss Agnes Patterson, '00, secretary and treasurer.

The president, Mrs. Miller, was toastmistress, and Mrs. Frank Bowman spoke on "The Future." Miss Mary Robinson responded to "The Wilson of Today," "Success" was Miss Agnes Patterson's subject. All were very enjoyable and interesting speeches, the last being a talk on the college by H. A. Tiddle, a member of the board of trustees.

The decorations were carried out in yellow, jonquils and tulips forming an exquisite floral arrangements. The menu was printed in silver and bore the seal of the college stamped in silver.

Dinner for the D'Amodios.

Mrs. William L. Abbott of Morewood avenue, Shadyside, gave a handsome dinner last evening in honor of the Marquis and Marquise D'Amodio of Florence, Italy. The dinner was a very handsome affair, conducted at Mrs. Abbott's beautiful home. Covers were laid for 12 and the guests included a few friends of Mrs. Abbott, together with some from the circle of old friends of the marquise, who is a former Pittsburgh girl.

The decorations were all in white with touches of green here and there. Lilacs were the flowers used. White flowers were selected in compliment to the honor guests, whose wedding was celebrated in London, February 4.

They leave next week for their Italian home, the Villa Stone, in Florence, where the social season is only now opening.

Interest in the Benefit Matinee.

A great deal of interest has been taken in the benefit matinee which will be given this afternoon at the Alvin for the Nurses' Alumnae association. There will be box parties and parties of friends throughout the house, giving a social character to the matinee.

A Bellevue At Home.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Smith of Harrison avenue, Bellevue, gave an at home to about 50 of their friends last evening. The guests were from Bellevue almost exclusively.

THE lecture committee of the educational department of the Civic club has announced its schedule of lectures and lecturers and also the dates and places where the lectures will be delivered this spring. A great deal of interest has been taken in this feature of the work of the educational department and the committee has tried to cover as wide a district as possible, presenting the lectures also where they will be most needed. The schedule is as follows:

April 10—Franklin school, Dr. F. H. Wade, "Mormonism and the Mormons."
April 13—Soho, Dr. David Breed, "Mountains of the East and West."
April 15—Woolslair, Prof. S. M. Kintner, "Optical Illusions."
April 17—Bane, Dr. F. H. Wade, "Mormons and Mormonism."
April 20—Fifth Ward, Allegheny, Prof. Fred Webster, "Coming and Going of the Birds."
April 20—Allen, Robert D. McConnigle, "Touch Life and West."
April 23—Franklin, the Rev. C. M. Miller, D. D., "India."
April 24—Soho, Dr. Wade, "Mormons and Mormonism."
April 27—Woolslair, Dr. G. W. Allyn, Illustrated talk.
April 29—Bane, Prof. Webster, "Birds."
April 30—Soho, Dr. Allyn, Illustrated talk.
May 1—Woolslair, Dr. Wade, "Mormons and Mormonism."
May 6—Bane, Dr. Allyn, Illustrated talk.
May 8—Allen, Dr. Wade, "Mormons and Mormonism."
May 8—Franklin, the Rev. N. H. Holmes, D. D., "How Some Oaks from Acorns Grow."
May 14—Fifth Ward, Allegheny, the Rev. Dr. Holmes, war stories.
May 15—Allen, Prof. Webster, "Coming and Going of the Birds."

Memorial Meeting.

The Woman's club met yesterday afternoon in memory of Mrs. Theresa Jacobs, one of the former presidents of the club and a prominent member for many years. Mrs. Jacobs was the leader appointed for yesterday, and her death has occurred since the previous meeting of the club. The program arranged for yesterday was laid aside and instead different members presented memorials of Mrs. Jacobs, who has been active in many ways in the work of the Woman's club. Papers were read by Mrs. Charles R. Wray, Mrs. Sarah Archer, Mrs. C. L. Wade and Mrs. E. R. Wade, in which her broad interest in club work and in philanthropy was treated. Miss Carr Reese spoke in the same strain, and others who testified to the womanliness and sincerity of character of Mrs. Jacobs were Mrs. Latimer and Mrs. Ruth Shaffer-Etnier. Mrs. James S. McKelvy read several poems which Mrs. Jacobs had written, and her farewell address presented at the rose fete in 1901, when she retired as president of the club, was read by Mrs. S. T. Rosenstock. A committee consisting of Mrs. Sarah Archer, Mrs. C. L. Wade and Miss Cara Reese was appointed to frame resolutions on the death of this member of the club.

Mrs. Jacobs was especially interested in the broader work of the Woman's club, and offered the use of rooms at the institution for the Blind in Bellefield when the club started its movement in the interest of traveling and neighborhood libraries. In this she was particularly interested, her sympathy awakened by her contact with the blind in the institution in which her husband was superintendent, making her mindful of the needs of others who were especially in need of sympathy and help.

Oakmont Club Meeting.

The Oakmont Woman's club has taken for its general subject this year, "The Study of Pennsylvania." At the regular semi-monthly meeting, held yesterday, Mrs. Stephen Clement read an instructive paper on the "Political History of Pennsylvania." A series of short talks was given by Mrs. Alexander Thomas, Mrs. S. Dan Clarke and Mrs. Ernest Levi. Mrs. William H. Cooper read an interesting paper pertaining to Pennsylvania history.

Club Notes.

The Colonial club met yesterday at the Hotel Henry and discussed the position of the educated women in Germany.

The regular monthly meeting of the Woman's Suffrage club of Wilkinsburg was held yesterday.

WAGNER'S "PARSIFAL" EXPLAINED BY DAMROSCH

Delightful Lecture Recital Given by a Music Master at the Carnegie Music Hall.

A lecture-recital on Wagner's "Parsifal" by Walter Damrosch, the well-known composer and conductor, was given on the occasion of the two hundred and ninety-sixth reception of the Art society. A large audience, including many of Pittsburgh's professional musicians, as well as those who are lovers of the art, heard the lecture with every manifestation of interest and pleasure.

Mr. Damrosch's mode of delivery, though informal, met all the requirements of the theme. He spoke with the enthusiasm of the ardent lover of Wagner and the splendid understanding of the master of music. Only this season Mr. Damrosch was selected conductor of the New York philharmonic, an organization which ranks with the Boston symphony, Mr. Damrosch has with his own orchestra often played Wagner programs here, and always to immense audiences. Therefore, his lecture held particular significance for the Pittsburgh music world.

Mr. Damrosch spoke of "Parsifal" as Wagner's "last monumental music drama, his greatest crowning work." After sketching the history of the writing of the opera, and the Wagner agitation, Mr. Damrosch told the story of the "Holy Grail," and explained in brief the principal characters of the opera. He then took up the prelude, illustrating the various themes as they occurred by means of the piano. Playing and telling the thread of the story, Mr. Damrosch went through the opera, giving a delightfully clear insight into the meaning of the music and the relations of the differing themes. Nothing more valuable to the student of Wagner has been heard in Pittsburgh this season.

PRELIMINARY CONFERENCE.

Question of Ratio Between Gold and Silver Carefully Considered.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—Secretaries Root and Shaw held a conference today with Prof. Jenks of Cornell and Charles A. Conant, United States representatives at the approaching monetary conference.

Care must be exercised in defining the powers of the delegates if formidable opposition is to be avoided. The fact that a special committee of experts is now at work in Mexico endeavoring to arrange Mexican internal monetary standards was cited as a reason for delaying the assembly of the international congress until that work is completed.

The war department has been in correspondence with Gov. Taft with reference to subsidiary coinage for the Philippine islands. Secretary Root has requested the treasury department to make arrangements for coining subsidiary silver, in the same manner as for coining the pesos. Gov. Taft has recommended the coining of 10,000,000 50-centavos, 12,500,000 20-centavos, 15,000,00 10-centavos, 10,000,000 5-centavos, 30,000,000 1-centavos, 30,000,000 ½-centavos, making a total of 60,000,000 pesos of currency.

The treasury department has purchased for Philippine coinage 1,171,300 ounces of silver at a cost of $533,002. This bullion will coin 1,432,436 pesos.

JUDGE MITCHELL TO BE UNDER CORTELYOU

AUBURN, ME., April 7.—J. W. Mitchell, judge of the municipal court, has tendered his resignation to accept a position as attorney in the bureau of corporations in the department of commerce and labor.

The summer girl will have no trouble in finding lovely muslin gowns. The chief trouble will be in trying to make a selection from the wonderful variety offered. Silk muslin is exquisitely dainty and a girl gowned in it could not be other than charming to gaze upon. A new and pretty design is shown this season. It is a little silk dot of the same color as the muslin and looks more like a gleam of light than an actual pattern. Another one shows a half-blown rose with a bit of foliage. The hue is rose pink, the leaves being a vivid green. Still another pattern shows pale pink stripes on a white background powdered with tiny clusters of forget-me-nots. Last, but not least, is a pale buff ground with a design of yellow roses and tinted leaves. They are all ravishingly pretty.

Lovely Summer Muslins.

* * *

Every girl should strive to make the best of herself physically, temperamentally and intellectually. For the body moderate, regular and well planned exercise is necessary. Exercise not only keeps a girl in health and produces color and a clear skin, but it builds up the physique, lays firm flesh over her bones and makes curves. The hair should be well brushed and dressed with some regard to the contour of the face, skull and neck. Every girl should know something of the manicure's art too, and groom her nails with skill. An erect, graceful carriage adds much to the girl's attractiveness. Backbones are given for a purpose. Gawkiness or slouchiness in standing or walking destroys tender roots of regard that may be sprouting in a man's breast. Any woman may require a good carriage by care and practice, may dress her hair prettily and have beautiful finger nails.

The Plain Girl.

* * *

There is a great deal of satisfaction in helping others, but it disappoints the benefactor, in many cases because the exaggerated gratitude which was expected was not forthcoming. True kindness or charity expects nothing in return. Have you not heard remarks like this: "When Mary was ill I was over there day and night and did everything for her. But when I had this attack of grip this spring she never came near me farther than to inquire once or twice how I was." Forthwith the aggrieved one declares that there is no such thing as gratitude and she, for one, will cease to bestow benefits where they are not appreciated. Unfortunately the speaker does not know that her well-meant kindnesses were the bane of Mary's existence, and that she very near sent her back into nervous prostration. If you cannot give of yourself or your money and time without expecting something definite in return, you are not truly giving. Let the pleasure of doing for others be sufficient, for ten to one, if you expect more, you will be disappointed.

The Real Charity.

SALLIE CARROLL.

* * *

Small terrapin servers in fire-proof china have the fitted cover simulating the top shell of the terrapin. Other servers that come with terrapin sets have only a conventional claw or a terrapin head in natural tints for distinctive mark. These sets look very practical, interesting and as if they were not so very precious as to be a charge on the owner's mind.

Odd Pieces of China.

Novel holders for mustard, for horseradish, for catsup and other relishes have covers representing turtles and the quaint heads of fishes, the expression very arch. A place for the tiny ladle to slip in is cunningly introduced under a claw or gill.

Fish sets showing seaweeds and sprays of coral, star fishes, conchs and other briny suggestions are more apt and beautiful than ever. And as accompaniment come bowls for the dressing, daintily mounted and having fish symbols and marine tokens on cover and ladle.

Olive sets decorated in floral patterns show tropical leaves and blossoms that burst into fringe about the edges like cactus flowers. These sets have the small holders to match the dish, some salver-shaped with decorative handles and others of the usual round or oval pattern.

Preparing to Remodel Old Church.

The Eleventh United Presbyterian church in the West End will be enlarged at a cost of about $6,000. The congregation numbers 150 members and the church auditorium has become too small to seat them. The church was erected in 1851. The present pastor is the Rev. W. R. Thompson. The alterations will be completed by the middle of June.

To Look Well

your blood must be pure to give your complexion that peculiar freshness which can only be obtained when your system is in good working order. Beecham's Pills will put you in condition.

Beecham's Pills

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

DON'T FORGET

the time my Chief Surgeon from New York will be at the Pittsburgh office, on Sunday, April 5th, and for the week following.

Scars, powder marks, tattoo stains, smallpox pittings and every abnormal disfiguration of the skin, can be permanently and painlessly removed by my Special Method.

If your features are irregular; if you have a crooked nose, large outstanding ears, come and see me. The office is open every week day from 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays by appointment. Consultation entirely free. Address all communications to me personally.

A. SPAN, Dermatologist,
Room 28, McClintock Bldg., Cor. Market and Liberty Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Take elevator, Fourth Floor.

FLOOR COVERINGS.

Carpetings,
Rugs,
Mattings,
Linoleums.

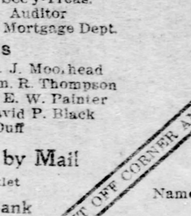
There's one decided advantage in buying here—the stock is all on the floor—You don't have to buy from samples and wait weeks to have your order filled—

We carry the largest, most complete stock of floor coverings outside of New York—We also have the best organization for serving you—There need be no delay even in the busy season—

The Carpet Stock includes every known grade from the most inexpensive to the very finest. The Rug stock covers two floors and includes thousands of pieces. The Matting stock is of our own importation—hundreds of designs and thousands of rolls—$4 a roll up. The Linoleum and Oilcloth stock includes every grade—and sufficient quantity of each to cover the largest floor space—

In addition to all this the prices are always right—

Oliver McClintock Co.,
219 FIFTH AVENUE.



MEN'S SPRING HATS.

There's a feeling of inteuse comfort and satisfaction the moment one puts on a Knox hat—
That is because of the Knox individuality—
The Knox hats are right in every particular—
The new Spring shapes are now on show—

PAULSON BROS. CO.,
441 WOOD ST.

PERSONALS

The Youngstown Car Manufacturing Company of Youngstown is arranging to equip its plant for the manufacture of steel cars. The plant at present only turns out box cars, flat cars and hoppers. Thomas Anderson, general superintendent, and A. C. Blair, secretary and treasurer, passed through the city last night for New York, where they will hold a conference with Col. Thomas M. King, former president of the Pittsburgh & Western railroad, who is a stockholder in the Youngstown plant. Mr. Anderson says that by fall the company will be turning out the modern steel equipment. The company does a great deal of repair work for the American Steel & Wire Company, the Oliver-Snyder Steel Company, the Pittsburgh & Western railroad, and the Bessemer Coke Company.

Students of the Ohio State university spent a very busy day here yesterday. In the morning they visited the Underground Cable Company and the Crucible Steel Company works. In the afternoon the Carnegie Steel works at Homestead were inspected. The Pittsburgh Alumni association of the university gave a banquet in honor of the students at the Hotel Henry last night. About 75 guests were present. U. H. Myers, president of the association, made an address of welcome, which was responded to by W. O. Thomas, president of the university. He stated that in 1900, when he took charge of the institution, there were 1,000 students enrolled; now it is teaching 1,800. He said that Pittsburgh now has more graduates than any other city in the United States. Charles F. Scott, chief electrical engineer at the Westinghouse Airbrake works, spoke on the electrical engineer. His remarks were of a technical nature. He was followed by Prof. F. C. Caldwell, in charge of the electrical department. Prof. T. L. O. Wadsworth, who is a graduate of the university, spoke on science, pure and applied. The next speaker was Prof. William T. Magruder of the mechanical department. After the banquet an informal reception was held at the Union club in the Frick building.

D. T. Wason, the attorney of this city, arrived home yesterday after his visit to Washington in connection with his recent appointment as one of the counsel to represent the United States in the settlement of the Alaskan boundary dispute between this country and Canada. Mr. Watson would not talk on the subject. While in Washington he had a conference with John Hay, secretary of state, and Attorney General P. C. Knox.

N. Roditte and N. Barnathen of Paris, France, spent yesterday in Pittsburgh, and left last night for Cincinnati. They are diamond merchants. Speaking of diamond mining, Mr. Roditte stated that the price of the precious stones would be greatly reduced within another year. Since the war in South Africa many capitalists have been spending money in opening mines, and the result will be a greater output.

Maj. Alexander McDowell of Sharon, chief clerk of the national house of representatives, went to Harrisburg last night.

William H. Andrews left last night for Washington on a business trip. Before returning he will meet Senator M. S. Quay. He reiterated his statement of a week ago that Senator Quay would remain in the senate another term.

Neighbors Visiting Pittsburgh.

Duquesne—Mrs. M. L. McGill, Miss Martha George and Miss Belle McGill, Wellsburg; A. J. Dill and wife, Harrisburg; Warren McCreary, Butler; G. A. Leidtruser, Wheeling, and J. A. Clark, Fairmont.

Henry—C. Hoeix, Youngstown; S. T. Kerr, Martins Ferry; B. M. Martin, DuBois; G. B. Flyte, Ligonier; W. J. Buchanan, Greenville; M. Kennedy, Sharon; H. H. Hitchcock, Walton; D. H. Courtney, Morgantown, and R. E. Lawrence, Wheeling.

Griswold—S. P. Hood, Youngstown; H. S. Blair, Ellwood City; Charles M. Roberts, Wheeling; A. W. Lawton, Rochester; J. P. Teagarden, Wayneburg, and W. C. Maloney, Bradford.

Monongahela House—A. J. Findley, Franklin; J. B. Masters, Coal Center; Henry G. Johnston, Brownsville; H. H. Lyon, Uniontown; A. W. Linton, Rochester; A. B. Sedwith, Brownsville; D. C. List, Wheeling, and Frank Dennis, Martinsburg.

Lincoln—L. Adams, Uniontown; T. W. Walker, Beaver Falls; E. S. Lee, Coshocton; L. W. Togg, Uniontown; T. G. Bellamy, Titusville, and James G. Parker, Scottdale.

Victoria—A. Smith, Wheeling; L. Paul, Martins Ferry; C. H. Turner, Jr., Parkersburg; W. M. Starr, Butler, and C. H. Henderson, Ford City.

Anderson—James Price, Monessen; A. C. Bumas and J. D. Hancock and wife, Franklin, and M. W. Young, Grove City.

Seventh Avenue—E. Magee, Clarion; Charles G. Vogeley, Tarentum; C. E. Sloan, Derry; R. T. Honing, New Philadelphia; E. J. McCullough, Clinton; W. Finn, Altoona; Clarence J. Kline, Greensburg; R. R. Highberger, New Stanton, and E. S. Kantner, Huntingdon.

Newells—D. Altman, Steubenville, and C. O. Wynn, Bradford.

MAJOR DUVALL LEAVES GROVE CITY COLLEGE

WASHINGTON, April 7.—(Special.)—Maj. John P. Duvall, at his own request, has been relieved by the secretary of war from duty at Grove City college. This has been done by direction of the president.

From pure neglect, many a slight Cold is suffered to run into Consumption. When taken in time, Dr. D. Jayne's Expectorant never fails to cure.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
the Kind You Have Always Bought

CARL NOT HANDSOME ENOUGH TO SUIT WIFE

"He's a handsomer man than my husband," was the simple reason Mrs. Nellie Favinar gave at the jail last night, when committed for deserting her husband, Carl Favinar. The young couple had been married just one month. A groceryman, older than the 22-year-old bride, but stunningly handsome, is said by the constable who made the arrest to be the man who exceeded Carl in good looks in the lady's estimation. Justice of the Peace G. W. McCleary committed the deserting wife to jail to await a hearing.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The following marriage licenses were issued yesterday:

Harry Watson	Pittsburgh
Rachael Bowen	Pittsburgh
Andrew Miller	Allegheny
Maude M. Croker	Allegheny
Frank F. McKinley	Braddock
Anna A. Callihan	Washington, D. C.
Carl Strohm, Jr.	McKeesport
Augusta R. Schachtschneider	McKeesport
Mercia Gaines	Pittsburgh
Katie Belt	Pittsburgh
R. M. McLaughlin	West Newton
M. E. Stoneman	West Newton
Harry F. Shetinby	Pittsburgh
Clara E. Wilson	Pittsburgh
Joseph Majers	Pittsburgh
Elizabeth Lankey	Pittsburgh
Joseph Weaver	Allegheny
Barbara Sachs	Allegheny
Joseph W. Hershey	Allegheny
Rebecca B. Buckley	Pittsburgh
George H. Leyda	Washington
Pearl E. Trenary	Hickman P. O.
Kennedy Campbell	Allegheny
Pearl Gibson	Avalon
Walter Washington	Pittsburgh
Lillian Jackson	Pittsburgh
Herman W. Schulenbert	Pittsburgh
Alice Hunger	Pittsburgh
John L. Selem	Allegheny
Ida May Bowen	Allegheny

Whatever the form or finish, it cleans Silver without a blemish.

ELECTRO SilverPolish SILICON

Fashion decrees many forms and finishes of Silver. Electro-Silicon imparts the brilliancy that completes the beauty of them all.
The Electro Silicon Co., 36 Cliff Street, New York.

WRINKLES REMOVED and the Freshness of Youth Retained. VELVO is an antidote for Wrinkles—a preventive, too. A perfect tissue food that has accomplished wonderful work during the past twelve years. Send twelve 2-cent stamps and a trial jar with booklet on Beauty will be sent you. Address Mme. JOZEPHINE LaFEVRE, 1208 Chestnut st., Philadelphia, Pa. A full line of my preparations are on sale at May Drug Co., 506 Market St. Jos. Fleming & Son, 412 Market St., Pittsburgh.

"Hobson's Choice"

Tobias Hobson was the first man in England who let out hackney horses.

When anyone wished to hire a horse, he was obliged to take the one standing nearest the stable door—he had no selection. Hence the old proverb, so familiar now, was born:

"To elect there is but one—
'Tis Hobson's choice—take that or none."

Before the introduction of **Uneeda Biscuit** buying soda crackers in a paper bag, was like hiring Hobson's horses—there was no choice. In kind and quality there was but one—take that or else take none. Whether stale, soggy, dirty or old—'twas ever the same "Hobson's Choice."

Uneeda Biscuit in In-er-seal Packages have revolutionized this old method and set an example that has received the stamp of public approval, as the sale of over 200,000,000 5 cent packages attest.

The In-er-seal Package insures their quality, cleanliness and crispness, because it is airtight, moisture proof, dust proof and germ proof.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

Professor Virchow of Berlin says: "We have at last arrived at the truth that caffeine, the active principle of coffee, is nothing more or less than a strong stimulant and, taken in large quantities, a poison." We learn in Hoy's treatise on "Food and Drink," that caffeine acts directly on the nerve centers. The result of this action is a temporary stimulation followed by a sure reaction. The heart, for instance, beats with more than normal rapidity immediately after coffee is taken. With the reaction which follows, the heart becomes sluggish and beats with less than normal rapidity. The individual can observe this very readily in the action of his own heart.

This repeated nervous excitement and torpid reaction which necessarily comes with the continued use of coffee is very wearing on the nerves, to say nothing of its effect on the heart and indirectly on the stomach and liver. For a long time it was supposed that no healthful beverage could be made to really take the place of coffee, but this supposition has been amazingly disproved by Excel Blend, the exquisitely delicious beverage which is now being introduced on this side of the water. Excel Blend is made after an English formula from a hygienic combination of nutritious grains. It does not bear the slightest resemblance in flavor to what have been known as "coffee substitutes" and "cereal coffees." It charms all who taste it and is the best thing in the world for warding off the derangement of the nervous system, which surely comes with the use of coffee. It is an inviting healthful beverage at all times. The price is given below.

Peoples Savings Bank

OF PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Accepts deposits in any amount from $1 up, and allows interest at the rate of 4%, compounded twice a year.
Capital, surplus and profits, $800,000.00.

OFFICERS
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Thomas Wightman, Vice President
Edward E. Duff, Sec'y-Treas.
Jas. K. Duff, Asst. Sec'y-Treas.
Sidney F. Murphy, Auditor
Chas. W. Kiser, Mgr. Mortgage Dept.

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D. McK. Lloyd — W. J. Moorhead
Thos. Wightman — Wm. R. Thompson
Robert Wardrop — A. E. W. Painter
Hon. Edwin H. Stowe — David P. Black
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You Can Bank by Mail
Send for booklet
Peoples Savings Bank
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CUT OFF CORNER AND MAIL TO US TODAY.

Cut this corner off and mail it to the Peoples Savings Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa. Please send without cost to me Illustrated booklet and full information about the Banking by Mail system.

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Mother's Bread

is our bread; and the name is our name.

Nobody else can make it; some steal the name.

WARD-MACKEY CO.

An Office That Isn't Up-to-Date

Is hardly in the race these days. Blank books, stationery and desk supplies play an important part in modern business life—and they'll play it properly if they come from Weldin's—

A fountain pen in the vest pocket serves many a needless step—

J. R. WELDIN & CO.
429-431 WOOD ST.

LETTER COPYING OUTFIT

Press, Bath, 500-page Book, Ink and five other requisites, worth $8.60, special price $6.00

A. W. M'CLOY & CO.
Stationers, Engravers, Printers.
636 LIBERTY ST.

A mother hen and her 10 little chicks in pastel colors, is the picture to be given with next Sunday's Gazette.

Trade Mark

It resists knocks and jars, best protects the works from dust and damp, is strongest, and is guaranteed for 25 years' wear.

The Jas. Boss Stiffened Gold Watch Case

has 50 years' reputation behind it, and 7,000,000 wearers to testify that it is the best. At all jewelers. Send for beautiful book (free) to

The Keystone Watch Case Co.
Philadelphia.

Easter Novelties. Easter Baskets.

Immense Variety. 5, 10, 15, 25, 35 and 50c Goods.

EGG NESTS, MOSS, DECORATED EGGS, &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEPARTMENT.

J. G. LAUER'S Toy House,
620 LIBERTY STREET.
Come and buy early while the assortment is complete.

CHAS. M. STIEFF
MAKER OF PIANOS
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S. W. CORNER PENN AVE. AND EIGHTH ST.

LOVE RULES THE COURT, THE CAMP, THE WORLD

BY
THE REV. E. J. HARDY
Author of "How to Be Happy Though Married," etc.

The articles abound in love, laughter, and good stories. There are eight of them, as follows: In praise of Love, The Unselfishness of Woman, The Springtime of Love, How to Choose a Husband, What Men Like in Women, Hindrances to Love, Passing the Love of Woman, Love and Courtship—East and West.

This Series Will Begin in
THE SUNDAY GAZETTE
MAY 3.

For Easter

Easter will be here before you know it—
Time to be thinking about your Spring Suit—
Some very handsome new fabrics to show you—at attractive prices—

Dickson, THE TAILOR, 420 Wood St.

We are more careful about children's shoes than most people—more careful about the fit—more critical as to quality—

C. A. VERNER,
FIFTH AND MARKET.

Don't miss the beautiful Easter picture, ready for framing, with next Sunday's Gazette.

News of Nearby Towns and Country

JUSTICE IS RAPID IN INDIANA COUNTY

Two Men Sentenced for Burglary on Same Day Crime Was Committed.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

INDIANA, PA., April 7.—Stealing goods from stores during the night, captured with the stolen goods on them, tried and sentenced to the penitentiary for five years is the 14-hour record of John Lydick and Will Moore of this place. The young men were drinking together yesterday and early this morning left Moore's room in the East End hotel to rob several stores. Moore is an electrician and made skeleton keys. They entered Stumpf's department store and the Allison, Hetrick and Milliken drug stores.

At 6 a. m. they were seen in a lot breaking open a cash register. When they left the hotel they awakened Finley Barr, the hotel proprietor. During breakfast he found a ring and gold pen in the hallway. His suspicions were aroused and when he heard of the robberies he went to Milliken's and Stumpf's homes. Stumpf had found a knife belonging to Moore and on these grounds a warrant was secured and the men arrested in Moore's room.

They entered a plea of guilty and wanted immediate sentence. Judge White was willing and called court. He sentenced Lydick to five years in the Allegheny workhouse and Moore to five years in the Western penitentiary.

CHARGES AGAINST OFFICER.

Courtmartial Requested to Try Tenth Regiment Lieutenant.

WASHINGTON, PA., April 7.—(Special.)—Maj. Samuel W. Jefferds, inspector of the Second regiment, National Guard of Pennsylvania, has preferred charges of conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman against Second Lieutenant Walter L. Seamans of Company C, Tenth regiment, located at Uniontown. The charges have been approved by Col. James E. Barnett and forwarded to headquarters, with the request that a courtmartial be appointed to hear the case.

The trouble between Lieut. Seamans and Inspector Jefferds is said to have occurred at Uniontown on March 19, when Company C was undergoing the regular inspection. The lieutenant is reported to have informed the inspector that he had been getting "the worst of it" for some time and that if the inspector would adjourn to the street or meet the lieutenant at a future time, they could square their differences with their fists.

MONEY TOSSED ABOUT IN ELECTION BOOTH

COSHOCTON, O., April 7.—(Special.)—An old envelope containing $700 lay all day yesterday in an election booth and was cast aside by scores of people. After the polls had closed ex-Judge Roche demanded admittance. He made for the booth desk and exultantly recovered his money. He had left it on the desk when voting. The envelope contained six $100 bills and two of $50. He had just received the money from a client.

WILLIAM E. PORTER,
Re-elect President of Select Council, New Castle, Pa.

DAVID N. KEAST,
President Common Council, New Castle, Pa.

MOTTO OF STUDENTS "DAM THE ALLEGHENY"

School Children Prominent at River Improvement Meeting at Kittanning.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

KITTANNING, PA., April 7.—High school pupils of Kittanning, Ford City and Wick borough and the pupils of the Kittanning academy were prominent figures in a big river improvement meeting at the opera house here this afternoon. A banner inscribed, "Condemn the bridges; dam the Allegheny," was prominently displayed as the sentiments of the pupils. Burgess Austin Clark presided. Addresses were made by the Hon. John F. Dravo, Congressman W. O. Smith, Edward W. Dewey and others. John Wick, Jr., and Harry R. Gault acted as vice-presidents and George Titzell as secretary. Colonel Frank A. Moesta, president of the Kittanning and Ford City Street Railway Company, tendered the pupils of the Ford City high school a special car which brought them from that town. The high school pupils passed a resolution of thanks to Captain Dravo for his interesting address.

Resolutions were unanimously adopted declaring low bridges spanning the Allegheny river at and near Pittsburgh are illegal and unreasonable obstructions to navigation and appealing to President Roosevelt and Secretary Elihu Root to have the obstructions removed.

During the forenoon the executive committee of the Allegheny River Improvement association held a session at the Hotel Alexander. The official and committee reports show the organization in good condition. Theodore Lempert, field secretary, was authorized to open an office in Pittsburgh for the use of the organization. The next meeting will probably be held in Pittsburgh.

FOREIGN CORPORATIONS EXEMPT FROM A BONUS

Judge Weiss Hands Down Opinions in Favor of Several Companies.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

HARRISBURG, April 7.—Judge Weiss today handed down several opinions on argument made last November, of bonus on foreign corporations for doing business in Pennsylvania. The commonwealth was plaintiff in these cases and the court holds the testimony does not show that the capital stock was actually employed within this state so as to render them liable to pay bonus under the act of 1901.

The corporations were incorporated in Delaware and New Jersey and do business in this state. They include the Danville Bessemer Company, Park Steel Company, Union Natural Gas Company and the Crucible Steel Company. The prothonotary is ordered to enter judgment in favor of the companies.

Judge Weiss also handed an opinion in the case of the commonwealth against the Tri-State Gas Company in which he orders the defendant company to pay $300 taxes on its capital stock to the commonwealth.

STATE AND NEIGHBORHOOD.

MONONGAHELA, PA.—The municipal affairs of Monongahela are tied up owing to a deadlock in select council over the election of a president.

WEST NEWTON, PA.—I. J. Robertson, J. E. Douglass and others, as the West Newton-Webster Street Railway Company, applied to the council for a franchise to enter West Newton.

TITUSVILLE, PA.—Jesse McCurdy, a member of the United States signal service corps in Alaska, committed suicide, word to that effect having been received here. He was a son of James McCurdy, a farmer living near here.

NEW CASTLE, PA.—As the result of a crusade being made by the local humane officers John Watt and wife were arrested last night and committed to jail for neglecting their children. William Finney and wife have also been arrested on the same charges.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA.—The Hollidaysburg Female seminary, one of the oldest educational institutions in Central Pennsylvania, changed ownership. The Rev. A. F. Walker of Tarentum, Pa., the new proprietor and principal, will make many improvements.

UNIONTOWN, PA.—The examination for midshipman in the navy for the Twelfth congressional district, was held in Uniontown and Virginius E. Clark, son of Harry Clark, a druggist, stood highest and will receive the appointment from Congressman A. F. Cooper.

NEW CASTLE, PA.—The Rev. Phillip J. McLean of this city, who last summer resigned the pastorate of the First Baptist church of Punxsutawney to accept a call to the Pilgrim Baptist church at Pueblo, Co., has resigned his last charge and will return here.

UNIONTOWN, PA.—Despondent because of ill health, Asbury Lewis, aged 79, of New Salem, severed his jugular vein with a razor, dying in a few minutes. He was a blacksmith and had lived there over 40 years. He was a member of the Fort Necessity lodge I. O. O. F. of Uniontown.

WASHINGTON, PA.—The police of Waynesburg are after a gang of counterfeiters who are said to be at work in that vicinity. When some repairs were being made to an old building in the town a sack of counterfeit coin of various denominations was unearthed in a corner of the building.

LEECHBURG, PA.—The board of trade of this place has resolved to make a special effort to secure enough money to induce the Allegheny Steel & Iron Company to build their contemplated mill at this place. Five thousand dollars has been subscribed for the purpose. An offer will be made of from 15 to 30 acres of ground.

WASHINGTON, PA.—That the Wabash railroad intends to build a road from Bishop on the Pittsburgh, Carnegie & Western by way of Canonsburg and Houston to Washington, there seems to be no doubt. The final surveys are being made and it is believed that within the next few weeks active operations will be begun.

DOCTORS BRING SUIT AGAINST ELLWOOD CITY

They Want Pay for Investigating Supposed Smallpox Epidemic.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW CASTLE, PA., April 7.—Dr. S. M. Rhinehart of Allegheny, Dr. Robert P. Hammer of Westmoreland county and D. C. Hancher, secretary of the Ellwood board of health, have entered suits before Justice Robert Gilliland of this city against the borough of Ellwood to compel payment for services. The cases grew out of a supposed smallpox epidemic that existed in Ellwood several months ago, when Dr. Hancher reported that he found 17 cases of that disease in one day, which the attending physicians had failed to report to him.

Dr. W. A. Shannon was arrested and tried on the common law charge of being a public nuisance, brought by Dr. Hancher because he failed to report Miss Florence Frishkorn as a smallpox patient. Dr. Shannon was acquitted, being able to show that Miss Frishkorn had not been suffering from that disease. However, when Dr. Hancher heard that Miss Frishkorn had the smallpox he sent for Dr. Rhinehart and Dr. Hammer to make an examination. The physicians were later called by the commonwealth at the trial of Dr. Shannon. They have never been paid for their visit to Ellwood and the examinations of the various smallpox suspects there, and now demand that the borough settle.

Pleaded Guilty to Forgery.

PARKERSBURG, W. VA., April 7.—(Special.)—Howard Segner, who was arrested on the steamer Virginia charged with passing forged checks on two local hotels, today pleaded guilty and was sent to jail in default of $1,500 bail to await indictment. He says Segner is an assumed name, that he is of a prominent family of West Virginia, and will not reveal his true name.

Woman Pleaded Not Guilty.

AKRON, O., April 7.—(Special.)—Mrs. Susan Updike was arraigned today in Squire Hoffman's court, charged with the murder of Andrew Fasnacht. She entered a plea of not guilty and waived a preliminary examination. She was bound over to the common pleas court.

Four Rioters Arrested.

CLARKSBURG, W. VA., April 7.—(Special.)—A riot occurred at Gypsy Sunday evening. A mob of Italian coal miners armed themselves with shotguns and revolvers and fired upon American workmen. Over 100 shots were fired. William Leonard, an employe of the coal company, came to the city and swore out warrants for the arrest of five Italians. Constable Davis went down today and arrested four of them.

Cure That Cold To-day

A simple remedy at the beginning of a disease is better than a council of doctors at the critical stage.—MUNYON.

Thousands of Philadelphians are at present victims of the Grippe. That dreaded disease is epidemic; and yet a simple remedy is at hand which is a sure preventive. At the first appearance of a cold — the forerunner of Grippe — MUNYON'S COLD CURE should be used at once. There will be no fear or danger of Grippe then. A few doses will break up most any form of cold. It has been demonstrated in thousands of cases that it immediately checks discharges of the nose and eyes, stops that awful sneezing, promptly relieves the throat and lungs, allays inflammation and fever and tones up the entire system. It is simply invaluable in all forms of Grippe, or obstinate colds.

Price 25c. at any drug store

If you have the Rheumatism try Munyon's Rheumatism Cure; if you have Dyspepsia try his Dyspepsia Cure; if you have any Kidney trouble try his Kidney Cure. Munyon has a specific remedy for most every disease; mostly 25 cts.

MUNYON, Phila., Pa.

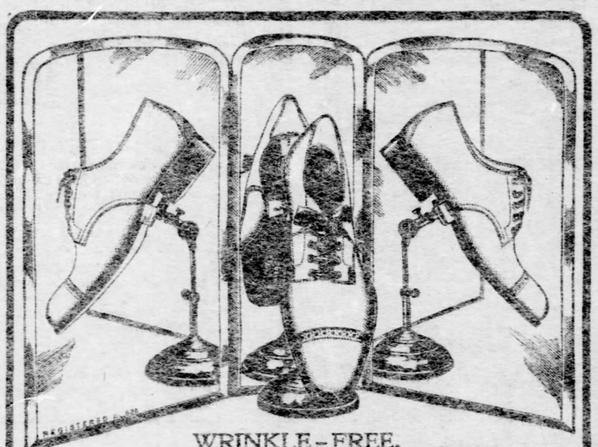
PITTSBURG SOAP CO. GET THE BEST ASK YOUR GROCER
Pittsburgh Family Soap
A HOME PRODUCTION SUPERIOR QUALITY
The Soap for the Home

DO YOU COUGH DON'T DELAY TAKE KEMP'S BALSAM THE BEST COUGH CURE

It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 25 cents and 50 cents.

SCOTT OLDEST AND MOST RELIABLE
628 PENN AVENUE.

FOUR-FOLD LINIMENT FOR TUMORS AND SWELLINGS
At All Druggists. 25c, 50c, $1.00.



WRINKLE-FREE.

WRINKLES, in shoes, are due to slack leather, — disproportioned strain.

These are serious faults in any shoe, but mean ruin in Patent leathers.

Because — even the best Patent leather in the world — HEYLS — is likely to break where it wrinkles.

No Patent leather shoe can look DRESSY when deformed by premature wrinkles, and what excuse can justify the wearing of sweaty Patent leather except its DRESSY effect.

Patent Calf is the most difficult of all leather to "last" smoothly, and to mould closely to the lower part of the instep, where the slighest fulness causes unsightly wrinkles.

Great care must be taken to stretch this delicately surfaced material into a glove fitting shape without cracking the enamel.

Few Makers' take the time, and the care, to do this shaping thoroughly, as the Regal factory does it, and so, few Patent Calf shoes keep so free from wrinkles as Regals.

The style shown herein is carefully shaped on a last modelled to avoid wrinkling, and will look DRESSY longer than any other Patent leather shoe of twice its price.

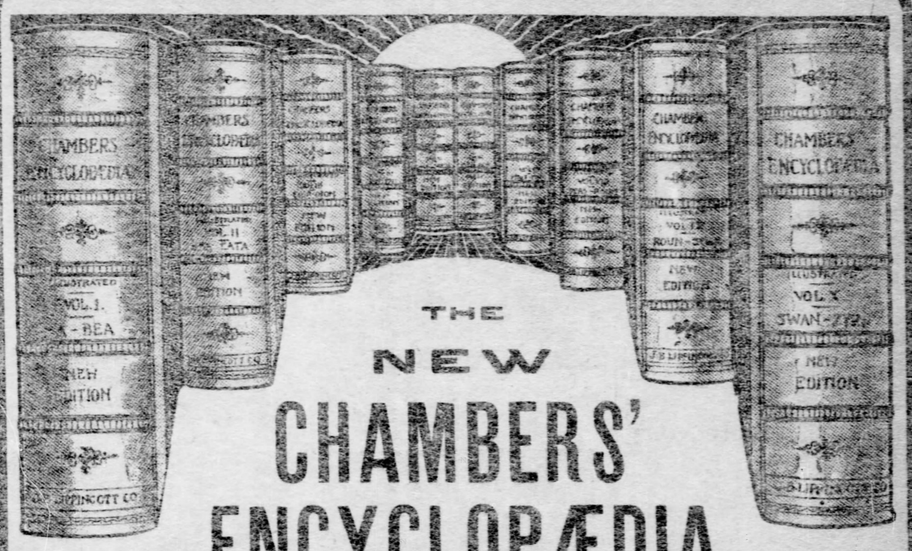
It looks and wears Ten Dollars worth, but can't cost you more than $3.50, because it is a Regal and one of the 36 new Easter styles.

Style book on post card request.

REGAL
OAK SOLED SHOES

Sold only in 51 Regal Shoe Stores from New York to San Francisco and London. Also by mail.

PITTSBURGH STORE: 433 WOOD ST.



THE NEW CHAMBERS' ENCYCLOPÆDIA

London
5, Henrietta Street, Covent Garden

J. B. Lippincott Company
Publishers

Philadelphia, April 8-1903.

AN OPEN LETTER TO THE PUBLIC.

We take pleasure in announcing the co-operation of the Horner Book Co., for the purpose of selling 1500 sets of the NEW CHAMBER'S ENCYCLOPAEDIA at wholesale price on little-at-a-time payments. This world-famous reference library is doubtless well known to you, but it is possible you were not aware that an entirely new edition has long been in preparation, both in this country and abroad, at an immense expenditure of time and money. This long-looked for publication is just completed and its appearance marks a new era in Encyclopaedia making. The edition of 1500 sets is now being bound at the J. B. Lippincott Company's establishment, and the first consignment of a few sample sets were placed on exhibition at the Joseph Horner Book Co's Store a few days ago. The balance of the allotment will follow within a short time. Our object in making this unusually liberal offer on a new work is to secure in Pittsburgh and vicinity a quick recognition of the great merits and vast improvements of the New Chamber's Encyclopaedia over all other reference works and old-time Encyclopaedias which have for so long lumbered the library and home, believing that every one of these sets will be a lasting advertisement for the new work.

Yours faithfully,

J. B. Lippincott Company

Wholesale Price on 1500 Sets

1,500 sets of the new Chambers' Encyclopaedia are now being delivered to the first 1,500 persons paying $1.00 each to the Joseph Horner Book Co., 524 Penn avenue. These first fifteen hundred subscribers will purchase this new work at actual wholesale price, with the additional privilege of enjoying the possession and full use of all the volumes while completing the purchase on little-at-a-time payments, amounting to only 50 cents per week (payable monthly). We no do employ agents; their commissions go to club subscribers.

$1.00 *only needed before delivery of the complete set, balance can be paid in little-at-a-time payments.*

This Coupon

will bring sample pages and full particulars, but the best way is to call and examine the set at the store, if you can.

GA. 8

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Chambers' Encyclopaedia Club, Jos. Horner Book Co., 524 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Please mail, without expense to me, book of sample pages, illustrations, colored maps and further information in regard to special wholesale price and the little-payment plan of the New Chambers' Encyclopedia.

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WILL NOT LAST LONG

It should be remembered, however, that this offer is necessarily of only temporary duration. Only 1,500 sets can be had for distribution on these liberal terms. Chambers' Encyclopaedia is so favorably known, and this new edition will be so generally desired, that the distribution of these 1,500 sets may be only a question of a few days. That is why you need to act promptly if you wish to share in the benefits of the actual wholesale price offer. Call and see the work today or mail one of these coupons.

JOSEPH HORNER BOOK CO.
524 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

TRADING STAMP BILL IS PASSED

House Shows Its Disapproval of Giving Presents With Merchandise Sales.

NOW GOES TO SENATE

Is Certain of Passage in Quick Order in That Body—Francies of Allegheny Makes a Strong Speech on Measure.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
HARRISBURG, PA., April 7.

The Cook anti-trading stamp bill passed finally in the house this afternoon. A duplicate, introduced by Mr. Woods of Allegheny, has passed the senate, which insures the passage of the Cook bill, which now goes to the senate, where, after comparison, it will be read once and passed finally.

Mr. Mayne opposed the bill when it was taken up for final passage by the house. Mr. Francies of Allegheny supported the measure, making a speech which was heartily applauded. He said in part:

We have passed the trading stamp bill. We have decided that the people in the state of Pennsylvania cannot handle trading stamps. If the people in Pennsylvania are to be prevented from dealing in trading stamps, why grant this privilege to outside corporations, and why are they permitted to come into our commonwealth and do that thing which we will not permit our people to do? Now, Mr. Speaker, I'll tell you what is wrong. There is a load of hay upset, but it is not the hay that is in a bad position. It is the old man that is under the hay. The old man that is under it is the tobacco trust of the United States. Despite all the blighting and damning influences that have been brought to bear upon the members of this body, despite all that has been said and done and despite all the remarks and course of reasoning of certain members on this floor, I believe there are not enough members who will say to-tobacco trusts, our go tobacco trusts, outside corporations are better than individuals in Pennsylvania.

After what has occurred I would not consider my reputation safe if I did not vote to pass this bill. You must decide on this floor, the representatives of this house, coming from the various constituencies, as to whether you will treat the people of Pennsylvania the same as you will treat people from the outside, and whether vast corporations with vast wealth should be permitted to do that which you will not allow your own citizens to do.

Mr. Mayne, interrogating Mr. Francies, asked: "I have the greatest regard in the world for the sentiment and solid sense of the gentleman from Allegheny. I have relied often on his judgment. The question that I put to you now is, is it only the tobacco trusts that this bill strikes? If it is, I am for the bill."

Mr. Francies: "Mr. Speaker, practically, yes, absolutely."

The vote was 124 to 22. The vital features of the bill are:

That it is hereby made unlawful for any person or persons doing business within this commonwealth to sell or offer for sale or authorize or permit any agent, salesman or employe to sell or offer for sale goods, wares and merchandise of any description whatsoever bearing or carrying on same any certificate, coupon, stamp, label, wrapper, tag, memorandum or token entitling the purchaser thereof to demand or receive any money or thing of value of or in exchange for any such certificate, stamp, label, wrapper, tag, memorandum or token.

Sec. 2. Any person who violates the provisions of this act shall be punished by a fine not exceeding $50 for the first offense or $100 for any subsequent offense, to be recovered as like penalties are now recovered by law.

CHESTER D. POTTER.

HOUSE PASSES MEASURE TO INVESTIGATE FLOODS

Number of Pittsburgh Appropriation Bills and Other Acts Are Disposed Of.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

HARRISBURG, April 7.—In the house today Mr. Bliss called up the bill appropriating $5,000 to pay the expenses of a commission to investigate the causes of floods and overflows of rivers and water courses and to make recommendations for preventing the same, and it passed finally.

The following bills were passed finally:

Making it criminal offense for any doctor or other person knowingly not to report a case of smallpox, diphtheria or scarlet fever which may come to their knowledge and making it compulsory upon cities, boroughs and townships to furnish any quarantined persons medical care, attention, nursing and the necessaries of life.

Senate bill to provide for the payment per diem compensation to Capt. James W. Umbehauer of Company G, Fourth regiment, national guard of Pennsylvania, during the time of illness contracted at Duryea.

Senate bill repealing the act of April 28, 1899, relative to the employment of male prisoners of jails and workhouses.

Empowering boroughs, without petition of property owners, to sewer public streets or parts of streets when they do not exceed 500 feet in length and connect streets theretofore sewered, and providing for the costs, damages and expenses.

Permitting the court to grant a liquor license to a new applicant in case of the death of the original applicant while his application is pending.

Amending the act of June 4, 1901, defining the rights and liabilities of parties and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labors done on material furnished to any building, wharf, etc., so as to include public parks.

Authorizing the state librarian to receive 200 copies of each document published by the state and 60 copies each of the supreme and superior court records.

Providing for the reapportionment of the annual reports published by the state department of agriculture.

Empowering the commissioner of forestry and the forestry reservation commission to give street railway companies the privilege to construct lines upon public highways within or bordering on forest reservations owned by the commonwealth.

Limiting to two years the time in which actions for trespass for libel must be brought to issue.

Senate bill providing for the sale of real estate of lunatics at public sale.

Creating the office of state archivist to preserve the historical archives of the new commonwealth.

Changing the compensation of the poor directors in the middle coalfield poor district.

Senate bill providing that in counties having a population of more than 800,000 and less than 1,000,000 the cost of publishing the list of applicants for liquor licenses shall be paid out of the general funds of the county and not deducted from the fees paid by such applicants.

Senate bill to provide for the construction of bridges over or under existing railroads at the expense of the county where a public highway or a road about to be opened intersects or will intersect an existing railroad and the township within which the bridges may be necessary is reasonably unable to bear the expense of the same.

Giving the court discretionary power in imposing penalties on violators of the liquor acts of May 8, 1854, and May 16, 1887.

Permitting farmers to sell their own products without a license fee in and about the streets of any borough or city.

Senate bill validating the incurring of debt or increase of indebtedness of townships of the second class for the purpose of macadamizing roads to an amount in the aggregate not exceeding 2 per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein.

Providing for the payment of liquor license money to school districts in townships in which the roads are made and repaired by taxpayers pursuant to the act of June 12, 1895.

The following bills failed on final passage:

Amending the first section of the act of April 22, 1889, regulating boroughs.

Regulating the taxing of dogs for the protection of sheep, cattle, horses, swine and other live stock.

Requiring the mines in the anthracite and bituminous regions to provide with head protectors and electric lamps to be used in cases of accidents.

Requiring the chief burgesses of boroughs hereafter appointed or elected to give bond.

The bill to provide for the appointment of inspectors to examine the placing of pillars in the anthracite coal mines was indefinitely postponed.

Engines Explodes in Round House.

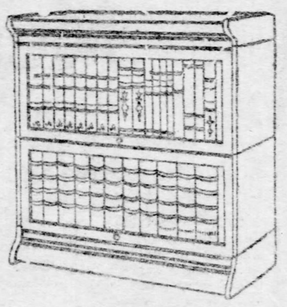
TOLEDO, O., April 7.—A Cincinnati Northern engine exploded while standing in the roundhouse at Van Wert, at noon today. A. Stuhl was fatally injured and F. E. Miller, Elmer Counsell, Walter Sargeant and John Welch slightly injured. The roundhouse was completely wrecked. Loss, $25,000.

Frail, fretful, sickly children can almost always be restored to health with Dr. Jayne's Tonic Vermifuge; it destroys the parasites of disease and builds up the system.

A Mistake Corrected.

Charles G. Smith Company, the machine tool company of 247 Fifth avenue, have had considerable annoyance due to the report of the financial troubles of a firm in this city, which has been applied to them. As they were in no way connected with this firm, the report had no reference to this company.

McELVEEN'S
(McElveen Furniture Co.)



Do You Own A Sectional Bookcase?

A Sectional Bookcase is useful, even if you have only a dozen books.

A Sectional Bookcase is necessary if you have several dozen books.

And if you have several thousand volumes it will be difficult for you to get along without a Sectional Bookcase.

Buy a section at a time. Buy only as fast as your books accumulate. Every section fits every other one.

And the place to buy your Sectional Bookcase and all other office furniture—desks, chairs, card indexes, etc.—is the largest furniture house in the world. That's

McELVEEN'S
(McElveen Furniture Co.)
525-527-529 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa

Laxative Bromo Quinine Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

ALLEGHENY'S NEW BOARD OF ASSESSORS

OLIVER A. GALLEY, Chief Assessor.

WILLIAM MANNING.

THOMAS C. WAITE.

ROBERT BECK.

JOHN GRAEBING, JR.

Who the New Assessors Are.

In selecting the men to compose Allegheny's board of assessors Recorder James G. Wyman chose those who had been identified with the Citizens movement in the wards that gave him large majorities.

John A. Graebing of the Fifth, and Oliver A. Galley of the Tenth, both of whom worked earnestly for Wyman in the February campaign, have been in the real estate business on the North Side for years. Robert Beck of the Thirteenth ward is a tailor, and having lived in eastern Allegheny all his life is thoroughly conversant with realty values in that part of the city. William Manning of the Seventh ward is an engineer by trade. Thomas C. Waite, reappointed by Recorder Wyman, has been in the city assessor's office for 11 years. He was formerly in the real estate business. Mr. Waite was stricken with heart failure while at work yesterday afternoon, and had to be removed to his home in a carriage. At his home in California avenue it was learned last night that he was rapidly recovering.

RECORDER WYMAN SPENDS BUSY DAY

Overrun by a Horde of Office-Seekers, but Gives Them Little Satisfaction.

HE WILL TAKE HIS TIME

Public Works Director McIlvaine Proposes to Make Many Changes—New City Bacteriologist.

With several hundred job-hunters waiting in his front office and hanging about Allegheny city hall steps yesterday, Recorder James G. Wyman spent a strenuous day. He is granting every one a hearing, no matter how unimportant the position. The recorder is making no promises. Applicants are told that they will be considered with all the others, and that the department heads will be consulted before any jobs are handed out.

Recorder Wyman said that he and his department chiefs would move deliberately and make as equitable as possible a division of the spoils.

Few changes were made yesterday in any of the departments. David L. Fulton, former director of public works, assumed his duties as superintendent of highways and sewers, succeeding Cochrane.

PUBLIC WORKS CHANGES.

Director E. J. McElvaine of the department of public works appointed Lloyd Pillow to succeed himself as chief clerk. Miss Margaret Nelson is to be retained as stenographer. Director McIlvaine said that the process of weeding out would be slow, but that changes would be made from top to bottom.

Director Thomas S. Scandrett of the department of public safety yesterday appointed Dr. Richard G. Burns to succeed Dr. James Dixon as city bacteriologist. Dr. Burns held the position before, but was removed a year ago by Recorder Murphy.

There is a merry war on in the city clerk's office. Marshall White, who went out of office with all other city hall employes on Monday, refuses to give up his position, although George Schad, former clerk to Police Superintendent Muth, was elected Monday morning by select council to succeed him. White has been message clerk to select council for several years and some time ago announced his candidacy for select council clerk in opposition to Lafayette Wills, who was re-elected.

DENIES COUNCIL'S POWER.

White claims now that select council was not empowered to elect a message clerk, declaring that it is the duty of the clerks of both branches of councils to select their messenger. Schad reported for work yesterday, but White got there first and would not leave his old desk. Both are determined to hold on and it is likely to cause all kinds of trouble for the next few days.

Charles Weible, who has been chief clerk in the city treasurer's office for five years, was yesterday appointed chief clerk to the city controller.

Superintendent of Police Melville Campbell yesterday appointed Lieutenant John Bolan to act as captain of police temporarily, succeeding Captain James Thornton. It is likely that Mrs. Kate Drummond and Mrs. Mary J. Kellog, matrons in the lockup, will be removed.

Director E. J. McElvaine of the Allegheny department of public works last night announced that he had appointed Charles E. Lowe of the Second ward a clerk in his office. Lowe is chairman of the Second ward Citizens committee.

RELOCATION DEFEATED.

Property Holders Object to Change Being Made in Hamilton Avenue.

The committee on surveys last night negatively recommended an ordinance for the relocation of Hamilton avenue, from a point near Lambert street to Penn avenue.

A number of property holders along the proposed thoroughfare protested against the measure, contending that the street will be parallel with Frankstown avenue, and that it will take away manufacturing sites principally along the Pennsylvania railroad between the points named. It was explained that the relocation of the street is to relieve the congested condition of Frankstown avenue.

Ordinances repealing the location of Askew street, from Cypress street to the Pennsylvania railroad; Woodworth street, from Baum street to Winebiddle avenue, and from the Mooney plan to the Ben Venue plan, and York street, from Aspen street to Winebiddle avenue, went to a committee of three.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

TO END STRIKE ON WABASH BRIDGE

American Bridge Company Officials and Workmen to Hold a Conference.

MEETING IN NEW YORK

The Union Representatives in Gotham Decide to Disregard President Buchanan's Advice. Agree on Terms of Settlement.

Representatives of the American Bridge Company and the local union will hold a conference in a few days. It is expected that this will result in the settlement of the structural iron workers' strike in this city. The strike has been on for nearly six weeks, and the most important piece of the company's work, the Wabash bridge, must be completed, as the railroad officials have been requesting the company to hurry.

A dispatch from New York last night stated that a conference was held there yesterday afternoon, at which President James A. Hatfield of the American Bridge Company, President A. B. Cornell of the Cornell iron works, and Messrs. Caldin, Dixon, Midley, Dolan and Maxey, representatives of the New York union, were present. The conference lasted two hours, and was held at the request of the workers. Hatfield and Cornell had charge of the interests of the National Association of Manufacturers and Executors of Iron and Steel Work. Measures for an early settlement of the strike and the fixing of the wage scale for next year were the subjects of long and harmonious discussion.

At the termination of the meeting it was stated that the local union had practically determined to ignore President Frank Buchanan, who is now in Chicago, and that the first step had been taken in the direction of a settlement of the strike on terms to be agreed upon by the local workmen and employers. Another conference will be held in a few days.

Secretary W. C. Bennett of the Pittsburgh union says he was not aware of any plans for a similar conference in this city. He intimated that the union would be guided largely by the advice of President Buchanan. He, it is claimed, is demanding that the American Bridge Company settle the strike on its work by treating with the international union.

James A. Huston, general manager of the Pittsburgh plant of the American Bridge Company, is favorably inclined to a conference and settlement.

The matter will come up for discussion at the regular meeting of the local union tomorrow evening.

MACHINISTS WANT ADVANCE.

Will Discuss New Scale at Sunday Meeting in Old City Hall.

Stuart Simpson, business agent for the Pittsburgh district of the International Association of Machinists, has arranged for a trade meeting in the Old City hall, at 2 o'clock Sunday afternoon, to decide on wages and shop conditions for a new scale. About 2,000 machinists will attend.

Agent Simpson last night said: "The machinists of the Pittsburgh district, who are the best skilled craftsmen in this section, are paid the lowest wages in comparison with other trades. We intend making a request for an advance of from 5 to 15 per cent."

Simpson has prepared a chart giving the wages of the other trades in the district. They are: Pattern makers, 9-hour day, $3.78; ornamental iron workers, 8 hours, $4; tile layers, 8 hours, $4; structural iron workers, 8 hours, $4; plasterers, 8 hours, $4.50; stone masons, 8 hours, $4.50; bricklayers, 8 hours, $4.80. The average wages of the machinists is $2.75 for a 9-hour day. There are 17 lodges in the district.

Mine Drivers Will not Strike.

Pittsburgh district of mine workers' officers have been assured that all danger of a general strike of the drivers in this district has been averted in the West Penn and Allegheny Valley railroad fields the men have decided to accede for a month to the demands of the operators, during which period the difference may be adjusted. All the mines in the fourin pool are being worked. The last to fall in line was the Marine mine. General Organizer James Wadsborn organized two locals in the fifth pool. Three new locals have been formed in the Mercer district by National Organizer Frederick Stober. The miners in that district will hold a wage scale convention.

Local Labor Notes.

Striking painters will meet at No. 416 Wood street at 2 o'clock this afternoon to consider changes in the constitution.

Finished tin will be turned out of the new plant of the McKeesport Tin Plate Company in Port Vue this morning, when the tin house, employing 60 men, will be placed in operation. In about 10 days the second set of five furnaces will be started and the entire plant will be in operation.

An open meeting of car builders, riveters, punchers, bolt dozers, hammermen, machinists and helpers, drill pressmen, blacksmiths and helpers, and heaters will be held in Moore hall, Allegheny, on Friday evening. Addresses will be delivered by John Rouse, organizer of the car builders; A. W. Mosier, business agent of the blacksmiths, and T. P. Flynn, representing the American Federation of Labor.

SYMPATHETIC STRIKE OF 150 CORK WORKERS

Discharge of 17 Men for Joining Union Leads to Further Trouble.

About 150 employes of the Armstrong cork works are on a sympathetic strike caused by the dismissal of 17 punching room hands because, it is alleged, they joined the Cork Wokers' union organized last week by T. H. Flynn, general organizer of the American Federation of Labor.

When quitting time came on Monday evening the 17 hands were notified that their services were no longer required and they were paid off. Yesterday morning they called on Superintendent Herman Busch, who admitted that they had been discharged for joining the union. Word was quickly passed around and as a result 150 of the employes quit work. Organizer Flynn was notified and stated that the matter would be referred to the Federation headquarters at Washington.

The plant employs about 400 hands, including men, boys and girls.

Window Glass Snappers' Convention.

The window glass snappers' convention devoted yesterday to the preparation of committee reports and a meeting of the executive board. A delegation held a conference with the officers of the Independent Glass Workers' association and asked them to co-operate with the snappers' unions. A similar request will be made to the Burns association tomorrow night. President Delphos Battles of the snappers stated that the two bodies would work in harmony for the present, but later would be divided into eastern and western districts. At today's sessions the wage question will be taken up and a uniform scale agreed on.

Local Labor Notes.

The new scale of the Carriage and Wagon Workers' union has been signed by 20 firms. About 650 men struck, but all but 250 have returned to work. Seventeen firms still refuse to sign, but the strike committee feels confident that many of these will sign before the week is out. Some of the firms are willing to give the advance, but decline to recognize the union.

Pedagogues Discussed Memory.

The pedagogical section of the Academy of Science and Art last night, in the lecture hall of the Carnegie institute, discussed "Memory and Its Training." A. B. Frost presided and papers were read by P. M. Dysart of the Pittsburgh High school on "Memory Proper as a Function of Organized Matter;" by Miss Lange, of the Allegheny High school, on "Consciousness of Psychical Memory: Its Processes," by Prof. James C. Armstrong of the Pittsburgh Academy, on "Artificial Systems of Aiding the Memory," by B. Hemphill of the Shadyside academy, on "Suggestions for Improving the Power of Memory Naturally." The discussions were under the direction of Miss Emma Bartlett, Charles Coffin and S. C. Farrar.

Two Dead in Family Feud.

WEST LIBERTY, KY., April 7.—Sam Trace killed Logan Elam and Sidney Elam, the dead man's son, avenged his father's death by killing Trace, on the White Fork of Johnson river in this county yesterday. Young Elam surrendered and was placed in jail here. The Elams and Trace were relatives, and neighbors, and the killings grew out of a family feud.

School Book Publishers Heard.

The text book committee of the central school board of education last night heard representatives of various publishing houses on the merit of the several grades of books desired by the board. No action will be taken till Monday night, as a report is expected from the Principals' association, which meets on Saturday.

BABY'S FUTURE

Something for Mothers to Think About

Lives of Suffering and Sorrow Averted

And Happiness and Prosperity Assured by

Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills When All Else Fails.

Every child born into the world with an inherited or early developed tendency to distressing, disfiguring humors of the skin, scalp and blood, becomes an object of the most tender solicitude, not only because of its suffering, but because of the dreadful fear that the disfiguration is to be lifelong and mar its future happiness and prosperity. Hence, it becomes the duty of mothers of such afflicted children to acquaint themselves with the best, the purest and most effective treatment available, viz., The Cuticura Treatment.

Warm baths with Cuticura Soap, to cleanse the skin and scalp of crusts and scales, gentle applications of Cuticura Ointment, to allay itching, irritation and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and mild doses of Cuticura Resolvent, to cool the blood in the severer cases, are all that can be desired for the speedy relief and permanent cure of skin tortured infants and children, and the comfort of worn-out parents.

Millions of women use Cuticura Soap, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair and hands, for annoying irritations and weaknesses, and for many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Resolvent 50c (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills 25c per vial of 60). Ointment 50c, Soap 25c. Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Boston, 137 Columbus Ave. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Proprietors.

Send for "How to Cure Baby Humors."

Established 1837.

D., C. & J.

Some Furniture is purely ornamental—some just useful, again, some are both—this

Packing Bureau

Comes in the latter class—useful, and ornamental as well. It has a 24x48 in. base, four large and three small drawers—very roomy and convenient.

This one in Mahogany, $30.00. Others, in various finishes, $8.00 to $40.00.

DAULER, CLOSE & JOHNS,
636-640 Smithfield St.

Anti-Pain Pills

(Dr. Miles') prevent as well as cure headache, the commonest affliction of mankind. Carry in your pocket. No opiates. Non-laxative. There are no substitutes. Sold and guaranteed by all druggists. 25 doses 25 cents. Never sold in bulk.

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

An Easter picture, entitled "Just Out," will be the supplement of next Sunday's Gazette. Don't miss it.

Great Buildings

need great care in the matter of cleanliness.

FINOLA

The World's Cleanest Cleaner, lightens the toil and cheapens the cost. It is used regularly and with entire satisfaction in the following buildings:

WASHINGTON.
Congressional Library.
Other Government Buildings.
Evening Star Newspaper Building.
Southern Railroad Building.
Shoreham Hotel.
Hotel Regent.
Riggs House.
St. James Hotel.
Dewey Hotel.
Bond Building.
International Investment Co. Bldg.
Army and Navy Club.
Washington Loan and Trust Bldg.
Arundell Flats.
Portner Flats.
Hawarden Flats.
Farragut Flats.
National Union Insurance Building.

BALTIMORE.
Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Bldg.
Maryland Club.
Baltimore News Building.
Shepherd & Enoch Pratt Asylum.
Union Trust Building.
U. S. Express Co.'s Building.
Chamber of Commerce.
Cathedral.
Dep't of Public Improvements.
Central Branch Y. M. C. A.
Rowland's Turkish Baths.
The Stafford.
Hotel Rennert.
JOHNS HOPKINS HOSPITAL.
MARYLAND GENERAL HOSPITAL.
City Hospital.
Maryland University Hospital.

PITTSBURG.
Allegheny County Court House.
Arrott Office Building.
Mellon National Bank.
Standard Security Trust Co.
John Dimling, 409 Market Street.
Iron City National Bank.
C. D. & P. Telegraph Co.
Grand Hotel.
Germania Bank.
Holy Ghost College.
Iroquois Apartments.
Bijou Building.

Price 5 cts. and 10 cts. per package. Also sold in quarter barrels, half barrels and barrels to large consumers. At all first-class Grocers.

FINOLA MANUFACTURING CO., Sole Manufacturers, Baltimore, Md.

HORNE-STEWART CO

DRY-GOODS

Wednesday, 8 April, 1903

"They Shook the Snow From Hat and Shoon They Put Their April Raiment On." EMERSON.

IN things to wear you will find at your store the newest and the rarest. You will find also the economical and the practical. Complete readiness at every point to meet Easter wants and that willingness that comes only with the knowledge that prices are what they ought to be and goods are what they seem.

Easter Wear

Millinery cannot control a store permanently but much of interest is of course centered here—the opening last week tells you what to expect.

Easter Millinery

Trimmed Hats from our own workrooms from 5.00 to 25.00.
Imported Pattern Hats and Models, 20.00 to 50.00.
High-Class, Correct Tailored Hats, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00 to 12.00.
Doing just as well for Children and Young Girls

These hats ready-to-wear deserve and will bear the most critical comparison, but, if you wish yours made, let us have, for your sake as well as ours, as much time as possible.

Among the Cloaks and Suits

Authentical as to style, dainty yet virile, many with not a mate, the suit department appeals to Easter desire as strongly as to everyday needs—that means practical perfection.

FOR THE WOMEN.

Walking Suits	22.00 to 95.00
For afternoon and evening	125.00 to 200.00
Tan Jackets	10.00 to 35.00
Silk Coats	25.00 to 85.00
Walking Skirts	9.50 to 18.00
Separate Rain Skirts	10.00 to 55.00

YOUNG GIRLS AND CHILDREN.

How well and how much we are doing for the young girl and the children both in millinery and their lesser and greater wants the opening and children's day last Saturday tells stronger than types can tell.

Childrens White Dresses in Persian Lawns, 6 to 10 years	3.50, 5.50 to 15.00
Childrens Coats	5.50 to 15.00

WHITE WAISTS.

White waists are all we mean to mention—they are the ones in mind but there's enough of them to give us the right kind of a reputation.

White Madras Waists	1.50 to 6.00
Butchers Linen	3.75 to 10.00
Persian Lawns	3.00 to 10.00
Plainer ones in Oxford	1.00 to 4.00
Japanese Silk Waists, Lace Trimmed, Fagotting, and others plain	5.50, 7.00, 8.50 to 10.00

HANDKERCHIEFS.

Easter begins a new handkerchief season—there is no beginning or end to the handkerchief news or values in your stores bright, new stocks.

UMBRELLAS FOR WOMEN.

Special Line of Pure Silk Umbrellas, fine natural wood English sticks, reds, blues, greens, browns and blacks, 2.50.

With borders in a range up to 5.00

WOMEN'S NECKWEAR.

Necessities not luxuries—neckwear is a staple thing and ours needs no word but to write down what and how much.

Boas, 1.00 to 50.00. Stocks, 25 to 10.00.

Lace Collars, 50 cents to 35.00.

CORSETS AND LINGERIE.

No Easter costume can be complete without the corset for the occasion—the new models are here.

Our muslin underwear reputation is not suffering as it is season—the new is here and every Easter want.

Easter Gloves and Hosiery

At Easter you want the best—how easy it is in such case for your store to tell the news and our lines were never so complete.

WOMENS EASTER GLOVES

Showing in abundance new Thread and Fabric Gloves and the newest and best shades and styles in Kid for Easter, Spring and Summer.

TREFOUSSE

2 large pearl clasp or button, Pique Glace, colors, white and black	2.25
Same in Suede	2.00
2 clasp "Shelbourne"	1.75
1 pearl button, Pique Glace, white only	1.75
3 clasp "Delorme" Glace	2.00
3 clasp "Dorothy" Glace	1.50
1 clasp Cape, light weight	1.50
3 clasp, best quality, black only	1.65
1 clasp Cape	1.00
2 clasp Suede, colors and black	1.00
2 clasp Mocha, light weight Pique	1.25

PERRIN

3 small pearl clasp Pique Glace, colors only	2.25
2 clasp Washable Pique	2.00
2 clasp "Plevna"	1.00

VALLIERS

3 clasp "Verlaine" Glace	1.50
3 clasp "Phenix" Suede, colors	1.50

CHILDREN

2 clasp Misses Bourbon, colors and white	1.50
2 clasp Boys, white	1.25
1 clasp Pique, tans	1.25
2 clasp Misses "Dauphin," colors only	1.00

WOMENS EASTER HOSE

All the newest and latest styles including plain embroidered and lace.

Black Lace Hose	.20 and .25
Lace Stripe Lisle Thread, 3 pair 1.00	.35
Lace Lisle, all-over and ankle effects	.50 and .75
Black Lace Lisle	1.00 to 1.50
Black Cotton, white and colored stripes and embroidered fronts	.25
Fancy Cotton, new embroidered fronts and black and white stripes	.35
Fancy Cotton and Lisle	.50
Lisle Thread, embroidered and lace ankle effects, .75 to 1.50	
Fancy Lisle, black and white and colored lace stripes, 2.00	
Black Pure Silk	1.50 to 2.50
Fancy Embroidered and black lace silk	2.50 to 8.50

CHILDRENS HOSE

Childrens Black Cotton, Lisle and Silk Hose.	25
Boys "Never Mend Hose," linen spliced knees	

Men and Boys

Not a whit behind in either clothing or furnishings for men and boys—what a comfort it is in these times that test the store to know and feel that the best is here.

MENS SUITS

A good Cheviot Suit, 10.00.

Splendid values in Rogers-Peet cheviots, cassimeres and worsteds, regulation or peg-top trousers, at 18.00 and 22.50.

And no tailor ever made a better suit for 50.00 than our Rogers-Peet at 30.00

MENS TOPCOATS

An elegant worsted, 15.00.

New Homespuns, all-wool crashes, 18.50.

No tailor can make a better coat than our black, short undressed worsted for 22.50.

BOYS CLOTHING

Little Boys Sailor and Russian Blouse Suits 2½ to 12 years, 4.50 to 10.00.

Special showing at 5.00.

Norfolk and Two Piece Suits, double and single breast, 3.50 to 13.50.

Special showing at 5.00 and 6.00. Norfolks with Knickerbockers or Straight Pants. All with Belt Straps. Plain Colors Included.

Reefers and Russians, 2½ to 8 years, 5.00 to 10.00.

Topcoats and Raincoats, 7 to 16 years, 5.00 to 10.00.

Special line of Boys Knee Pants at 90c

MENS EASTER FURNISHINGS

Full Dress Vests, single and double breast, 3.50, 4.00 and 5.00

White Veats ..... 2.50 to 5.50

Wash Vests, greys and figured, 3.75 to 5.50

Easter Neckwear, strings, four-in-hands and Squares ..... .50, 1.00, 1.50, 2.00, 2.50, 3.00

Easter Gloves, best makers only, Kid and Mocha, tans, and greys, 1.50, 1.75, 2.00

Suspenders, light weight, new line, stripes and figured ..... .50 and 1.00

Handkerchiefs, pure linen, white, 2 for .25 up to 2.50. Fancies 2 for .25 up to 2.00.

Shirts, white, pleated, cuffs on or off, 1.50 and 2.00.

Plain white, 1.00 and 2.00.

Fancies, 1.50 to 2.50.

Separate Department for Boys.

Shop by Mail — 233-235 FIFTH AVENUE — Buy by Phone

KORNBLUM

Optician.

REMOVED TO—

Arrott Building

Cor. Wood St. and 4th Ave.

SECOND FLOOR.

MICA AXLE GREASE

lightens the load—shortens the road.

Helps the team. Saves wear and expense. Sold everywhere.

MADE BY STANDARD OIL CO.

BEST

ICE

BEST SERVICE.

HYGEIA DISTILLED WATER.

CONSOLIDATED ICE CO.

Eureka Harness Oil is the best preservative of new leather and the best renovator of old leather. It oils, softens, blacks and protects. Use

Eureka Harness Oil

on your best harness, your old harness, and your carriage top, and they will not only look better but wear longer. Sold everywhere in cans—all sizes from half pints to five gallons.

Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

AS BUSINESS BRINGERS GAZETTE CLASSIFIED ADS EQUAL ANY.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

THE SLIGHTEST WANT IS QUICKLY SUPPLIED BY GAZETTE CLASSIFIED ADS.

SECOND SECTION PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 8, 1903. PAGES 9 TO 14

THE PUBLIC IS SACRIFICED FOR LARGE DIVIDENDS

Watered Stock of Pittsburgh Railways Co. Has to Be Cared For.

INTERESTING FIGURES

Traction Conditions Here and in Liverpool, Where Municipal Control Prevails—Franchises Worth Millions Obtained Free.

While it is a question open to argument whether municipal ownership of street railway lines would be a solution of the present unbusinesslike, although very economical, management of the traction service in Pittsburgh and Allegheny, it is likely that no municipal ownership could result in worse conditions than those presented by the present ownership of the transportation service of this great and wonderful community. Frequent accidents happen, cars are crowded during rush hours, thousands of passengers never get a seat in a street car, and the fares, at least for those who are conveyed as strap-hangers or bumper-riders, are higher than they ought to be.

These are the conditions as they present themselves to the ordinary observer. How the traction monopoly views the situation is somewhat vague. When General Superintendent John Murphy was questioned about it his reply was, "The Gazette knows more about our business than we do ourselves," and this admission of incompetency is all that the Pittsburgh Railways Company's representatives have so far had to say regarding the very inadequate service they are furnishing.

AN INTERESTING COMPARISON MADE.

A comparison of conditions in Liverpool, England, with the situation in Pittsburgh has been made, leaving the local company far in the rear. Advocates of municipal ownership might argue therefrom that the showing demonstrates the superiority of municipal ownership over private ownership, whereas the real answer is, that it is the superior intelligence shown by the municipality of Liverpool that makes the better showing for the Liverpool street car service.

Granting, as a business proposition, that municipal ownership can not in general compare with private ownership of street car service, it must be admitted that if a case of municipal ownership can be shown which has improved conditions that under a private corporation in this city have been allowed to grow worse, then that demonstration is an indictment of the local company.

In Liverpool the change to an intelligent, businesslike, public-spirited management resulted in a reduction of fares, an increase in profits, the lessening of the crowding of cars and an advance in the wages of employes, the traveling public at the same time gaining in the reduction of fares, in one year, $1,600,000 that remained in the pockets of the street car passengers.

DIVIDENDS THE GREAT DESIDERATUM.

In Pittsburgh the change from one to another private management resulted in a very slight advance in wages, more frequent accidents, more crowding of cars and a general congestion of traffic that is abominable, and an issue of stock that requires the payment of dividends which, apparently, can not be met unless the public is denied that which is its due.

When the Philadelphia Company—which is the Pittsburgh Railways Company—acquired the United Traction, Consolidated Gas, Consolidated Traction and Southern Traction companies it apparently reduced the amount on which dividends had to be earned, for the combined capital stock of the companies named was $41,000,000 and the amount of Philadelphia Company stock that paid for it was only $19,000,000. But the $19,000,000 was a 6 per cent stock, and the $41,000,000 paid practically no dividends at all, so that the reduction in liabilities was only apparent, not real. Since then the company has acquired the Mellon lines.

From one point of view—the public's—nearly all the stock of the local traction company could be considered as water, for the bonds represent the cost of building and equipping the lines, while the common and preferred stock represents the amount which the promoters think the public franchises—obtained for nothing, practically—are worth.

In the case of the exchange of stock mentioned, the value of the franchise is, therefore, $19,000,000, although eventually it is expected to be worth about $40,000,000.

The facts about the traction lines in Liverpool were recently given in New York by C. R. Bellamy, the general manager of the municipal street railways of Liverpool. He showed how the city had bought a horse railway line of 68 miles that was carrying 38,400,000 passengers every year and providing a revenue of $1,305,552. That was in 1897. In 1902 the city had added 40 miles of additional track, carried 100,333,585 passengers that year and got a revenue of $2,431,320, nearly trebling the number of passengers, more than doubling the amount of revenue, at the same time increasing wages and reducing fares, applying liberal amounts to the sinking fund and increasing the profits of the road.

And this result is not a proof of the benefits of municipal ownership; it is a demonstration that if the local traction company were not compelled to pay dividends on watered stock, and conducted its lines in a public-spirited manner, the people of Pittsburgh could have an even better traction service than Liverpool has, for if municipal ownership can do what has been done in Liverpool, how much better could corporate ownership of the right sort improve upon local conditions?

ANOTHER OF THE CRYING EVILS OF TRACTION SERVICE SHOWN

When cars of the Pittsburgh Railways Company get behind their schedules it is seldom that any consideration whatever is given to the desires of the traveling public. No stops are made unless it be for the purpose of throwing a switch or letting passengers off, and those who try to get one then are told to "Take the next car." Men take a chance and swing on to cars that are in motion. Women cannot do this. They have to stand and see cars in which there is room rush by, and it is usually the case that the car they are finally able to board is crowded to the limit, forcing them to become strap-holders.

APPOMATOX IS TO BE RECALLED

Big Celebration of a Great Event to Be Held Tomorrow Night.

NOTED MEN WILL SPEAK

Three Brigade Commanders and One Who Surrendered Will Tell of the Ending of the War.

Arrangements were completed yesterday for the Appomatox day celebration to be held by the Union Veteran legion in Old City hall tomorrow evening. The hall has been in the hands of the decorators, under the charge of Col. John Stulen, for the last two days and has been made gay by the use of the national colors, corps markers and old battle flags. The speakers tomorrow night will include three men who commanded brigades at Appomatox and one man who fought in a noted organization which surrendered there. The brigade commanders are Gen. Joshua L. Chamberlain of Maine, and Gen. Richard L. Coulter of Greensburg, each of whom commanded infantry brigades, and Gen. S. M. B. Young, who led one of Sheridan's cavalry brigades on that occasion. The representative of the other side is Judge John T. Goolrick of Fredericksburg, Va. He fought with Braxton's confederate battery during the war and was with it when it surrendered to Grant. Another speaker will be Corporal Tanner of Brooklyn, who has many friends and admirers here. Capt. Richard Coulter, Jr., of the Tenth Pennsylvania in the Spanish-American war, will also be asked to speak.

The organizations invited to attend the meeting include the Grand Army post of Allegheny county and Camp Hunt and Camp Jenkins, service men of the Spanish war. However, when the hall doors are opened everybody will be welcome. No charge will be made, nor is a card of admission necessary.

The survivors of the Fifth corps and of the Fourth Pennsylvania cavalry residing in Western Pennsylvania have arranged for a reception to be given Thursday afternoon, from 4 to 6 o'clock, at the Hotel Duquesne, to Gen. Chamberlain and Gen. Young. Gen. Chamberlain led a Maine infantry regiment in the Fifth corps until promoted to brigadier general. Gen. Young's military career started with the Fourth Pennsylvania cavalry and he stayed with it until he, too, succeeded to the command of a brigade. The committee in charge of the reception consists of the following:

Maj. George Laughlin, who served on Gen. Griffin's staff at Appomattox; Maj. W. J. Moorhead, Seventeenth United States infantry; Dr. [illegible] Green, color bearer for the Fifth Corps at Appomattox; Charles F. [illegible], One Hundred and Fifty-fifth Pennsylvania volunteers; Capt. E. E. Ziegler, One Hundred and Ninteth Pennsylvania volunteers; Capt. C. Dorrington, One Hundred and Forty-ninth Pennsylvania volunteers (Buckta[illegible]); Capt. W. M. Daigleish, who served on Gen. Chamberlain's staff at Appomattox; Maj. D. Boggs, Fourth Pennsylvania cavalry; Col. S. M. Hill, One Hundred and Fifty-fifth Pennsylvania volunteers; Capt. M. Paugburn of Beaver Falls, One Hundred and Fifty-fifth Pennsylvania volunteers; Capt. John C. Sias, One Hundred and Fifty-fifth Pennsylvania volunteers; Capt. O. S. McIlwaine, Ninth Pennsylvania reserves; Maj. Samuel Gregg, One Hundred and Fifty-fifth Pennsylvania volunteers; Maj. William Shorb, One Hundred and Fifty-fifth Pennsylvania volunteers; the Hon. J. W. Over, Fourteenth Pennsylvania cavalry; the Hon. H. Collier, One Hundred and Thirty-ninth Pennsylvania volunteers; Gen. A. Blakeley, Fourteenth Pennsylvania cavalry; Dr. C. P. Selp, Fourteenth Pennsylvania cavalry; Col. James M. Schoonmaker, Fourteenth Pennsylvania cavalry; Capt. George C. Chalmers, Sixty-third Pennsylvania volunteers; Capt. Samuel M. Duncan, One Hundred and Second Pennsylvania volunteers; Col. T. T. Wood, One Hundred and Fifty-fifth Pennsylvania volunteers; Gen. Charles L. Fitzhugh, who commanded a division of cavalry; Capt. William McConway, One Hundred and Thirty-ninth Pennsylvania volunteers; Maj. Robert W. Lyon, One Hundred and Second Pennsylvania volunteers; Maj. Hugh F. Colner of Clarion, One Hundred and Fifty-fifth Pennsylvania volunteers, and Maj. A. B. Hay.

BEER KEGS CRUSHED OUT LIVES OF TWO MEN

One Already Dead, the Other Is Dying—Wagon Slid Down a Hillside and Overturned on the Victims.

One man was killed outright and another so seriously injured that he can not survive by the overturning of a delivery wagon owned by Bernetha Weiss, a wholesale liquor dealer of East Pittsburgh, near Turtle Creek, at 11 o'clock yesterday morning. The victims are:

JOSEPH SLOIZER, a Slav, aged 22 years; killed instantly by beer kegs which fell on him after the wagon overturned.

JACOB MARKS, aged 50; struck by falling beer kegs and so seriously injured that he is expected to die at any moment.

The wagon contained about 80 kegs of beer. While passing along a steep embankment in Newtown, near Turtle Creek, the wheels slipped and slid down the hill, pulling the team of horses with it. After sliding a short distance the beer kegs fell to the side of the wagon, and the weight overturned the vehicle and it rolled to the bottom of a deep ravine.

Sloizer and Marks, who were on the wagon, were thrown over the hill when the wagon overturned, and both were caught under the beer kegs as they rolled out of the wagon. Several of the kegs struck Sloizer on the head and body, crushing him, and he was dead when picked up several minutes later. Marks was also struck by the falling kegs and was cut and bruised over his entire head, face and body, and no hope is entertained for his recovery. The horses were painfully injured and the wagon was wrecked. The slippery condition of the hillside along which the road runs is said to have caused the wheels to slide.

Sloizer, the dead man, had been in this country but a short time. He was single and boarded at East Pittsburgh. Marks is married and lives in Railroad street, Turtle Creek.

SENATE HAS BUSY DAY TAKING FINAL ACTION

Large Number of Bills Are Passed, Some Ready for Governor.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

HARRISBURG, April 7.—The senators were busy on final action today and a large number of bills were passed as follows:

House bill establishing a uniform method for issuing and recording certificates granted to persons employed as foremen and assistant foremen in coal mines.

House bill increasing the salaries of the judges of the several courts of the state.

House bill making it unlawful to sell or slaughter for food calves under four weeks of age.

House bill creating the office of an assistant district attorney in counties having over 150,000 inhabitants.

House bill providing for a clerk to the jury commissioners of the several counties in the state.

House bill supplementing the act to prevent physicians and surgeons from testifying in civil cases to communications made to them by their patients by extending the provisions of the act to proceedings for divorce and in equity and other proceedings in courts of law.

Regulating the compensations of directors of poor districts composed of several boroughs and townships situated in more than one county having a population of over 70,000.

Prohibiting the selling or the furnishing or giving away of cocaine or any medicine, proprietary or otherwise containing cocaine, except on a physician's prescription.

Requiring justices of the peace to procure and use a seal of office.

To legalize the charters of boroughs that have never recorded the petition for incorporation.

To loan arms and accoutrement and to provide for the draining of swampy lands.

Making an appropriation to Elwyn Feeble-Minded school.

To prohibit the apointment of deputy constables.

Authorizing board of school directors to provide for the maintainance of delinquent children under the age of 16 years in certain case.

Providing the manner in which independent school districts may be abolished.

Westmoreland hospital, Westmoreland County Uniontown hospital, Bradford hospital, Franklin City hospital, Connellsville State hospital, Butler hospital appropriations.

Limiting the expense by the state to replace bridges destroyed by flood, fire, etc., to $200,000 in any one year.

Two bills recalled from the governor and amended were passed finally, as follows: Authorizing courts to appoint and remove trustees; amending the act to settle title to real estate by designating the manner in which notices may be served.

The bill providing for the repeal of the local option laws in North Fayette township, Allegheny county, was defeated.

BOARD OF ESTIMATES ACT PASSES SENATE

Phillips Racing Bill Amended to Eliminate Gambling and Passed by House.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

HARRISBURG, April 7.—Senator J. M. Goehring's bill providing for "boards of estimates" in cities of the second class passed finally in the senate tonight. Opposition in the house is not expected.

The senate, by a vote of 113 to 58, passed finally the judges salary bill.

The Phillips racing bill, which has been amended to eliminate the pool selling feature, passed finally in the house this morning by a vote of 113 to 58. It will be given a hearing by the senate corporation committee tomorrow.

By a decisive viva voce vote, the house this afternoon for the second time refused to reconsider the vote by which the Wilmerding local option repealer was defeated on final passage. Mr. Scott spoke against the motion to reconsider.

The municipal corporations committee of the house tonight amended the bill of Senator Calpin which provides that the executives of second-class cities shall be known as mayor instead of recorder, as provided by the Muehlbronner act. The amendment inserted provides that the bill shall not be retroactive, this being considered necessary to protect municipal legislation enacted under the provisions of the Muehlbronner act.

CHESTER D. POTTER.

QUAY'S POWER BEHIND SALUS LIBEL MEASURE

Bill Is Given Speed Limit in Effort to Put It on Statute Books.

HARRISBURG, PA., April 7.—Friends of Senator Quay assert that he is the responsible man behind the Salus-Grady libel bill and that it will have the support of the Republican organization in both branches. Quay, it is said, is coming to Harrisburg tomorrow to help the bill along, and if it becomes necessary he will return next week in order to make sure it reaches the governor. The inaugural address of Gov. Pennypacker indicated that he would approve a measure like the one pending.

Rapid work is being done. Mr. Salus' bill, introduced last night in the house, was immediately reported and read a first time this morning. Senator Grady introduced a duplicate in the senate this morning. It was reported this afternoon and read a first time tonight. Under the constitution this is the speed limit. The prostitution this is the speed limit.

DR. FENNER'S KIDNEY and Backache CURE

All diseases of Kidneys, Bladder, Urinary Organs, Also Rheumatism, Backache, Heart Disease, Gravel, Dropsy, Female Troubles.

Don't become discouraged. There is a cure for you. If necessary write Dr. Fenner. He has spent a life time curing just such cases as yours. All consultations Free.

"Eight months in bed, heavy backache, pain and soreness across kidneys, also rheumatism. Other remedies failed. Dr. Fenner's Kidney and Backache Cure cured me completely. B. WATERS, Hamlet, N. Y."

Druggists, 50c., $1. Ask for Cook Book. Free.

ST. VITUS' DANCE Sure Cure. Circular. Dr. Fenner, Fredonia, N. Y.

The slightest want is quickly supplied by Gazette Classified Ads.

Inexperience no Barrier

To the Young Housekeeper—By the Use of

ARMOUR'S Extract of Beef

A Novice may secure a Tempting Color and a Delicious Flavor to Soup, Sauces and Entrees that can not be excelled by the most Experienced Cook

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS

VOYAGERS LIVED ON SHORT RATIONS

Steamship Southwark Delayed Eight Days on Western Passage.

PROVISIONS RAN OUT

The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau, Herald Building, Herald Square, NEW YORK, April 7.

An angry lot of people surged down the gangway from the Red Star steamer Southwark when that vessel arrived at her berth at Pier 15, North river, today. Not only were they angry at the delay of eight days, the trip taking 17 days, but at the lack of food, which, as they expressed it, was a "bread famine." For six days, they say, the steerage passengers, of whom there 995, were without enough bread.

Joseph Kobin, a bright German-American of Cleveland, O., described the trip. He said that not only was there a bread famine, but also serious trouble with the machinery of the boat, beginning with the second day out. "Not only was there not bread enough to properly feed those in the steerage," said he, "but the cabin passengers also suffered. When the bread was first withheld from the steerage passengers they objected and later their objections became so violent that the officers found it necessary to withhold some of the bread intended for the cabin passengers.

"On the second day out we stopped. We heard that the feed pipes leading from the boiler to the engine rooms were leaking. From then on the delays were frequent and the trip slow."

While there was no hysterical scenes, it is said that amusements of all kinds were abandoned and that religious services became a daily feature. The passengers walked the decks in silence or communed with one another in small groups. But there was no leader to call a mass meeting like the one of protest from the St. Louis passengers.

Captain Dann of the Southwark this evening said that the delay to the vessel was due to high seas and gales. On the way over, he said, the vessel met 11 icebergs, six large and five small ones, between longitude 48 degrees and 51½ degrees. Strong westerly winds were encountered, he said, and gales with terrific seas. Yesterday, he declared, was the only fine day on the whole trip.

MUCH MATERIAL BOUGHT ABROAD

Pittsburgh Mills Are Large Purchasers of Iron, Steel, Pig and Scrap.

THE RECORD FOR MARCH

The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau, Herald Building, Herald Square, NEW YORK, April 7.

Nearly 142,000 tons of foreign iron and steel material, pig iron, scrap iron, old iron rails, crop ends, bar iron, structural iron, steel beams, scrap steel, old steel rails, railroad material; also iron ore, iron pyrites, chrome and manganese ores were imported through New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore last month. Twenty-five thousand seven hundred and thirty-seven tons came though this port. Philadelphia handled 40,846 tons, while 75,000 tons were imported via Baltimore. Pittsburgh mills were again large purchasers.

The imports of pig iron represented 53,941 tons, as against 31,892 tons in February. The March imports came principally from Great Britain, 40,888 tons having been forwarded. Thirteen thousand and thirteen tons came from Continental Europe.

The pig iron shipped from the United Kingdom was sent from Middlesborough principally; 8,381 tons came from Liverpool, and 9,049 were shipped from Rotterdam. Trieste sent 3,000 tons. Three hundred tons came from Singapore.

The imports of scrap iron, old iron rails, steel billets, etc., aggregated 14,297 tons, as compared with 12,252 tons for February. The bulk of the shipments were made from continental Europe.

Seventy-two thousand and fourteen tons of iron ore, iron pyrites, chrome and manganese ores were imported last month. The March iron ore imports represented a total of 57,417 tons, being a decrease of about 40 per cent when compared with those made in the previous month. This material came chiefly from Cuba, as heretofore.

Iron pyrites—8,582 tons—were imported from Huelva. One shipment of 4,000 tons of manganese ore was made from Rio Janeiro. Chrome ore to the extent of 2,000 tons was also imported.

Davila Captured a Town.

PANAMA, April 7.—Advices from Honduras state that Gen. Davila, one of the generals of Senor Bonilla, president-elect of Honduras, in the latter's struggle against the retiring president, Sierra, captured the town of Choluteca, 68 miles south of the capital, Tegucigalpa, yesterday after a nine-hour battle, and is besieging Nacaome.

WEST IS SOLID, SAYS THURSTON

Normal Republican Control in the Future Foreseen by Nebraskan Statesman.

BRYAN ONLY PARTY MAN

Ex-Senator John M. Thurston of Nebraska, now a resident of Washington, D. C., spent yesterday in Pittsburgh arranging with James Deitrick and his attorney, John McCleave, some of the details preliminary to the incorporation of the development companies which Mr. Deitrick is promoting to make use of franchises he has secured in Nicaragua. The ex-senator talks interestingly of the present political tendencies in the west.

"In my own state, Nebraska, William J. Bryan is still a strong man in his own party, but that is all," he said last evening at the Lincoln. "The truth of the matter is that the west is normally Republican and the west is now a normal west. When it went wrong on financial ideas a few years ago it went badly wrong, but that is in the past and the very fact of erring once will serve as a deterrent from a second mistake."

The Nebraska statesman's trip to Pittsburgh is the outcome of an acquaintance of 15 years with James Deitrick.

"I first met Mr. Deitrick when I was counsel for the Union Pacific and he was general superintendent of the California lines of the Southern Pacific," he said. "My part in his new company is that of adviser in the matter of incorporation. The company will be chartered in an American state and be entirely an American company. Its franchise possesses particular value because it is granted not alone by President Zelaya of Nicaragua, but by not of the two houses of the Nicaragua congress approved by the president."

Senator Thurston left last evening on his return to Washington.

HERR JOHANN MOST COMES OUT OF PRISON

NEW YORK, April 7.—After serving a year's imprisonment, less about two months for good behaviour, on Blackwell's island, John Most, the anarchist, has been released. Most was convicted for the publication in his paper, Freiheit, on the day President McKinley was shot, of an article with the caption, "Murder and Murder," which was held by the courts to endanger the public peace in that it was an incitement to the murder of rulers.

A POLITICAL WAKE AT THE PRESS CLUB

A "political wake" was the name given to a reception last night "after 30" at the Pittsburgh Press club to many of the well-known officials of Pittsburgh and Allegheny for years past who went out of office on Monday. The reception was given to show the appreciation of the newspaper men for the many favors granted them during the official life of the guests of the evening.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

DRY DAY IN KANSAS.

Liquor Question Chief Point at Issue and Women Vote Strongly Temperance.

KANSAS CITY, April 7.—Elections were held in all the large cities of Kansas today. The liquor question was an issue in a number of cities, notably Topeka. The result as a whole, shows large Republican gains. Kansas City, Kas., turned a Democratic plurality of 2,000 two years ago into a Republican plurality of more than 2,500 today.

In Topeka, W. H. Bergundthal, Republican, was chosen for mayor by more than 500 plurality. He was the "dry" candidate.

OMAHA, NEB., April 7.—Municipal elections were held in all the cities and towns of Nebraska today, with the exception of Omaha and South Omaha. Party lines were drawn in but few instances. Republicans were successful in most of the towns heard from up to midnight.

ST. PAUL, MINN., April 7.—Elections were held in villages and cities of the third class throughout Minnesota today. They were without political significance, most of the tickets being unopposed, and where more than one ticket was in the field party lines were not drawn.

MILWAUKEE, WIS., April 7.—The judicial election in Wisconsin passed off very quietly today. Judge Robert G. Siebecker of Madison, judge of the Ninth circuit, was elected to the place of the Wisconsin supreme brench, made vacant by the recent death of C. V. Bardon.

PAINTERS BADLY USED.

Burned With Vitriol and Beaten By Two Strangers Who Escaped.

Charles A. Locke and Fred Busch, non-union painters in the employ of Louis Titzel, while at work at the residence of C. S. Miller, No. 1089 Shady avenue yesterday, were attacked by two strangers, who after beating them, doused them both with blue vitrol.

Locke and Busch noticed the two men loitering about the premises, but did not pay any attention to them. Suddenly the strangers rushed on the painters and beat them. One of the intruders drew a bottle of vitriol and dashed the contents on Locke. The acid struck him on the face, left shoulder and hands, burning them severely. Busch had his clothing slightly drenched, but was not burned. He raised an alarm but the assailants made their escape.

Master Painter Titzel is antagonistic to the painters' strike and has an injunction suit pending against the district painters' council. A few weeks ago several of his men were assaulted on Fourth avenue. The officers of the district council have notified their members to preserve the peace toward all non-union painters.

MAY GET ASSISTANCE.

Postoffice Department Also Considering Advisability of Consolidation.

C. T. McCoy, assistant superintendent of city delivery for the eastern division, was in Pittsburgh yesterday conferring with Postmaster George L. Holliday on the advisability of consolidating a number of postoffices in the suburbs of Pittsburgh with the city office. Several consolidations of this kind have already been authorized by the postoffice department and will go into affect on June 1, and the department is now considering the question of adding others to Mr. Holliday's control.

Another important matter that Mr. McCoy is investigating is the number of additional carriers needed in Pittsburgh. Postmaster Holliday has not yet made a requisition for more carriers, but a number are needed and will be decided by Mr. McCoy. He will return to Washington today and make a report to the department upon which will depend to a great extent the improvements in the postal service of Pittsburgh. The department now considers Pitsburgh one of the big offices in the country, and it is desired to give it all of the facilities necessary to an efficient service.

Shot Dead During Quarrel.

OIL CITY, PA., April 7.—(Special.)—Jesse E. Beyer, 22 years old, a discharged sailor from the United States steamer Wabash, was shot dead near West Salamanca, N. Y., this evening by William Redawald, a Polish laborer. The men had quarreled over wood which was being used by a widow with whom Beyer boarded. After the shooting Redawald surrendered to a deputy sheriff.

LIVE TOPICS ABOUT TOWN.

Mays and Schilling Bros. Co., the popular druggists, had a pleasant experience yesterday. One of their Mi-o-na customers called at the store expressly to thank them for recommending that remedy. Although beginning its use less than a month ago this party, a prominent business man, considers himself completely cured of indigestion today and has gained about 10 lbs. in weight.

In a letter received by Mays and Schilling Bros. Co. was the following testimonial from Francis Murphy, the famous apostle of temperance. Messrs. Mays and Schilling Bros. Co. wants everybody in Pittsburgh to read what Mr. Murphy writes: "Mi-o-na is a wonderful remedy. I have used it and with all my heart and my renewed strength I would thank you for it. I would gladly recommend Mi-o-na to all who are suffering from indigestion or dyspepsia."

Mi-o-na has gained fame through being sold on the "No Cure No Pay" plan. Although Mays and Schilling Bros. Co. have sold hundreds of packages with their personal guarantee to refund the money if it does not cure they have had less than 2 per cent ask for their money back. Remember, that if Mi-o-na does not cure you, your money is cheerfully returned.

It pays to advertise articles of merit in The Gazette. Mi-o-na has been advertised but little, yet Druggists Mays and Schilling Bros. Co. report it the best selling medicine they handle. This shows the advantage of The Gazette advertising when one has an article of superior merit to sell on the "No Cure No Pay" plan, the way Mi-o-na is sold.

The "Gusky" label is to women's wear what the "Sterling" is to silver.

GUSKY'S 300 TO 400 MARKET ST. EVERYTHING TO WEAR

CORRECT EASTER GARMENTS FOR WOMEN.

There's always a marked touch of elegance, style, beauty and exclusiveness about "Gusky" garments that bespeaks the products of highest skill. Not only are all our garments guaranteed as to fit, durability and comfort, but if you are not perfectly satisfied with what you get, or it's not exactly what you want, just tell us and we will make it good.

Women who find it difficult to be fitted correctly will find our department a great convenience.

WOMEN' SUITS, $15.00

It's seldom, if ever, one sees a more choice collection of stylish, up-to-date suits than those we're now offering at fifteen dollars. In cheviots, broadcloths and all the popular materials and latest styles and effects. In workmanship, attention to details and general appearance they're worth much more—and you'd pay it at any other store but Gusky's. Priced here at..... $15

WOMEN'S DRESS SUITS, $25.00

Of course they're worth it. Where could you see better values than this? Very chic, stylish Jackets, trimmed with silk braid and ornaments—fancy sleeves. You can choose from many different styles, and as to materials, there are etamines, broadcloths, cheviots and fancy mixtures. Colors, blue, black, green and other favorites. An early selection advisable..... $25

RUNABOUT SKIRTS FOR $5.00

"Just the thing" for street and shopping wear. An elegant assortment in well-known materials, some strapped seam yoke effects, with heavy stitching on bottom; others full flare in all the desirable shades and colors..... $5

Dress lengths same price.

DRESS SKIRTS AT $10.00

We're especially proud of this assortment of ten dollar Skirts. Visit this section before you buy, and see why. Skirts come in broadcloths, etamines, cheviots and fancy worsteds... $10

WASH WAISTS

Fit for everybody—fit for every occasion. And priced very, very reasonable at 50 cents to $6.50. We've beautiful ones for your choosing, in popular materials—dainty lace embroidery insertions and hemstitchings. All with the new pouch sleeves and bishop stocks—

50c to $6.50

SILK WAISTS, $6.98

Silk Waists still hold sway—and we still keep our assortment of patterns, sizes and styles so complete that no one need go away disappointed. Beautiful creations for maid or matron—the right waist at the right price..... $6.98

JACKETS—SPECIAL SALE

Today we put on sale a handsome collection of stylish, up-to-date Jackets that we've priced $5.00 each. They come in well-known materials, including covert cloths, cheviots, venetians, taffetas and peau de soies. The cloth jackets are tight-fitting—fly fronts, with plain or bishop sleeves; the silks full box with large sailor collars—regular price $6.00. Today only..... $5.00 Special Value.

UNABLE TO RENT A HOME WOMAN FAINTED ON STREET

Excited and overcome by being unable to rent a house to move into, Mrs. Mary Cook, a widow, living in Carey alley, South Side, fell in a spasm in Fourth avenue, between Wood and Smithfield streets, yesterday afternoon. The fit came upon her in the center of the financial section, and those who went to her assistance included several of the best known financiers of the city.

Telephone calls for the ambulance from the Homeopathic hospital and later for the police patrol wagon were not answered. The woman was forced to lie upon the street until the spasm had passed. Then, aided by a woman companion and a policeman who was over 20 minutes late in arriving, she started on her way home.

To Cure Grip in 2 Days Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

Pirates' New Pitchers Very Promising

PIRATES READY FOR COLONELS

The Champions Reach Louisville and Play Today.

THE NEW PITCHERS

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, KY., April 7.—After having been on route for over 24 hours the Pirate aggregation of ball tossers arrived in the old home of President Dreyfuss at 7 o'clock tonight. Immediately after the game with Little Rock yesterday afternoon the entire party boarded a special Pullman. It was expected that the trip from Little Rock to Memphis could be made in time to catch the night train over the Illinois Central to Louisville, but one-half of the route lay through the district that had been devastated by the break in the levees along the Mississippi. For over 20 miles the train crept along at a snail's pace, and it was night before Memphis was reached. The connection was missed and the Pirates' car was sidetracked until this morning.

The result of the final game with Little Rock was entirely satisfactory to President Dreyfuss in that it showed that the Pirates were beginning to develop their team play. The hit and run game was never played to better advantage, and only one of the 10 runs made was wasted. Little Rock contributing two in critical periods of the game and aiding in the run getting. The fielding was sharp and clean throughout. Wagner, Bitthey and Bransfield figured in a double play that was so fast that the Arkansas team could scarcely realize that it had been executed until Clarke's men left their places in the field.

Lee pitched his best game since he has been a Pirate. He was a credit to the proverbial cucumber and seemed to have barrels of speed in reserve. Merritt also pitched an excellent game and the work of the two make the final makeup of the batting staff a more difficult problem than ever. In fact, all of the youngsters, Zelkenburg, Wilhelm and Veil, are showing greatly improved form each day they are put in the box, and the loss of Costello and Chamberlain may not be so severely felt after all. Kennedy is waiting for a hot spell to prove that he is still one of the most effective pitchers in the league circles. He is in the best possible shape and is confident that he can make good.

The news of the defeat of Connie Mack's Athletics by Chief Zimmer's team was received from the Pirates' car. At Fulton, the first stop out of Memphis, a message was sent the ex-Pirate by President Dreyfuss congratulating him on his victory. The news of the victory was all the more acceptable since Zimmer's men had beaten Rube Waddell.

Sam Leever does not like the new playing rule that compels the pitcher to keep both feet in front of the pitcher's plate. The rule will prevent the schoolmaster from getting in his little hop, but it is not thought that its effectiveness will be lessened, but the Goosenebuy hates to change his delivery.

A lengthy discussion of the new rule was entered into this morning between President Dreyfuss, Doheny and Leever, President Dreyfuss having been a member of the rules committee that formulated the measure, defended it. It was brought out during the arguments that the effectiveness of a great many of the crossfire pitchers will be greatly lessened.

All of the left-handers, virtually take two steps in delivering the ball, thereby getting a good start. With the extra step eliminated, it is a question whether they will be able to get back their old-time speed.

The games to be played here tomorrow and Thursday have attracted a great deal of attention and big crowds are expected.

LEAGUE'S OPENING SHOOT.

North Side Tourney Starts Today and Many Trap Experts Expected.

The opening tournament of the Western Trap Shooters' league opens today on the grounds of the North Side Gun club, Allegheny. To reach the shooting grounds take Perrysville avenue car at Fifth avenue and Seventh street and get off at Davis avenue. Shooting will start promptly at 9 a. m.

Today's shoot will have more than ordinary interest for the reason that it is to open up the team trophy shoot, which is to continue all season. Besides this there will be a large number of events for which special prizes have been offered. It is expected that nearly every trap expert in this end of the state will be present and the North Side club has made arrangements for the care of all shooters.

A special from New Castle says: "A team composed of ex-State Champion James Atchison, Henry P. Shaner, Walter Rhodes and Edwin L. Agnew will represent the New Castle gun club tomorrow in the first tournament shoot under the auspices of the recently organized Western Pennsylvania Trap Shooters' league, which will take place at the range of the North Side Gun club of Allegheny."

M'LEAN BRINGS SUIT

Suspended Bicycle Rider Wants Association to Reinstate Him.

BOSTON, April 7.—Alex McLean of Chelsea, a professional bicycle rider, has brought an action in the supreme court before Judge Braley, seeking to compel the National Cycling association to reinstate him as a member of that body. McLean was suspended January 4, 1902, by the association.

Last October he went to Australia and rode several races. He also procured five-year contracts for Australia and New Zealand, but he alleges that the National Cycling association through its chief officer wrote to the secretary of the league of New South Wales Wheelmen, the association controlling cycling records in Australia and New Zealand, that the National Cycling association controls it here, urging the disqualification of McLean from all cycling contests until he has procured his reinstatement to membership in the National Cycling association.

He asserts that he has received word from the chairman of the New South Wales Wheelmen to the effect that he will not be permitted to enter any races until he has procured his reinstatement to membership in the National Cycling association.

The papers in the case were received

IS NOT ANXIOUS FOR RIPPER BILL

Pennypacker Satisfied With State Capitol Commission as Now Constituted.

WHITE MEASURE DOOMED

Committee on Public Grounds and Buildings Decide to Hold It Under Advisement Indefinitely—Durham Takes Hand.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU.
HARRISBURG, PA., April 7.

The bill making Gov. Pennypacker a member of the new capitol commission and authorizing him to appoint one other member, thus increasing the membership to seven, was killed today, the senate committee on public grounds and buildings deciding to hold it "under advisement" indefinitely.

This method of disposing of the bill is just as effective as though it were reported and voted down on the floor of the senate. It has the further advantage that none of the senators were obliged to go on record. Senator White, author of the bill, says he proposed to force this issue and that he will tomorrow introduce a resolution asking that the committee on public grounds and buildings be discharged from further consideration of the bill and that it be placed upon the calendar. If Mr. White should do this he will provoke a warm fight, and the chances now are that he will be the loser.

Insurance Commissioner Durham discussed the White bill with Gov. Pennypacker last night. A report of what took place was this afternoon made to the committee on public grounds by a Philadelphia senator. The committee was informed that Mr. Durham told the governor that if he desired a place on the commission the pending bill would be amended so as to provide for his appointment, and that ex-Gov. Stone, the president of the commission, would resign as president so that Pennypacker could have the honor. Stone remaining, however, a member of the commission. By this arrangement the commission would be increased to six members, instead of seven, as the White bill provides.

Gov. Pennypacker is reported to have told Mr. Durham that he did not desire a place on the commission; that he had not been consulted by Senator White in reference to the introduction of the bill, in fact the senator had not, until yesterday, mentioned the matter to him. Further, the governor is reported to have informed Mr. Durham that he knew of no reason why the commission should be changed, that so far as he was informed it was attending to its duties, and that if it did not he was vested with the power of removal of such members as might be derelict in their duty.

Mr. Durham's representative also informed the commission that neither the governor nor Senator Quay wanted the White bill to pass. Upon this report the commission decided to let the bill sleep.

CHESTER D. POTTER.

THE THREE RIVERS.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

CINCINNATI, April 7.—River 26.1 feet and falling. The J. R. Lewis and Robert P. Gilham arrived down. The Tom Rees No. 2 and Brown arrived late last night and laid up for repairs, after which she will take a tow of coal south. All packets on time. City Engineer Stinley is preparing plans for the repair of the public landing. The entire wharf will be paved either with boulders or limestone.

LOUISVILLE—The river is on a stand with 7 feet 8 inches on the falls, 9 feet 10 inches in the canal and 24 feet 6 inches at the foot of the locks. The Island Queen passed down for Memphis. The Fisbie and Hudson went down from Cincinnati for Cairo. The Fulton left for Evansville tonight with a coal tow. The Dacotie arrived from Pittsburgh with a coal tow and goes back with empties. The Bee Rexx will be up from the south tomorrow and will return with a tow of coal.

MARIETTA—River 10 feet and stationary. Down at 9 a. m., Hudson, for Pittsburgh; Virginia, for Charleston; Hudson, for Pittsburgh; Scott, for Pittsburgh; Hudson, for Pittsburgh; Virginia, for Charleston

EASTERN STOCKS WEAK AND LOWER

U. S. Steel a Weak Feature, and High-Class Railway Shares Declined on Liquidation—Local Market Also Heavy.

By JOHN O. BAGLIN, Financial Editor.

The eastern stock market was dull and heavy yesterday, and toward the close of the session became weak, closing at or near the bottom. At the opening London was a seller, and it is estimated sold 10,000 shares more than it bought. The Southern-Union Pacific quarrel was not much of a factor in the dealings, and the street has made up its mind that after this week, when it is expected the Southern Pacific pool will be dissolved by limitation, it will not make much difference whether the contest between the factions is prolonged or not. Southern Pacific finally sold below 56, at which figure it is estimated that the pool holdings show an average loss of about 14 points. Union Pacific was apparently well supported during the early part of the day, and may have been affected by stories of a large short interest in the stock credited to the Southern Pacific pool interests. The declining tendency in the standard railway shares had a discouraging effect upon traders, who finally turned to the selling side. Pennsylvania declined to 126⅝, New York Central from 133 to 131, St. Paul from 163 to 161½, and other stocks lost from ½ to 1 per cent. Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, which had sold at the opening at 250, was at one time offered as low as 242, and Reading sold off more than a point. The selling of a block of 10,000 shares of Rock Island during the first hour depressed that stock and it continued heavy, despite reports that a large block of the stock had been placed abroad on the assurance that a dividend would be declared some time this year. The weakness in United States Steel, which sold down to 35 for the common and to 85¾ for the preferred, added to the prevailing depression. During market hours no news was received from the meeting of the directors, which had been called to go over the annual report of the company, which will be submitted to stockholders at the forthcoming annual meeting. While the market as a whole was weak, it was also extremely dull, the sales reaching only 438,600 shares.

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There was nothing in the news or the actual developments of the day to account for the depression of the market. The weakness in the steel stocks was accompanied by rumors of the possibility of labor troubles, but so far as learned there was no foundation for these reports. The anthracite coal stocks were also affected by rumors of miners' dissatisfaction over the findings of the commission. On the other hand, railroad earnings were good, and the tone of the money market was, if anything, easier, rates not getting above 6 per cent, and at one time declining to 4½ per cent, closing at 5 per cent. It is not improbable that sentiment had more to do than fact in influencing values. Undoubtedly the market is experiencing the reactionary effects of the Morgan interview. The tone of the letter appears to have put the critics of recent financial undertakings upon the offensive. Mr. Morgan expressed his views as to the soundness of the securities recently issued, and now from a dozen points queries are being fired at him, and his following as to the soundness of a mass of securities that have been issued to take up various enterprises the market value of which was duly manipulated before the transaction was closed. The public, instead of entertaining in a vague sort of way the impression that the output of securities had been in excess of the demand, and that the quality of the "goods" had been lowered, is now being treated to specific cases, and everybody is talking of "undigested securities," and with pad and pencil trying to calculate the amount and strain of the load which some of the syndicates must be carrying. In line with all this, one metropolitan newspaper on Monday published a tabulated statement in which it was estimated that something approaching $2,000,000,000 "undigested" or "partly digested" stocks and bonds were in the hands of the promoters or the syndicates which underwrote the same. This sort of thing is just as influential in depressing market values now as another sort of campaign was influential in booming values a year or two ago. If common experience is worth anything, the general average of market values will be forced as much below what may be called a fair level as they were before forced above such level. Good securities will be sacrificed—probably have been sacrificed during the past few weeks—to take care of securities not so good, or which are at the present unmarketable, but the general public will not buy freely until a leader with ample financial resources appears.

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On the Pittsburgh stock exchange yesterday the total sales were almost identical with the total for the day before, but the business was not so well distributed. The tone of the market was heavy, and net changes showed more losses than gains. Crucible Steel was again the most active stock and furnished nearly half of the total day's business. The common about held its own, selling at 18⅝@18⅝, and closing at 18¾, but the preferred was weak and lower, declining to 82 and recovering to 82½ at the close. This is the lowest price at which the stock has sold since the period just following the May panic of 1901. The only plausible explanation is that the decline is in sympathy with the weakness in United States Steel in the eastern market, and the latter is undoubtedly affected by the low price at which the new issue of United States Steel bonds are quoted. The latter have been selling around 85¾@85¾, this week, whereas the general expectation was that they would be floated around par. The actual changes that have taken place in financial conditions, but more particularly the change in sentiment that prevails, account for the heaviness in this class of securities. On our board yesterday United States Steel stocks were moderately active, but declined in sympathy with the movement in Wall street. Manufacturers Light & Heat was heavy, declining to 118¼ at the close. Pittsburgh Coal common declined to 28, and River Coal preferred was a fraction lower at 39½. The Westinghouse stocks declined to 97¼ for Electric second preferred. The first transaction in Window Glass common for a week occurred during the session, 100 shares changing hands at 44, a drop of 3¾, and a small lot of the preferred sold at 80. National Fire Proofing was firmer, the common selling at 28¼ and the preferred at 38¾.

In the banking and trust list Allegheny Trust made a new high record by advancing to 174, a net gain of 7 over the day before. Commonwealth Trust was 8 per cent lower, selling at 257. Safe Deposit sold to the extent of 150 shares at 158@160, the final sale being at 159½. Real Estate Trust rallied to 321, and receded to 320½. River Coal bonds sold at 113. The market closed dull.

PITTSBURGH STOCKS.

Transactions on the Pittsburgh stock exchange yesterday aggregated 6,689 shares stock and $6,000 bonds. Sales:

10 a. m. to 10:30 a. m.

100 W. Gl. com. 44
50 Crucible pfd. 82⅜
100 do ... 82⅜
100 do ... 82½
2 do ... 82⅜
10 do ... 82¼
5 do ... 82⅜
5 do ... 82¼
50-50-25-50 do .. 82⅛
2 do ... 82⅜
100 do ... 82¼
3 do ... 82⅜

10:30 a. m. to 12:30 p. m.

100 Brewing com. 32½
25 Crucible pfd. 82¾
25-50-35-10 do ... 82⅞
95-100 do ... 82
100-5-1-10-100 do.. 82
10-50 do ... 82¼
50-200-10-200 do.. 82
50-20-300-50-11 do 82
58 do ... 82⅛
50 Electric 2ds.. 87½
50 do ... 88⅜
10-100 do ... 97⅛
50 do ... 97½
20 Electric 1st s ... 90
25 M. L. & T. ... 194½
40 do ... 119

12:30 p. m. to 2 p. m.

5 U. S. S. com. ... 35¼
100 do ... 35¼
100 do ... 35⅜
5 S. S. Trust. ... 118½
25 M. L. & T. ... 193½
50 do ... 119
10 Crucible com. ... 18⅝
20-25 do ... 18⅝
25 do ... 18⅝
6 do ... 18
25 P. Coal com. ... 28½
200-25 do ... 28¾
75 U. S. St'l pfd. 86

2 p. m. to 3 p. m.

10 M. L. & H. ... 118½
50 do ... 118¾
25 M. L. & T. ... 118⅝
100 Crucible com. ... 18⅝
200-10 do ... 18¾
100 U. S. S. com. ... 35⅛
100 do ... 35⅜
20-20 do ... 35¼
200 do ... 35⅜
9 Ally. Trust. ... 172
15 do ... 172
50 do ... 174
100 Safe D. & T. ... 160
50 do ... 160½
50 Brewing pfd. ... 46⅝
20 do ... 48½
50 Riv. Coal pfd. 39½
30 do ... 39½

Bonds, Etc.

$6000 Riv. Coal 6s 113

Closing Bids and Offers.

STOCKS.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Exch. Seat	....	15000	Com'w'th	256	....
Pgh. Bks.			Ally. Bks.		
Bk. of Pgh.	....	143	Ally. Trust	173½	175
Diamond	480	....	B. of S. S.	95	....
Duquesne	277	295	D.S.F. & T.	282	290
Exchange	95	98	First Nat.	155	....
Federal	125	....	Nat. Gas.		
German	....	285	Peo. Pipe.	82	85
M. & M.	135	140½	M. L. & H.	118¾	118½
Monong'a	....	500	Miscel.		
Nat. City	455	475	Crucible	....	18¾
Union Nat.	....	1000	Do pfd.	82½	82¼
U. S. Nat.	152	....	Marsden	23	3
Trust Co.			Mon. Water	20	40
American	480	485	N. P. Proof	28	28¾
F. T. & T.	....	500	Phila. Co.	45	45¾
Guarantee	197	199	P.S.Car pfd	92	93½
Mercantile	140	....	P.S.Steel pfd	....	109
Penn'a	....	310	U. S. Glass	53½	....
Pgh. Trust	....	800	Do pfd.	137½	....
Real Estate	319½	329	H.-W. Co.	....	16
S. D. & T.	159	160	Do pfd.	....	71

BONDS.

Railroad.	
P. McK. & Y. 1st 5s	98¾

UNLISTED SECURITIES.

STOCKS.			
Miscel.			
A.W. Glass	44	....	
Do pfd.	82	88	
Con. Gas of Pgh.	144½	....	
River Coal.	....	10¾	
Do pfd.	39½	39½	
Pgh. Coal.	28	28¾	
Do pfd.	90¾	91¾	

STOCKS.			
Steys & R.	2½	....	
Do pfd.	13	....	
U. S. Steel	35¼	....	
Do pfd.	85½	....	
BONDS.			
Con.Gas 5s	....	110	
R. Coal 6s.	....	113	
Brewing 6s	113½	115¾	

Summary.

Shares.	High.	Low.	Last Sale.	Chgs.
106 Brewing com.	52½	*52	*52	0
75 Do preferred.	46¾	46¼	46½	⅛
15 Con. Ice pfd.	39½	*38	39½	—½
306 Crucible Steel.	18⅝	*18	18¾	0
2617 Do preferred.	82¾	82	82½	—¼
91 Fire Proofing.	28¾	28½	28¾	—⅛
440 Do preferred.	38¾	38	38¾	—⅛
8 H. W. Ref. pfd.	70	70	70	0
275 M. L. & H.	119½	118¼	118¾	—1⅝
100 Marsden com.	2¾	2¾	2¾	—⅛
410 Pgh. Coal	28¼	28	28	—¼
117 Do preferred.	*91¼	91	91	0
1 Pgh. S. Exch.	13750	13750	13750	—250
190 Riv. Coal pfd.	39½	39½	39½	—⅛

FEATURES OF THE DAY

IN PITTSBURGH.

Bank exchanges, $9,322,394, an increase of $2,200,000.

Stock exchange transactions, 6,689 shares stock and $6,000 bonds.

Crucible Steel preferred declined to 82, the lowest price for more than a year.

U. S. Steel common and preferred also weak and lower.

Window Glass common sold at 44 and the preferred at 80.

Allegheny Trust sold at 174, a new high record.

IN WALL STREET.

Total sales for the day, 444,900 shares.

Money situation has ceased to be immediate factor in situation.

Stagnation was caused by disappointment at failure of outsiders to get into market.

United States Steel common and preferred broke sharply over point.

Westinghouse Electric dropped 4 points a single sale.

Bonds dull; total sales (par value) $1,750,000.

Shares.	High.	Low.	Last Sale.	Chge.
670 U. S. Steel.	36	35⅛	35⅛	—⅝
1685 Do preferred	86½	85¾	85¾	—⅝
10 W. Airbrake	160	160	160	0
50 W. Elec. 1sts.	99	99	99	0
398 Do 2ds	98½	97½	97½	—1
100 Window Glass	44	44	44	—3¾
77 Allegheny Tr.	174	172	174	+7
20 C. R. E. & T.	258	257	257	—8
28 Cosmop. T. B.	104	104	104	0
40 Pittsburgh	167	167	167	0
60 Real Est. Tr.	321	320	320½	—2
150 Safe Dep. & T.	160	158	159½	—½
5 South Side Tr.	118	118	118	—2
$980				
BONDS.				
$6000 River Coal 6s.	113	113	113	0

*Less than 10 shares. †New high record.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

It was the impression on the stock exchange yesterday that the recent selling of Crucible Steel was for account of eastern interests. The weakness of the market for steel stocks generally stands in the way of the theory that the decline in Crucible is due to anything in connection with the recent negotiations for the acquisition of control of the Clairton plant by the United States Steel Corporation. The securities of the latter were as heavy as Crucible. In the absence of any official announcement the street clings to the idea that this deal will ultimately be carried through, and that it will be to the benefit of Crucible. In any event the latter's position would not be unfavorably affected.

At the close of the local market yesterday R. C. Hall offered $100,000 four months' money at 6 per cent. There was no bidding for money on the exchange. The local market is a little easier, due to the transfer of some loans from banks here to the Philadelphia market.

Crucible Steel preferred sold as low as 82 in July, 1901, and recovered to 85½ last September, which was within ⅝ of the highest ever quoted.

An eastern insurance paper refers to the progress made by the National Union Fire of Pittsburgh as due to its being a thoroughly representative fire insurance company, with the best features of any fire insurance company in the country.

Commenting on the decline in Westinghouse Electric 97½, a broker remarked: "The stock is selling for more than 5½ times the market value of United States Steel common. The question is, is it worth the difference? Steel pays its 7 per cent, while today's quotation Electric pays a little better than 3½ per cent on its price. Electric may be worth every dollar it is selling for, but there is a disposition to take the greater risk for the larger return on stocks that are quoted on a lower basis."

About $50,000,000 of the $50,000,000 5½ per cent convertible bonds of the Pennsylvania railroad have been deposited with the treasurer of the company for conversion into stock.

The annual report of the International Smokeless Powder Company for the past year showed total receipts of $591,529 and net profits of $177,412. A cash dividend of $24,000 was declared on the preferred stock, as well as a scrip dividend of $84,000. Dividend payable on December 31, 1902, were $59,345. The name of the company has been changed to the International Powder & Chemical Co.

James R. Keene is not the only financier that E. H. Harriman is fighting to retain the control of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company. While Mr. Keene is keeping Mr. Harriman busy in the eastern courts, E. H. Huntington, vice president of the Southern Pacific, is reported as having joined with Helman, the California banker, in the Huntington-Helman's syndicate's fight against the Southern Pacific road. The Huntington-Helman syndicate controls nearly all the trolley roads in Southern California, and the trolley roads have been cutting into the passenger business of the Southern Pacific. In the last few days the Southern Pacific has tried retaliation by applying for street railway franchises throughout Los Angeles, promising three-cent fares.

A bit of gossip heard every few days is that Keene cuts his friends are short 100,000 shares of Union Pacific above par.

Gross earnings of Louisville & Nashville for March increased $426,000.

Marsden made a new low record on the local board yesterday by selling at 2¾.

A seat in the Pittsburgh stock exchange sold yesterday at $13,750, a decline of $250 from the record price of the previous day.

Sproul & Co. were the largest sellers of Crucible yesterday, and also of other stocks. The buying was widely distributed.

Fayette County Gas was quoted at 80@84; Union Natural Gas, 105@108; Ohio Fuel Supply, 44 bid and sales.

Continental Trust was quoted at 112 bid. Franklin Trust was quoted at 62 bid.

Apparently, if the Allegheny Valley had handled less business during its last fiscal year it would have made more money for stockholders. Its gross earnings increased $400,000, while the expenses increased $400,000.

The net earnings of Illinois Central for February increased $117,653.

In the afternoon the market was adversely affected by the weakness in United States Steel stocks. It is understood that the underwriting syndicate does not view with satisfaction the prospect of having to take up and pay for the whole of the new bonds which will soon have to be provided for. As the price at which the syndicate takes the cash bonds is par, and these bonds now sell around 85, the outlook is such as to make them rather bearish on the steel stocks, no matter how favorable the earnings may be.

J. P. Morgan, who was to have sailed to Europe today, will postpone his trip, pending the indisposition of his partner, G. W. Perkins.

Now that the annual meeting of the Southern Pacific has been indefinitely postponed, what will become of the Southern Pacific pool. On April 10, unless it is further extended, the pool will be dissolved, and the stock returned to the different members. There are nearly 50 members of Southern Pacific pool, among whom will be distributed between 300,000 and 400,000 shares of Southern Pacific stock. Will these members attempt to sell their holdings in the open market? The movements of Southern Pacific during the next few months promises to be extremely interesting.

Philadelphia is also having its troubles in the matter of disputes between its prominent financiers. For many years Philadelphia has been the home of the most powerful street railway syndicate in America. That group of picturesque millionaires—the Widener-Elkins-Dolan triumvirate—has grown enormously rich through their farsighted capacity in the matter of city transportation. This group of millionaires still dominates the railways of Philadelphia, as well as many other cities. Recently, however, there has been a break in the relations of this triumvirate, as the sequel to a failure to create the largest corporation on this continent for the control of city enterprises. When efforts were made some months ago by Mr. Widener to create a vast corporation that should include all of the street railways of Philadelphia, the electric light plants, a telephone company and the city gas works, with the possibility of the city waterworks thrown in, Mr. Dolan balked. He said that the United Gas Improvement Company, of which he is the president and the largest stockholder, should not be absorbed in the new and all-embracing enterprise. The result is that the three members of the Widener-Elkins-Dolan syndicate are now at loggerheads. Widener and Elkins are open enemies, while W. L. Elkins is somewhat neutral. Philadelphia is consistently expecting some interesting developments.—New York Commercial.

We might as well face the facts, says the New York Evening Post. Wall street cookery is not what it used to be. Our digestions are not what they were when Mr. Keene and Mr. Gates were happy enough to think they could see again the securities that mother used to make—those toothsome commions and preferred that went down as easily as an apple turnover, and sat as soft and kindly as a home-made cruller. Those simple joys are not for the specious days of financial diners a la Morse. For an artificial condition, an artificial remedy—what we need is no mere soda mints of consolidation from Mr. Morgan, no platonic assurances that "the pancakes are good," but quick relief for troubled stomachs." Our contemporary suggests that what is needed is "predigested securities." Or, as it says, "Show us that no wholesome a substance as genuine earning capacity is the basis of the mess, that the insidious herb of overvaluation is absent, that saving habit of depreciation account has not been forgotten, and we will lay to and eat."

THE MONEY MARKET.

NEW YORK, April 7.—Exchanges, $280,082,302; balances, $16,279,028.

BOSTON, April 7.—Exchanges $25,573,083; balances, $2,578,294; money 5½@6 per cent.

PHILADELPHIA, April 7.—Clearings, $20,257,351; balances, $2,040,878; money, 5@5½ per cent.

BALTIMORE, April 7.—Clearings, $4,328,472; balances, $686,590; money 6 per cent.

CINCINNATI, April 7.—Clearings, $3,442,350; money, 6@6 per cent; New York exchange, 10c premium.

CHICAGO, April 7.—Clearings, $9,041,062; balances, $791,190; money, 5@6 per cent; New York exchange, 40c premium.

Foreign Quotations.

LONDON, April 7.—Consols for money, 91 3-16, consols for account, 91⅝; money 3@3½ per cent; discount for short bills, 3¼@3⅝ per cent; three months' bills 3⅛@3⅜ per cent. The amount of bullion taken into the Bank of England on balances today, £86,000.

PARIS, April 7.—Three per cent rentes, 98 francs 12½ centimes for the account. Exchange on London 25 francs 17 centimes for checks.

BERLIN, April 7.—Exchange on London 20 marks, 51 pfenigs for checks.

Treasury Statement.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—Today's statement of the treasury, balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $227,669,312; gold, $123,792,821; silver, $16,851,158; United States notes, $2,890,212; treasury notes of 1890, $54,048; national bank notes, $3,190,549; total receipts this day, $999,177; total receipts this month, $8,824,052; total receipts this year, $432,917,493; total expenditures this day, $1,905,097; total expenditures this month, $9,705,099; total expenditures this year, $398,969,177; Deposits in national banks, $151,944,428.

Call Money Firmer.

NEW YORK, April 7.—Money on call firmer at 4½@5 per cent, closing 5@6 per cent. Time money nominal; 60 days, 5@5½ per cent; 90 days, 5@5½ per cent; six months, 5@5½ per cent. Prime commercial paper, 5½@6 per cent; sterling exchange weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4 86.60@4 86.65 for demand, and at $4 83.65@4 83.75 for 60 days' bills; posted rates $4 85¾ and $4 87½@4 88. Commercial bills $4 82¾@4 83¾; bar silver 49½c; Mexican dollars 38½c; government bonds firmer; railroad bonds irregular.

The Treasury and Banks.

NEW YORK, April 7.—(Special.—The total payment by the government to New York banks yesterday was $2,075,000. Payment by banks to the government $2,865,000. Balance on the day's transactions $18,000 paid by banks to the government. Total net payment by banks to the government since Friday $85,000, against $2,445,000 similarly paid for the corresponding period a week ago.

The Metal Market.

NEW YORK, April 7.—The decline of yesterday was followed by a sharp advance in today's London tin market, where a gain of £1 2s 6d was reported. Locally, spot and futures closing at £695 15s. The local market was steady but demand was light, and the foreign advance consequently did not greatly affect local prices. Spot closed at $29 25@29 75. Copper declining 3s 6d to £62 7s 6d for spot and £62 10s for futures in the London market, ruled dull and nominal in New York. Standard is quoted at $12 25, lake and electrolytic, $14 50; casting, $14 25. Lead advanced 2s 6d in London, where it closed at £12 12s 6d, but remained quiet and unchanged in New York at $4 67½. Spelter closing at 422 15s, was unchanged in London, as it was also locally, where the quotation remains at $5 70. Iron was lower abroad, closing at 54s 2d in Glasgow and at 49s 10½d in Middlesboro. Locally, prices were unchanged. No. 1 foundry, northern, is quoted at $23 50@24 50; No. 2 foundry, northern, at $21 50@22 00; No. 1 foundry, southern, and No. 1 foundry, southern soft, at $22 00@22 50. Warrants are nominal.

COMPLETE RECORD NEW YORK STOCKS.

Daily range of prices reported by Messrs. Henry Sproul & Co., Peoples Savings bank building, members of New York, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh and Chicago stock exchanges, and Chicago board of trade.

ACTIVE LIST.

Sales.	STOCKS.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close
13600	A. T. & S. Fe.	51⅝	51⅞	50⅝	51¼
400	Do preferred.	97	97¼	96½	96⅝
	Am. Cotton Oil.	42	42	42	41½
6200	Am. Sugar	120¼	120⅝	119	119¼
500	Am. Locomotive	27½	27½	27¼	27¼
	Do preferred.				90
200	Am. Car F'dry.	40¾	41	40½	40⅞
700	Do preferred.	91⅝	92	91¾	91¾
	American Can.				12½
	Do preferred.				43
27250	Amal. Copper	65½	65⅞	63⅞	63⅞
500	Anacon. Copper	110	110	107	109
4600	Am. Smelting	49	49¾	47½	48⅝
300	Do preferred.	98	98	96	97½
	American Ice				7½
	Do preferred.	81¾	81½	81¾	81¾
13000	Balto & Ohio.	91½	92	90½	90¾
4000	Do preferred.	93½	93½	93½	93
11300	Brooklyn R. T.	67⅞	68¾	67	67¾
3200	Canadian Pacific	129	129	128¾	128¾
1800	Chicago & W.	49	49¾	48¾	48¾
200	Consolidated Gas	208	208	206	206
	C. C. C. & S. L.				59
400	Ches. & Ohio.	45⅝	45⅝	44⅝	44½
200	Chicago & Alton	39¾	39¾	39½	39½
	Do preferred.				68
1300	Chicago & N. W.	180¾	181¼	179½	181¼
4200	Col. Fuel & Iron	38	34½	35	35
	Do preferred.	95	95½	95½	95½
	Do preferred.				43
800	Col. Southern.	25½	27¼	24½	24½
	Do 1st preferred	54	54	54	53½
100	Do 2d preferred	30	30	30	30
4500	D., L. & W.	250¼	252	245	247
900	Del. & Hudson.	183	183	184¾	185
11100	Erie.	34⅞	35	34½	34¼
700	Do 1st preferred	66	66	65	65
300	Do 2d preferred	52½	52½	52	52
400	General Electric.	187	187	187	185
	Hocking Valley.				74
100	Do preferred.				93½
300	Illinois Central.	136¼	136¼	136	135¾
100	Iowa Central.	36	36	36	35¾
	Do preferred.				74
300	Internat. Paper	18	18	16	16
	Do preferred.				70
	Internat. Power.				52
	L. S. & Western				190
100	Do preferred.				102
1300	Louis. & Nash.	117⅜	117⅝	117	117¼
1300	Manhattan.	138½	138¾	137⅝	137⅝
10250	Metropol. Centre.	132¾	133	131¾	132¾
200	M., K. & T. pfd.	54¼	54¼	54¼	54¼
500	Metropolitan	132½	134	132½	133¾
2700	Mexican Central.	26⅝	27¼	26¾	26½
200	Minn. & St. L.	234	235	233	233
	Do preferred.	91¾	91¾	91½	91½
600	National Biscuit.	44½	44⅝	43⅞	43⅞
	Do preferred.	105½	106¼	104	105
6100	N. Y. Central.	132	133	131¾	131¾
	N. J. Central.				170
200	N. Y., O. & W.	29⅝	29⅞	29¼	29¼
2115	Norfolk & West.	70	70¼	69¾	69¾
	Do preferred.				80½
	North Amer. Co.				65
	Omaha.				140
460	Peoples Gas	101	101	100⅜	100⅜
400	Pacific Mail	34⅞	34⅝	33½	33½
	Pullman				216
200	Pressed Steel Car	61	61	60¾	60¾
	Do preferred.				92½
28500	Penna. R. R.	136⅜	137¼	135⅝	135⅞
	P., C., C. & S. L.				96
	Do preferred.				101
	Railway Springs.	33	33½	32¾	32¾
	Do preferred.	84½	86½	86½	86½
17600	Reading.	59	59¼	56⅝	57⅜
200	Do 1st preferred	78			83½
200	Do 2d preferred	70	70¼	69½	69¾
53400	Rock Island.	44½	45¾	43¾	43¾
	Do preferred.	76	76⅝	75¾	75¾
100	Republic Iron.				19¾
100	Do preferred.	77	77	77	76½
300	St. L. & San F.	77½	77½	77½	76½
	Do 1st preferred				82
600	Do 2d preferred	68	68	68¼	68
26300	Southern Pacific.	56¼	56¼	55¾	55¾
7300	Southern Railway	31⅝	31⅝	30⅝	30⅞
100	Do preferred.			90½	91½
17000	St. Paul.	162⅞	163	161⅛	161⅝
	Do preferred.				182
200	St. Louis & S'w.	23¾	23¾	23	22½
400	Do preferred.	53	53	51½	50½
2900	Tenn. C. & I.	64	64½	63	63¾
1100	Texas & Pacific.	35½	35⅝	35¼	35¼
100	T., St. L. & W.				25½
	Do preferred.				43
28900	U. S. Steel.	38	36⅝	35	35
11800	Do preferred.	86¾	86⅝	85¾	85⅝
53500	Union Pacific.	91¾	91¾	90⅜	91⅛
300	Do preferred.	90¾	90¾	89¾	89¾
	U. S. Rubber.				182
9200	U. S. Leather.	12⅜	13¼	12⅜	12⅝
1400	Do preferred.	91½	92	91½	91⅝
	U. S. R. & Cons.	20	20¼	19½	19½
	Do preferred.	68	68	65	66
200	Wabash.	27¾	27¾	27	26⅝
2800	Do preferred.	47¾	47¾	46½	47
500	Western Union.	83	86¼	86	85½
100	Wheeling.	22¼	22½	22½	22
	Do preferred.				32
400	Wisconsin Cent.	24½	24¾	24¼	24¼
300	Do preferred.	48	48	47½	47½

INACTIVE LIST.

1000	A. Steel Found.	....	14½	14	14¼
200	A. Hide & Leath.	....	8	7⅞	8

Sales.	STOCKS.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close
100	Do preferred.	....	90¾	90¾	90¾
500	Am. Linseed.	....	18½	18½	18½
200	Chi. Union Trac.	....	10½	10½	10½
600	Chi. Term. Trac.	....	16	15⅞	15⅞
400	Do preferred.	....	29½	29½	29½
	C., L. & W. pfd.	....	25	25	25
400	Con. Tobacco pfd	....	118½	118½	118¾
500	D. & R. G. pfd.	....	88¾	88	88
200	Detroit Union Ry	....	82	82	82
500	Detroit So. Ry.	....	15	14½	14½
100	Do preferred.	....	29	29	29
100	D. S. S. & A.	....	14¾	14¾	14¾
200	Do preferred.	....	22¾	22	22
400	E. & C. Mfg. pfd.	....	37	37	37
200	Kan. & Mich.	....	39	39	39
250	M.St.P. & S.S.M.	....	68½	67¾	67½
100	Do preferred.	....	128½	126½	126½
	Metrop. Securities.	....	118	118	118
	Minn. & St. L.	....	101	101	101
100	M., K. & T. com.	....	24¾	24¾	24¾
4700	N. Y., P. & N. R. R.	....	18½	18½	18½
100	N. Y. Airbrake.	....	157	157	157
400	Rubber Goods.	....	25	24½	25
200	Sloss.	....	56	55½	55½
400	Twin City.	....	112¾	112¾	112¾
	Union Bag & P. pfd.	....	87	87	87
200	Va. Car.—Chem.	....	62	61¾	61¾
200	Do preferred.	....	122¾	122¾	122¾
200	West. Electric.	....	195	194	196
444900	Total sales.				

NEW YORK CLOSING BIDS.

U. S. ref. 2s, reg.	106	*Mex. Cent. 4s.	77
Do 2s, coup.	106	Minn. & St. L. 4s.	88
Do 3s, reg.	107¼	Minn. & St. L. 4s.	88
Do 3s, coup.	108¼	M., K. & T. 4s.	89¼
Do new 4s, reg.	135½	Do 2ds.	85
Do new 4s, coup.	136	N. Y. C. gen. 3½s.	103¼
Do old 4s, reg.	111	N. J. C. gen. 5s.	129½
Do 4s, coup.	111	North. Pac. 4s.	102¾
Do 5s, reg.	106½	Do 3s.	77¼
Do 5s, coup.	107¼	Or. Nav. 4s.	97¾
Atchison, gen. 4s.	99⅞	Reading gen. 4s.	96½
Balt. & Ohio 4s.	99¾	St. L. & I. M. con. 5s.	111
Do 4s.	99¾	St. L. & S. F. 4s.	96½
Do conv. 4s.	100½	St. L. & S. F. 2ds.	85
*Do conv. 4s.	100½	*Do 2ds.	79
*Can. So. 2ds.	108¼	*S. A. & A. P. 4s.	89
Cent. of Ga. 5s.	107	South. Pac. 4s.	89¾
*Do 1st inc.	74	Southern Ry. 5s.	115
C. & O. 4½s.	104	Tex. & Pac. 1sts.	118½
C. & A. 4½s.	74	T. St. L. & W. 4s.	75
C. B. & Q. new 4s.	96	Union Pacific 4s.	102
C. M. & St. P. 4s.	110½	Do conv. 4s.	101½
C. & N. con. 7s.	131½	Wabash 1sts.	116½
C. R. I. & P. 4s.	94	*Do 2ds.	104½
C. C. C. & St. L. gen. 4s.	90¼	Do Deb. B.	70
*Chi. Term. 4s.	82½	West Shore 4s.	109¼
Col. & So. 4s.	89	*W. & L. E. 4s.	90¾
Del. & Hud. 4s.	107¾	Wisconsin Cent. 4s.	90

*Bid. †Offered.

New York "Curb" Stocks.

(Reported by Henry Sproul & Co.)

Amer. Can. Com.	7⅛	New. Am. Gas 6s.	106
Do preferred.	42	North. Securities.	103⅝
Am. Elevated R.	⅛	N. Y. Elec. V. T.	94½
Bay State Gas.	⅝	Otis Elevator.	42
B. C. Copper.	4⅞	Do preferred.	74
Brook. Ferry Co.	9	R. Baking P. pfd.	102
Elec. Boat Co.	25	Seaboard Air Line.	24½
Do preferred.	58	Do preferred.	39½
Elec. Vehicle.	12¾	Standard

INTEREST TURNS TO SECOND AVENUE

James F. Keenan Buys the Mellor Holdings for $70,000.

PENN AVENUE LOT SOLD

Second Sale in Federal Street Square Amounts to $30,000. Rushing Work at Ambridge. New Dormitory at Grove City.

An apt illustration of how quickly the center of interest in real estate changes is seen in the sale of the C. C. Mellor holdings in second avenue, near Ross street, which followed closely upon the sale of the C. A. Bruce property, at Fourth avenue and Ross street, sold Saturday for $30,000. Both deals were made through the Commonwealth Real Estate and Trust Company. The Mellor property brought $70,000, and was bought by James F. Keenan, of the storage firm of Haugh & Keenan. It is in two parcels, one of which fronts 72 feet in Second avenue, between Ross and Grant streets, and has a depth of 65 feet, and the other, with the same depth and abutting it, faces 48 feet in First avenue. Both lots are improved with brick houses well rented. Nothing could be learned from the brokers regarding the disposition of the property, but it is reported that a warehouse may be erected on the site. Considerable surprise has been manifested that Haugh & Keenan have not started their warehouse on their site in Duquesne way, or Ninth street, as it is known plans were prepared for the building nearly a year ago. Lately it was rumored that this project had been abandoned.

PROFIT OF $10,000.

Another instance of rapid enhancement in prices in outer Penn avenue was offered yesterday, in the sale, through C. J. Pedder & Co. of the property at the southeast corner of Penn avenue and Seventeenth street. It was bought by Frank McCann a few months ago for $50,000 and he in turn received it to Joseph W. Harrison at $60,000. The lot is 60x100 feet, extending to Mulberry alley. The price paid is considered very reasonable, as the old St. Patrick's church property, on the opposite corner, now owned by Christ Shrohmaier, is held at $1,250 a front foot, and Howe Bros. ask $1,500 a front foot for their property across the street.

Walter Fraser, secretary of the North American Fair Company, has let contract to C. Grier the former Cola property, at No. 616 Federal street, Allegheny, for about $30,000. The lot is 13.6x110 feet, and has a three-story brick dwelling thereon. The property adjoins the Mercer lot at No. 614, sold Monday to L. H. Sexton for $57,000.

GETTING READY COSTS $174,400.

The Ambridge Land Company yesterday awarded the last of its contracts for making ready its allotment at Ambridge, the new industrial town of the American Bridge Company on the Ft. Wayne, which the Real Estate Trust Company is agent. Ott Bros. of the South Side will lay the water and gas pipes, both going in the same trench under the sidewalks, thus avoiding tearing up the streets. Five and one-half miles of trench will be required to reach every lot in the plan. The cost of this improvement, including the purchase price of the pipe, will be $34,400. The total contracts awarded is $174,400. Work on the paving will be started this month and the entire sewer system will be completed by May 1.

J. E. Ferguson has sold to Stetson Leach a fine building site, 116x224 feet, at the southwest corner of Ellsworth avenue and Bidwell street, Twentieth ward, for $25,000.

A corner half brick house with lot 50x150 feet on the east side of Rebecca street, Twentieth ward, has been bought by Francisca Friday from George H. Shickler for $4,500.

WINE HOME FOR COLLEGE GIRLS.

Architects Struthers & Hannah have plans nearly completed for the "Colonial," the three-story women's dormitory at Grove City college. The building will be the most handsome structure in the campus, being its Wells of Pompeian brick and Cleveland stone. It will accommodate 75 girls and cost $75,000. Among the features of the building are a bath room between every two rooms, a large foyer and a private electric light and heating plant.

The same architects are taking bids on the First National bank at New Bethlehem, Pa., which will cost $30,000 and be the finest bank building in that section. The estimated cost is $25,000. The same architect has received estimates on a residence for Dr. L. B. Welch in West Elizabeth, to cost $7,000.

Architect Charles W. Bier has plans for two East End residences, one for D. D. Singley, in North Highland avenue, to cost $16,000, and the other for George West, in Jackson street, to cost $9,000.

Architect T. T. Cornelius has plans for flats for W. E. Unslehart and James McAdams in Corapolis, to cost $6,000 and $7,000 respectively.

S. Arnold was the broker in the sale of the property of the late Joseph M. Kinkead, at Gum street and Bedford avenue, consisting of a lot fronting 48 feet on Bedford avenue, with a depth of 80 feet, on which is a three and two-story brick dwellings. The buyer was Abraham Sigal, and the consideration $10,000.

MORE NEW BUILDINGS.

The Pittsburgh bureau of building inspection yesterday issued permits as follows: J. C. Killen, two frame dwellings, Mt. Vernon street, Twenty-first ward, $3,000; Kaufmann Bros., alterations and repairs to building at Nos. 205-207 Smithfield street, $5,000; J. K. Ewing, brick veneered dwelling, Sheridan avenue, Thirteenth street, $12,000; Waldvogel and Fink, three-story concrete apartment house, Thirty-seventh street, Fifteenth ward, $5,000; Mrs. Christiana Hufnagle, brick veneered dwelling, Maryland avenue and Ely street, Thirty-fifth ward, $3,000; M. J. Kellar, two brick veneered dwellings, Mt. Vernon street, Twenty-first ward, $4,000; Sarah Mushigan, six brick dwellings, Southern avenue, Thirty-second ward, $9,000; Daniel Kobasth, frame dwelling, Forward avenue, Thirteenth ward, $2,600; Morris Knowles, two brick veneered dwellings, Maryland avenue and Mt. Vernon street, Twenty-first ward, $6,000; Margaret Hickey, brick veneered dwelling, Sunnyside street, Twenty-third ward, $2,500; Anton Konrad, frame dwelling, Whitney street, Twenty-first ward, $2,700.

Transfers Recorded.

Shippam Jno to A N Huling, Mch 31, '03, Millvale, 164x100, Gerwig st..... $ 6,000
Shickler Geo H to W H Brooks, Feb 16, '03, Sheridan ave, 25x115.... 3,700
Zimmerman J B to J A Zimmerman, Mch 11, '03, Wilkins twp, 50x179, Seneca ave..... 2,800
Beebe W G to R H Brewer, Aug 23, '02, Tarentum, 30x82, Third st..... 1,050
Smith H G to M J Rutherford, Mch 26, '03, Tarentum, 41x89, Lock st..... 2,100
Board W J to Ella A Sturtevant, Mch 27, '03, Tarentum, 25x150, Troup st..... 1,500
Murdock J A to W P Biegert, Mch 16, '03, 21st wd, Pgh, 30x162, Mayflower st..... 2,050
Miller C R to J L McClintock, Mch 30, '03, Penn twp, 25x100, Poketa ave..... 3,700
Moore Fred to E G Harris, Mch 31, '03, 21st wd, Pgh, 25x100, Davy ave..... 2,000
Kennedy H J to A M Wood, Mch 18, '03, Tarentum, 77x140, Water st..... 2,200
Crooks H R to L C Boldin, Mch 25, '02, Ingram, 50x150, Prospect ave..... 4,650
Rodgers James to Wm Leishman, Feb 21, '03, Bellevue, 100x53, Monroe ave..... 2,000
Cooper Thos R to D Loughry, Mch 16, '03, 20th wd, Pgh, 49x101, Euclid st..... 3,500
Henderson Jno A to J F Widmer, Mch 25, '03, Wkbg, 26x120, Biddle st..... 5,800
Pgh Trust Co to F H Conard, Mch 30, '03, 21st wd, Pgh, 26x100, Idlewild st..... 1,196
Haenlein Henry W to Chas Fox, Feb 28, '03, Mt Oliver, 80x111, John st..... 2,052
Bauer Joseph to Henry Abel, Mch 29, '03, Baldwin twp, 105x109, 8th Ave..... 1,800
Phillips C A to H H Willock, Mch 22, '03, 1st wd, Pgh, 18x117, Market st... 82,800
Spring Mary O'H to Harmar Twp School Dist, Mch 30, '03, Harmar twp..... 2,000
Burkle J L to Wm Hunkele, Mch 31, '03, 10th wd, Ally, 49x105, East st..... 1,200
Waistman G O to Wm Bodt, Mch 17, '03, 21st wd, Pgh, 2x141, Orpheus ave..... 2,000
McAbee Geo B to E B Collingwood, Mch 30, '03, Wkbg, 50x150, Hill ave..... 6,650
Munn A D to P J Byrne, Mch 9, '03, 7th wd, Pgh, 2 lots, Washington st..... 12,000
Miller J H to Durbin Horne, June 2, '02, 22d wd, Pgh, 170x100, Tuscarora st 17,350
Marshall D to Jakob Calker, Mch 23, '03, 8th wd, Pgh, 20x76, Morgan st..... 6,400
Shapiro J to H Finkelpearl, Mch 28, '03, 13th wd, Pgh, 88x60, Webster ave..... 3,500
Martsolf Geo F to Wm E Miller, April 2, '03, McKees Rocks, 10x56, Fair Oaks st..... 1,250
Carson Ellen to E E Miller, Mch 16, '03, 7th wd, Pgh, 16x65, Logan st..... 3,500
Lansberger M to Chas Koester, Mch 20, '03, Elizabeth twp, 48x100..... 300
Frauenheim A A to M D Bennett, Mch 23, '03, 19th wd, Pgh, 100x190, Negley ave..... 26,000
Dunkling W H to H E McMurray, Mch 11, '03, 35th wd, Pgh, 25x120, Woodville ave..... 1,000
Alle R & Imst Co to M A Bairo, Nov 26, '02, Bellevue, 42x100, Maple st..... 1,400
Caughey C S to F H Burdick, Oct 21, '02, Bellevue, 50x100, Harrison st..... 1,500
Crawford J H to W N Briggs, Mch 28, '03, Moon twp, 4 acres..... 1,000
Parsche F M to H E Rosser, Mch 20, '03, L St Clair twp, 50x120, Quincy ave..... 1,200
Finley Jno to D A Wilson, Mch 10, '03, 21st wd, Pgh, 30x93, Idlewild st..... 6,000
Quinn M to M B Acharrasio, Mch 2, '03, Millvale twp, 25x120, Eighth ave..... 1,150
Morgan N to Jno Abramitis, Mch 10, '03, Aspinwall, 50x101, Western ave..... 1,800
Murphy Jno to C J Kinser, Feb 24, '03, Sheraden, 50x100, Zephyr ave..... 5,500
Philip M V to Patk Maloney, Mch 31, '03, Sheraden, 33x100, North st..... 2,300
Murphy Jno to T F Maloney, Mch 30, '03, Sheraden, 25x100, Zephyr st..... 4,000
Duffy Thos A to J W Sutton, Mch 18, '03, 6th wd, Ally, 24x124, Fayette st.. 9,125
Eberle A to Dora Hartman, Mch 2, '03, 18th wd, Pgh, 37x80, Lee st..... 3,100

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, April 7.—Flour—Receipts, 20,773 bbls; exports, 8,857 bbls; steady, but less active. Rye flour steady. Cornmeal dull. Barley quiet. Wheat—Receipts, 16,720 bu; exports, 15,500 bu; spot firm; No. 2 red, 79¼c elevator and 79¾c f o b afloat; No. 1 northern, Duluth, 80½c f o b afloat; No. 1 hard, Manitoba, 80½c f o b afloat. Options closed 1½@2c lower on lack of export demand, with foreign markets 3d to 4d lower, and weather favorable, wheat was firm all day on foreign buying, firmer cables and export talk. The close was at ¼c net advance. May, 78@78⅛c, closed 78⅛c; July, 75⅝@76c, closed 75¾c; September, 74@74¼c, closed 74c. Corn—Receipts, 109,200 bu; exports, 256,067 bu; spot dull; No. 2 nominal elevator, and 51c f o b afloat. No. 2 yellow, 51c. No. 2 white, 51½c. Options were firm, while generally firm in sympathy with wheat, on rains west and higher cables, was very slow today. It closed ⅛c net higher. May, 50⅝@51⅛c, closed 51⅛c; July, 49½@49⅝c, closed 49¾c. September closed 49½c. Oats—Receipts, 51,500 bu; exports, 28,020 bu; spot weak; No. 2, 39½c; standard white, 39½c; No. 3, 38½c; No. 3 white, 40@40½c; No. 2 white, 38¾c; track mixed, western, nominal; track white, 39@46c. Options dull and nominal.

MILWAUKEE, April 7.—Wheat dull; closed, No. 1 northern, 77@77½c; No. 2 northern, 75@76½c; May, 78¼c bid. Rye steady; No. 1, 52c. Barley dull; No. 2, 49c; sample, 42@54c. Corn, May, 42¾c bid.

BALTIMORE, April 7.—Flour dull, unchanged; wheat firmer; spot, 78@78¼c; April, 78@78¼c. Corn firmer; spot, 49@49½c; April, 48¾@49c. Oats dull and easier; No. 2 white, 42½c.

DULUTH, MINN., April 7.—Close: Wheat, to arrive, No. 1 hard, 76¾c; No. 1 northern, 74¾c; No. 2 northern, 73¼@74½c; July, 74½c. Oats, May, 33½c.

Coffee and Sugar.

NEW YORK, April 7.—The market for coffee futures opened steady, with unchanged prices, and ruled comparatively active. The early moves was not influential, but later the list displayed a reactionary tendency, closing net ¼ frane higher, and while the day's receipts were full at both ports and interior points of Brazil, a rumor was current that the Brazilian government had decided to place a new tax of 20 per cent on receipts of coffee, the tax to be paid in coffee and destroyed, thus causing a decrease in prospective supplies. While this scheme was not considered practicable by the local trade as a whole, it, in connection with the strength in the French market, rallied the market around midday and at one time showed an advance of 5@10 points. The market did close, however, there was considerable fresh liquidation and the market was finally barely steady, net unchanged to 10 points higher. Sales were reported of 19,000 bags, including May at 3.90@4.05c; June, 4.05; July, 4.10@4.15c; August, 4.25@4.30c; September, 4.30@4.45c; October, $4.35@4.50c; November, 4.40@4.55c; December, 4.90@4.75c; January, 4.50@4.65c; February, 4.80c; March, 4.90@5.00c; spot Rio quiet; No. 7 invoice, 5½c; mild market dull; Cordova, 7½@12c. Sugar, raw, market nominal; fair refining, 3¼c; centrifugal, 96 test, 3½c; molasses sugar, 2¾c. Refined, steady; No. 6, 4.30c; No. 7, 4.25c; No. 8, 4.20c; No. 9, 4.15c; No. 10, 4.10c; No. 11, 4.05c; No. 12, 4.00c; No. 13, 3.95c; No. 14, 3.90c; confectioners' A, 4.55c; mould A, 4.85c; cut loaf, 5.05c; crushed, 5.30c; powdered, 4.80c; granulated, 4.70c; cubes, 4.95c.

Boston Wool Market.

BOSTON, April 7.—The wool market continues quiet, manufacturers are only taking material enough for immediate use. Prices have softened here and there, but on the whole the changes during the week have not been important. Territory wools have been quiet with little if any movement. Sales of the following are the quotations: Territory, choicest staple, scoured basis fine, 54@55c; fine medium, 52@53c; medium, 46@47c. Territory ordinary: Fine, 52@53c; fine medium, 48@50c; medium, 45@46c. Ohio and Pennsylvania fleeces are quiet, steady but not particularly active. Ohio and Pennsylvania xxx and above, 30@32c; x, 27@28c; delaine, 29@30c; No. 1, 30c. Ohio delaine, 29@30c. Michigan x and above, 27c; No. 1, 27@28c; No. 2, 27@28c.

MILLFEED QUOTATIONS GRADUALLY DECLINE

Parsley Higher—Salt Mackerel Seeks Lower Level. String Beans Cheaper.

Demand for millfeed has been reduced to a minimum, and sellers find very few buyers ready to take the limited amount of stock now offering. Quotations are very weak, and suffering declines frequently, 50 cents a ton being the amount of the reduction made yesterday. Even at present figures it is necessary to make concessions to move feed. Hay remains firm, while oats are fairly steady at quotations. Corn is weak and the limited stock which has been present in the market for some time is not yet cleaned up, so that buyers are wary of making purchases.

No happenings occurred in the grocery situation yesterday which call for special comment, the declines made in sugar and coffee on Monday being the latest features. As yet local jobbers have not secured from sugar refiners the low figures which are ruling in Ohio and West Virginia, and no further declines have been made in Pittsburgh. Some jobbing houses claim to be selling at profitable figures, notwithstanding nominal quotations are below cost. Where the war will end cannot be told, but the prediction is being made by a wholesaler here that 3-cent sugar will be sold before the matter is settled. These turnouts in the sugar market are recurrent at regular periods, and for the past three years since the same conditions prevailed. Canned tomatoes are growing weaker.

With the passing of the Lenten season and increased arrivals of fresh fish, salt mackerel is getting down from the lofty position it has occupied for some time and is lower in price.

In the produce market yesterday features were the advance in parsley, which is very scarce and much higher, and the decline in string beans, which are abundant. Head lettuce is in active demand and for fancy stock higher prices are realized. Spanish onions are a large quantity of home-grown lettuce is coming into market, and brings $1 a dozen for fancy stock.

Fresh eggs held firmly to quotations yesterday, and prices are much firmer than at the close of last week. Cheese is going into storage and the demand is growing heavier as Easter approaches.

Poultry shows no change from quotations ruling at the first of the week. Demand keeps active, and all receipts are quickly sold.

HAY, GRAIN AND FEED.

Receipts bulletined: Pennsylvania lines, 53 cars hay, 11 cars corn, 2 cars corn and oats, 10 cars oats, 2 cars feed, 1 car straw; Pittsburg & Lake Erie railroad, 6 cars hay, 1 car corn, 1 car rye, 1 car feed, 1 car oats; Baltimore & Ohio railroad, 5 cars hay, 3 cars oats, 1 car corn and oats; total receipts, 94 cars.

Hay—Baled timothy, No. 1 extra, $18.50@19.00; do No. 2, $16.50@17.50; do No. 1 clover, $18.50@19.00; do mixed, $15.00@16.00.

Loose from wagon, $16.00@18.00; Straw, oat, $10.50@10.50; do wheat, $9.00@10.50; do rye, $11.00@11.50.

Corn, No. 2 yellow, ear..... 47@48c; do mixed..... 47@48c.

Bradnock M to J Solomon, April 2, '03, 21st wd, Pgh, 29x85, Penn ave.

Thomas Geo H to R F Hulas, Mch 17, '03, Wkbg, 18x152, Penn ave.

Neice P T to Geo H Bailey, Mch 16, '03, 20th wd, Pgh, 50x100, Zephyr st.

Duffy Thos A to J W Sutton, Mch 18, '03, 6th wd, Ally, 24x124, Fayette st.

Eberle A to Dora Hartman, Mch 2, '03, 18th wd, Pgh, 37x80, Lee st.

CANNED GOODS.

Peaches, std pie Sig 85c; do pie, std $2.50@2.60; do California ..... $1.00@2.35; do Mary-land ..... $1.15@1.45; do California ..... Y. P. ..... $1.80@2.00; Corn, fancy ..... $1.25@1.45; do std ..... 95c@$1.10; Cherries, Cal. white ..... $2.20@2.25; Lima beans, $1.20@1.40; do soaked ..... 75@80c; String beans ..... 65@95c; String beans ..... $1.25@1.75; Peas, marrow, fat ..... 95c@$1.05; do early June ..... $1.00@1.20; do soaked ..... 55@60c; Apples, gal cans $2.20@2.25; Pineapples ..... $1.20@2.20; Plums, damson ..... $1.00; do California ..... $1.40; first 130 doz ..... 12½c; do miners ..... 15@22c; do special brands ..... 20@45c; Red kidney fancy, head, lb ..... 7½@8c; do fancy Japan, 5½@6c; do choice Cane, Salt, No. 1, bbl ..... $4.00; do No. 1 extra ..... $1.10; do grar, rock ..... $1.00; do packet ..... $1.00@1.85; do dairy ..... $1.35.

GROCERIES.

Flour, fancy spring patent ..... $4.50@4.25; do fancy winter patent ..... $3.75@3.80; do straight winter ..... $3.40@3.60; do bakers' spring ..... $3.40@3.60; do rye ..... $3.45@3.50; do g'ham ..... $4.00@4.50; Cornm'l bbl ..... $3.50; do ½ bbl cotton bags ..... 18@20c; Rolled oats, bbl ..... $4.50; do bags ..... $2.50@3.10; do keg ..... $2.40; Coffee, roasted, bulk, Rio ..... 9½@12c; do Santos ..... 12½@25½c; do Maracaibo ..... 15½@17½c; do Peaberry ..... 17@18c; do Gol. Rio ..... 13½@14c; do Garnon ..... 19@19½c; do standard pkgs ..... 14.30@16.30c; Molasses, fancy refined ..... 35@37c; do choice ..... 32@35c; do open kett ..... 40@43c; Syrup, fancy sugar ..... 28@30c; Pickles, medium bbl ..... $6.00; do sml bbl ..... $4.00; do ½ bbl ..... $3.00; do gal kegs ..... $2.00; Sugar, std, gran ..... 4.60c; do coffee A ..... 4.55c; do conf A ..... 4.40@4.50c; do No 1 yellow ..... 4.40c; do No 2 yellow ..... 4.30c; do No 3 yellow ..... 4.20c; Beans, choice hand-picked pea, bu ..... $3.00@3.10; Beans, navy, bu ..... $2.45@2.55; do med, bu ..... $2.35@2.40; do lima ..... $2.35@2.40; do Cal. limas ..... 5½@5¾c; Peas, dried, bu ..... $1.50@1.85; do split, lb ..... 4c; Oil, cocoanut, 110 deg ..... 11½c; do headlight ..... 12½c; do water white, 120 deg ..... 12½c; do Elaine ..... 16½c; do Oldo W. W. ..... 12½c; do sugar and cane ..... 26@28c; do prime ..... 26@30c; do 2½-lb cans, doz ..... 95c; do 3-lb cans, doz ..... $1.15; do 5-lb cans, doz ..... $1.80; do 10-lb cans, doz ..... $3.60; Maple syrup, gallon ..... 75c@$1.00.

DRIED FRUITS.

Apricots, evap, bags ..... 8½@10½c; do 25-lb bxs ..... 8½@11c; Apples, bulk ..... 6½@7½c; do ev'd ..... 7½@8½c; Prunes ..... 6½c; Peaches ..... 7@10c; Raspberries 25½@28½c; Raisins, seeded 1-lb pkgs ..... 8½@9½c; Raisins, Muscatel, 2 and 4 crown 50-lb boxes ..... 7½@8c; do Ondara ..... 6½@10c; do Cal. Val. ..... 7½c; Currants, cleaned, 1-lb pkgs ..... 6@6½c; Prunes ..... 3½@10½c.

SEEDS.

Clover, from store, recleaned, 60-lb bu small ..... $7.45@7.55; do common ..... $6.75@6.90; do White ..... $8.00@9.00; Alsike ..... $7.00@8.00; Alfalfa ..... $8.00@9.00; Millet ..... $1.65@1.75; Grass, Hungarian ..... 90c@$1.10; do lawn, lb ..... 18@20c; do blue, 14-lb bu ..... $1.50@1.75; do red top, 14-lb bu ..... $1.10@2.00; Timothy ..... $1.65@1.75.

SALT FISH.

Mackerel, No. 1 shore, bbl ..... $26.00; do half bbls ..... $13.50; do quar. bbls ..... $8.75; Mackerel, No. 2 bbls ..... $25.00; do half bbls ..... $15.00; Mackerel quar. bbl $7.25; do 10-lb pails ..... $1.40; Lake herring, 100-lb bbl ..... $5.75; do 20-lb quar ..... $1.45; do 10 lbs ..... 55c; Blue pts, 20-box ..... 75c.

PRODUCE.

Potatoes, choice, carlots, bu ..... 58@60c; do fancy, carlots, bu ..... 58@60c; do new, bu ..... $3.00@4.00; do new, bu $1.75@2.00; do Bermuda, bbl ..... $7.00; Sweet potatoes, Jersey fancy ..... $3.50@4.00; do Kentucky ..... $3.00@3.50; Onions, bbl ..... 75@$1.00; do bu ..... 50@60c; Shallots ..... 25@35c; Cucumbers, hothouse ..... $1.50@2.00; Cabbage, Danish, ton ..... $14.00@16.00; Cabbage, bbl ..... $1.25@1.50; Beets, doz ..... 30@40c; do bbl ..... $1.50@1.75; Parsley, doz ..... 25@30c; Radishes, doz ..... 25@35c; Spinach, bu ..... 20@25c; Celery, doz ..... 50@35c; do Florida ..... $3.00@3.50; Kale, bbl ..... $1.00; Lettuce, home, doz ..... 10c@$1.00; do Florida, crate ..... $1.50@2.50; Pineapples ..... $1.00@2.00; Oranges, California, navel ..... $2.50@3.00; do Florida $4.75@5.00; do California, ... ; Lemons, California, fancy ..... $2.50@3.00; do choice ..... $2.00; Bananas, firsts ..... $2.00@2.25; do seconds $1.50@1.75; Grape fruit ..... $5.00@7.00.

BUTTER, EGGS AND CHEESE.

Butter, prints, 31½@32c; do tubs ..... 30½@31c; do Ohio Pa. creamery ..... 28½@29c; do dairy ..... 21@22c; do country roll ..... 19@20c; Cheese, N. Y. full cream ..... 15@15½c; do fancy ..... 14½c; do flats ..... 14½@15c; do ¼ cr'm ..... 13½@14c; do Ohio Swiss, tubs ..... 14@15c; do Wis. Swiss, tubs ..... 14@15c; do 2-lb block ..... 15@16c; do limburger ..... 14c; Eggs, select ..... 15c; do candled ..... 14@14½c; do at mark ..... 13@13½c.

POULTRY.

Live hens, lb ..... 15@16c; Roosters ..... 10@11c; Turkeys ..... 14@15c; Geese ..... 9@10c; Ducks ..... 12@13c; Dressed hens ..... 13@14c; Springers ..... 18@19c; Broilers ..... 20@22c; Roosters ..... 14c; Turkeys ..... 23@25c; Ducks ..... 21c; Capon, lb ..... 22c.

PROVISIONS.

Hams, large, 18 lbs av ..... 13½c; do medium, 14 to 18 lbs ..... 13½c; do small, 10 to 14 lbs ..... 13½c; do small, under 10 lbs ..... 14c; do skinned ..... 14½c; do boneless, boiled ..... 20c; do Florida, crate ..... $3.00@3.50; Shoulders, N. Y. cut ..... 10½c; do skinned ..... 11½c; Breakfast bacon ribs, 12 to 16 lbs ..... 13½c; do 10 to 12 lbs ..... 13c; do back strips ..... 12½c; Breakfast bacon, clear, 12 to 16 lbs ..... 14c; do 10 to 12 lbs ..... 13½c; Dry salt sides, short clears ..... 11c; Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs ..... 12½c; do 16 to 20 lbs ..... 12½c; do 14 to 20 lbs ..... 11½c; do under 14 lbs ..... 11½c; Dry salt shoulders, extra sides, extra short clears ..... 12c; Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs ..... 12½c; do 16 to 20 lbs ..... 12½c; do under 16 lbs ..... 12½c; Lard, pure, tierces ..... 9½c.

HIDES.

Green salt or cured, No. 1 steers, over 60 lbs ..... 8½c; do 60 lbs down ..... 7½c; Cows and light steers ..... 7½c; Calfskins, No. 1 ..... 10½c; do No. 2 ..... 9c.

HORSE MARKET.

Spring demand for horseflesh is now on in earnest, and the market is active at profitable prices. Stock came in freely during the past week, and found ready sale. Draught horses of good quality went off readily at $350 each.

At the auction sales yesterday 200 horses were put up for sale, and all disposed of at figures 10 to $20 a head better than those which ruled a week ago. Several teams were sold at $500.

It is still a little early for the request of delivery horses, but some inquiry is being made already. Indications are there will be some call for stock of this kind.

Butter, Eggs and Cheese.

BALTIMORE, April 7.—Butter firm, unchanged; fancy imitation, 21@22c; fancy creamery, 29@30c; fancy ladle, 16@18c; fancy roll, 17@18c. Eggs firm, unchanged; fresh, 14c. Cheese firm, unchanged; large, 14½@14¾c; medium, 14¾@14¾c; small, 14¾@14¾c.

NEW YORK, April 7.—Butter—Receipts 8,581 packages; firm; state dairy, 17@21c, extra creamery, 20c; held creamery, 15@20c; creamery, common to choice, 19@23c. Cheese—Receipts 1,501 packages; firm; new state full cream fancy small colored fall made, 15c, small white fall made, 14½c; large colored fall made, 14½@14¾c; large white fall made, 14½@14¾c. Eggs—Receipts, 32,918 packages; strong; state and Pennsylvania, 12@19½c; western, storage packed, 15½c; Kentucky firsts, 14½@15c; western firsts, 15c; southern firsts, 14½c.

PHILADELPHIA, April 7.—Butter firm; good demand; extra western creamery, 30@30½c; nearby prints, 33c. Eggs firm and higher; fresh nearby, 15c at the mark; western, 15@15½c; southwestern, 14½c; southern, 14c. Cork eggs, 2½@2¾c; seconds, 1½@2c. Cheese steady and in moderate demand. New York full creams, prime small, 14½@14½c; fair to good small, 13½@14c; prime large, 14@14½c; fair to good large, 13½@13¾c.

World's Grain Supply.

NEW YORK, April 7.—Special cable and telegraphic communication to Bradstreets show the following changes in available supplies as compared with last account: Wheat, United States and Canada, east of Rockies, decreased 2,187,000 bu; afloat for and in Europe, increased 500,000 bu; total supply decreased 1,687,000 bu. Corn, United States and Canada, east of Rockies, decreased 931,000 bu. Oats, United States and Canada, east of Rockies, decreased 238,000 bu. Among the more important decreases reported this week are those of 400,000 bushels at Manitoba elevators, 400,000 bushels at northwestern interior elevators, 225,000 bushels at Portland, Me., 53,000 bushels at St. Joseph and 50,000 bushels each at Omaha and Evansville. The leading increase is that of 321,000 bushels at Chicago private elevators.

Drygoods Market.

NEW YORK, April 7.—The drygoods market has been uneventful and unaffected by any reports of export business at a lower figure than the generally quoted prices. With raw cotton figures maintained at a high level there seems to be little opportunity for the manufacturer to weaken.

DOMESTIC FRUITS.

Apples, Spy, bbl ..... $1.50@2.50; do Baldwin ..... $1.50@2.50; do Greenings ..... $1.00@2.50; de California, boxes ..... $1.00@1.50; Florida strawberries, fancy ..... 30@40c; do choice ..... 25@30c.

TROPICAL FRUITS.

Lemons, California ..... $2.75@3.00; do Messina $3.25@3.50; seedlings ..... $2.00; Cocoanuts, bags ..... $2.75@3.25.

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LIVE STOCK MARKETS

CENTRAL STOCK YARDS.

Tuesday, April 7, 1903.

Cattle—Receipts light; market steady. Choice, 1,400 to 1,500 lbs, $5 25@5 40; prime, 1,300 to 1,400 lbs, $5 10@5 25; good to prime, 1,200 to 1,300 lbs, $4 90@5 10; fair to good, 1,100 to 1,200 lbs, $4 70@4 90; heifers, 700 to 1,100 lbs, $3 50@4 75; bulls and cows, $2 00@4 25; fresh cows and springers, $20@50.

Sheep and Lambs—Supply light; market slow. Best wethers, 95 to 100 lbs, $5 00@5 10; good mixed, 85 to 90 lbs, $5 00@5 10; fair, 75 to 80 lbs, $4 50@5 25; culls and common, $2 00@4 50; choice lambs, $7 00@7 25; fair to good, $6 25@6 90; common, $5 50@4 50; veal calves, $7 00@7 50; heavy and thin, $4 00@5 00.

Hogs—Receipts light. Market steady. Prime heavy hogs, $7 70@7 75; medium, $7 65@7 70; heavy yorkers, $7 60@7 65; light yorkers, $7 50@7 60; pigs, $7 20@7 30; roughs, $6 00@7 00; stags, $4 00@5 50.

NEW YORK, April 7.

Beeves—Receipts, 46 head, all consigned direct; no sales reported; dressed beef steady; city dressed native sides, extreme range, 6½@9½c; common and medium steers at 10@10½c; dressed weights reported sales of veals were at 8½@9½c; city dressed veals, extreme range, 9@11c. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 645 head; both sheep and lambs slow and weak; Unshorn sheep sold at $4 75@5 75 per 100 lbs; a few clipped at $5 60; reported sales of lambs were at $7 75@8 12½; for unshorn; a few clipped at $8 for about deck of Virginia spring lambs sold at $8 50 each, and a bunch of Kentucky at $8 85 each. Dressed mutton, 8@11c per lb; dressed lambs, 10½@14c. Hogs—Receipts, 1,575 head; all consigned direct.

CHICAGO, April 7.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,000; steady; good to prime steers, $4 90@5 60; poor to medium, $3 90@4 75; stockers and feeders, $3 00@4 70; cows, $2 50@4 25; heifers, $2 50@4 75; canners, $1 40@2 60; bulls, $2 50@4 25; calves, $3 00@6 40; Texas fed steers, $4 10@4 85. Hogs—

JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN'S SILENCE SETS MANY TONGUES WAGGING

Refused to Aid His Party by Making Speech on South Africa.

ALSO DECLINED DINNER

It Is Thought That the British Colonial Secretary Is Preparing to Enter a New Stage of His Public Career.

By ARNOLD WHITE.

(Special Correspondence to The Gazette.)

LONDON, March 21.—The situation this week, as usual, is determined by Mr. Chamberlain. It is Mr. Chamberlain's silence, however, not his speeches or his actions, which sets all tongues wagging. The government has receive a bad setback in the loss of the seats of Woolwich and Rye. The Whitaker Wright affair has spoiled its credit with the small investors. Accordingly, when Mr. Chamberlain came home, ministerialists were eagerly expecting the assistance that it was supposed he would render to the party. What has happened since Mr. Chamberlain's return is significant. His first act was to refuse to make a party speech on the subject of South Africa. He refused to dine with the Liberal Unionists. He withdrew from the dust and heat of the party arena the whole of the work connected with his recent visit to South Africa. The result of this action was to deprive the government and the Liberal Unionist party of the credit of Mr. Chamberlain's great personality and recent achievements south of the line.

What is even more extraordinary, however, is his action with reference to the current election for Chertsey. I have reason to believe, though the fact has not been communicated to the newspapers, that the strongest efforts were made to induce Mr. Chamberlain to give a testimonial or expression of encouragement to the ministerial candidate at Chertsey. He was obdurate, refusing to do anything of the kind; he remained aloof and allowed the government candidate to win his own battle. Old parliamentary hands infer from this attitude of reserve and silence that Mr. Chamberlain is preparing to enter into a new stage in his career.

There is no doubt that the difficulties he will encounter will be well nigh insuperable. The cold fit is on the nation. Economy—or, at all events, retrenchment, which is a different thing—is the order of the day. The hot fit is at an end. Ministers are weary and effete. The question is, To whom will Mr. Chamberlain appeal? The best specimens of our public men today are not far from a common frontier. The extreme section of the Tories is bigoted, fossilized and effete. The extreme section of the Radicals are shallow and reckless empirics. Mr. Chamberlain's strength consists in his appeal to the business instincts of a commercial people—men with substance to lose, who are neither reactionary Tories nor visionary Radicals.

It is unfortunate for the country that antipathetic relations exist between Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Rosebery. Their union would make an ideal combination.

BRIEF NEWS BY CABLE.

ROME—The meeting of workmen, which lasted throughout the night, decided to abandon the idea of inaugurating a general strike.

MADRID—Three dynamite bombs were exploded at the Villabijan church. Considerable damage was done. Student disturbances continue at Saragossa. Prefecture and Jesuit college stoned.

LONDON—Kloshowski, alias Chapman, the Southwark saloonkeeper who murdered by poison three women who lived with him as his wives in different parts of London, was hanged in Wadsworth jail.

LISBON—King Edward boarded the royal yacht Victoria and Albert preparatory to his departure for Gibraltar. The ceremony at his embarkation was the same as on his arrival here. King Edward and King Carlos received an ovation.

LONDON—William Hayes Fisher, M. P., financial secretary of the treasury, announced his resignation in the house of commons as a result of his connection as director with a financial syndicate and of his acceptance of a bonus of shares in the concern.

SANTIAGO, CHILI—The new ministry, which succeeds the cabinet which resigned, is as follows: Rafael Sotomayor, minister of foreign affairs; Manuel Salinas, minister of the treasury; Anibal San Fuentes, minister of justice; Elvas Vicuna, minister of public works; Ricardo Matte, minister of war.

ROME—Police agents escorted the Russian student, Michael Goetz, to the frontier. This action of the authorities followed a decree of expulsion issued against the student. Goetz was recently arrested at Naples on the charge of being implicated in a plot to kill the czar during his proposed visit to Italy.

BREACH IS WIDENED.

Clara Barton's Inner Board of Control Suspends Red Cross Members.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—Walter Phillips, a member of Clara Barton's inner board of control of the Red Cross, sends an announcement from New York that the executive committee of the society has suspended from membership what is known as the Washington "minority," or those members who have been trying to oust Miss Barton from the presidency. Among the 23 Washingtonians suspended are Harriet Blaine Beale and Anna Roosevelt Cowles.

This formal notice of suspension was sent to each of the disciplined members: "You are hereby notified that at a meeting of the executive committee of the American National Red Cross, held in New York April 6, you were by vote of the executive committee, suspended from membership and all privileges of a member."

In the public announcement sent to Washington Mr. Phillips says: "This aggressive policy has been adopted in order to end the persistent attempt to discredit Miss Barton and disrupt the Red Cross."

AGED CHIEF IS DEAD.

Pneumonia Kills Bughwajinnene Who Came to Cleveland from the North Woods.

CLEVELAND, April 7.—(Special.)—An Indian chief who came to Cleveland to attend the sportsmen's show, caught cold from exposure and died today from pneumonia. The chief was 48 years of age. His name was Bughwajinnene. He was removed to Lakeside hospital, where he was accorded every care by Dr. Harvey, but he died today. The body was embalmed and placed in a casket, for the tribe of which the old chief was ruler are civilized and Christianized.

J. E. Windish and Capt. Thorne have interested themselves in the case of the Indians, who are stranded in this city, and unable to have the body of the chief sent to the home of the tribe at the Canadian "Soo." The agent who brought them to Cleveland left for Montreal before the close of the exhibition, and cannot be located. It is feared, as he is traveling in Canada on another mission.

KING SUSPENDS THE CONSTITUTION

BELGRADE, SERVIA, April 7.—King Alexander today executed a coup d'etat. He issued two proclamations, the first decreeing suspension of the constitution, adopted April 10, 1901, repealing objectionable laws passed thereunder, retiring the senators and councilors of state, and reenacting the laws as they existed previous to the constitution of 1901. The second proclamation restores this constitution to its former validity.

DENMARK WOULD FIGHT WITH TRIPLE ALLIANCE

Kaiser Assured of King Christian's Aid in the Event of War.

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

BERLIN, April 7.—The object of Emperor William's recent visit to Denmark, according to Herr Krauss, editor-in-chief of the Deutsche Warte, was to arrange for Denmark to fight on the side of the triple alliance in the event of war with the dual alliance. Herr Krauss affirms that he had authoritative information that Denmark had agreed to act with the triple alliance should an emergency arise.

Various newspapers today publish descriptions of Denmark's army. A naval expert completed recently a series of articles in the Leipsic Grenzboton on the strategic value of the Danish ports, showing how possession of them would enable a relatively small fleet to close the Baltic sea.

GOOD ROADS MEASURE BACK IN COMMITTEE

Possibility of Its Passage Greatly Decreased by This Action of House.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

HARRISBURG, PA., April 7.—The final passage of a good roads bill is greatly endangered by the action of the house tonight in re-committing the Sproul bill to the committee on public roads for amendment.

The chairman of the committee, Mr. Wayne, of Chester, said the bill had been exhaustively considered by the committee, and protested against re-committing it for further consideration, but the house would not heed the protest, and by a vote of 99 to 70 adopted the resolution to recommit.

The bill was on second reading and a special order had been fixed for its consideration at 8 o'clock tonight. When the third section was reached Mr. Creery of Columbia offered an amendment to change the apportionment of the expenses for repairing and constructing good roads. The bill provided that the state should pay one-half the expense, the county one-fourth and the borough one-fourth. Mr. Creary's amendment required the state to pay 65 per cent, the county 20 per cent and the borough 15 per cent. Mr. Creary said his amendment was the same as the New York law. His object was to enable the poorer townships to get the benefit of the Sproul bill. If they have to stand 25 per cent of the expense of repairing roads the great majority of them will not get any advantage of the measure.

Mr. Pusey of Delaware opposed any amendment to the bill. He favored passing the bill as it is and if it is defective the defects could be cured by a subsequent legislature.

CHESTER D. POTTER.

UNDERGROUND TUNNEL.

One Dealer Charged With Delivering Beer to Speakeasy Through the Cellar.

Today will see the ending of license court, which has been in session since March 16, and it is expected that the last applicant will be heard by noon. Just before adjournment a remonstrance was filed against the Highland Brewing Company, which was heard Monday. It was signed by W. W. Allen for E. J. Flinn, Durbin Horne, the Security Investment Company and other property holders in the Thirty-seventh ward. The attorney in presenting the petition said the petitioners were under the impression that the company already had a license or would have remonstrated at the proper time. The court accepted the paper.

P. R. Goldstrom had plenty of difficulty. Several witnesses testified that he sold to minors, one of them, Mrs. Julia Dyson, 19 years old, said she frequently bought liquor there. Her brother-in-law, who formerly worked for Goldstrom, said there was a speakeasy next door and on Saturday nights he and Goldstrom carried liquor through a tunnel in the cellar to the house next door where it was sold. Two young boys testified to buying a keg of beer of the applicant's brother. The applicant offered no defense to the charges.

When William McKelvey of Pittsburgh was called he told Judge Evans that while he believed some of his trade was speakeasy business, yet he did not know this personally, only from his drivers. He was commended for his frank answers and Attorney Silverman did not make any strenuous effort to push his remonstrance, but had two witnesses present, if the court desired to hear them.

LEGAL BRIEFS.

Letters of administration were issued to John F. and Samuel H. Collins on the $52,000 estate of Mateo Collins, late of South Fayette township. Attorney Robert E. Irons represents the estate.

William Weaver entered suit against John Kerr for $1,000 for damages for an alleged assault and battery. Weaver alleges that Kerr, while a policeman, attacked him without provocation in Montgomery avenue, Allegheny, and gave him a beating.

The will of William Anderson, late of Pittsburgh, makes the following bequests: Samuel A. Cuff, Mary E. Barnes and Malinda Young, $100 each; Marian Jones, $142; Margaret Johnston, $440 and certain jewelry; Sarah Anderson, $1. The estate is worth $1,200. Attorney J. Wilfred Holmes has charge of the estate.

Petitions were presented by the Commercial National bank in the bankruptcy proceedings filed against the firm of W. Huff Company asking that the sheriff be restrained from proceeding with the sale of the company's goods. A preliminary restraining order was made and April 15 set for a hearing of the matter. The Commonwealth Real Estate and Trust Company was appointed receiver.

The result of years of experiment

GORHAM SILVER POLISH

Does not cake or fill up interstices
Cleans as well as polishes

All responsible jewelers keep it 25 cents a package

BEATTY'S STORY IS SUPPORTED

Directors Side With Defendants in Suit Over Gas Company Merger.

SON CAUSED A PARTING

Mother's Interference in a Quarrel Led to Desertion—M. D. Hays Wants W. C. Jutte to Account for Stock Profits.

The taking of testimony in the equity case of C. H. Duncan against H. C. Beatty and others, for an accounting, ended yesterday and the case went over for argument. It is claimed the defendants made $200,000 out of the merger of the Peoples Light and Heat Company and the Manufacturers Natural Gas Company.

Upon cross-examination an effort was made to have Beatty confess that the valuation of the assets of the Peoples company had been inflated previous to the merger, but this he denied absolutely. He said he made no special effort to conceal from the directors of the Manufacturers company what price he had paid for the Peoples company.

S. Y. Ramage, one of the defendants, swore that he could not recall any criticism of Beatty's offer to sell the Peoples company from any of the directors of the Manufacturers company. He said he had joined Beatty in the purchase of 1,710 shares of the Peoples company stock, and that O. H. Strong, the other defendnt, was not interested in it in any way. He said the badly mixed condition of the affairs of the Peoples company was due to Superintendent Streator; that he did not urge any of the stockholders of the Manufacturers company to vote in favor of the merger, and that Duncan made no opposition to the deal.

L. E. Meyran, a stockholder and director of the Manufacturers company, swore that at a meeting of the board of directors at the time the purchase was discussed Duncan said that it was not right for Beatty to have made such a great profit out of the merger, whereupon Beatty answered that it was not a question what the Peoples company cost, but what its value was. The witness thought the Peoples company was worth $575,000, the price paid for it.

E. V. Selden, who was a director of the Manufacturers company in 1899, reiterated what Meyran testified to.

The master in the divorce case of Celia E. Harrison of Allegheny against John C. Harrison, said to now be a resident of New Haven, recommended a decree on the grounds of desertion. The couple were married on October 29, 1871.

Mrs. Harrison testified that on December 26, 1899, her husband and their eldest son had some words and that Harrison was going to strike the boy when she interfered. This made Harrison mad, it is said, and he left the house, returning two weeks later to get his clothes, after which he went away for good.

Mrs. Harrison declares that her husband failed to support the family; that she was compelled to keep a boarding house, and cites an occasion when Harrison borrowed money from a boarder which she was compelled to pay back. The libellant testified that her husband would not work; that he was "lazy and worthless, and was a 'Jack of all trades, but a master of none.'"

Judge John D. Shafer held a hearing in the equity suit brought by Milton D. Hays against W. C. Jutte for an accounting of the sale of the Pittsburgh & Castle Shannon Railroad Company. Hays avers that he contracted with Jutte to work for a salary of $100 a month to secure options on the stock of the railroad at $10 per share. Out of the profits derived from a sale of the stock, he says, he was to receive 25 per cent. Of the options he secured, Jutte lifted 5,086 shares afterwards, as Hays declares, selling to others at a great profit and refusing to account for it.

GUARD TO BE INSPECTED.

Regular Army Officer Will Determine Their Claim to New Rifles.

Adjt. Gen. Corbin of the United States army has just issued an order which provides for an inspection of every company in the guards of all the states before the provisions of the new laws regarding their equipment with the army regulation rifles are carried out. The inspection will be conducted by a regular army officer.

No word has yet reached the local regiments of the time for this inspection but it is expected soon. The purpose is to provide the amount of equipment which such an inspection will show the various regiments and companies actually need.

You certainly do not know how generally disagreeable you make yourself, or you would stop coughing. No one can read or rest in the same house with you. Can't stop it? Then we must tell you about

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

No medicine like it for stopping coughs, healing sore lungs, quieting inflammation in the bronchial tubes, and preventing serious lung troubles. Ask your doctor if he could give better advice.

J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

"Last fall I contracted a severe cold on my lungs which continued spite of all I could do. I then tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and was quickly relieved. I am now perfectly well."

Miss Emma Miller, Fort Snelling, Minn.

THE BOOKLOVERS LIBRARY

A Two-Minute Talk

The Shares of THE BOOKLOVERS LIBRARY CORPORATION have had an unparalleled record. The stock is held in the United States, Canada and England by widely known literary, professional and business people. Among the library's shareholders are hundreds of names familiar to almost every cultured home. No broker, or banker, or underwriter has had a hand in the sales. The sole backing of the concern has been its enterprise, its continuous push, and its far-seeing business policy. Every dollar invested shows a hundred cents' worth of extended and established earning capacity.

The plans outlined from time to time have been carried forward in the most aggressive sort of way. We have done what we said we would do. We planned to extend the Booklovers to every important city of the United States; the libraries are there. We promised to include Canada; the two successful centers of Montreal and Toronto are the result; from these cities the service extends to outlying Canadian cities and towns. We made arrangements for extending the work to England; today the Booklovers is the talk of London; it is delivering books throughout Great Britain and includes among its patrons scores of the most distinguished families. We promised an auxiliary library to take care of the field not occupied by the Booklovers; the Tabard Inn, with its revolving bookcases and five-cent exchanges, is extending the library privileges to thousands of country towns; the earnings of this one department at the present time exceed one thousand dollars a day with only one-twentieth of the field covered. This new library department was started only a years ago. In another year it will have earning capacity largely in excess even of the Booklovers. Last fall we announced the preparation of a monthly magazine to round out our publicity plans; today The Booklovers Magazine sells out its complete edition by the fifteenth of each month; it is owned independently by shareholders of the parent company, and presents all the elements of an excellent property.

We are building into the future; the whole book and publishing trade is undergoing rapid and far-reaching changes; there is a new book published in the United States every hour, day and night, and this enormous output must have its distributing machinery. Millions invested in central storehouses of granite or marble can never change the popular current. The American people want an up-to-date service in books as well as in newspapers, and they are willing to pay for it with their own cash. There is no denying the fact that the Booklovers is already a tremendous power among the book interests of the country; it has battled its way to the front, where it means to stay.

We need a central library and office building of our own, and we intend to build one just as soon as a desirable central property in Philadelphia can be secured. This is the next important thing to be done. The block of 50,000 Shares of Stock referred to below has been set aside largely for this purpose.

In connection with this public offer of a comparatively small block of Booklovers stock there are four inside facts which I want to make public over my own signature: 1. The Booklovers earnings during the three months ending February 28th were the largest in the history of the enterprise; 2. The operating expenses per library member were never smaller than at the present time; 3. The "used books" are wholly taken care of at good prices by auxiliary library departments; 4. The Corporation pays cash, and has no debts other than its current monthly accounts.

No additional capital is needed for the Booklovers; the increased capital is being used at the present time to extend the Tabard Inn and other departments; these auxiliary libraries are necessary to round out the best interests of the enterprise at large; they are the "by-products" of the business, and they offer opportunity for very large profits.

The Corporation is capitalized for $2,600,000 (260,000 Shares at $10 each). Of this amount 190,000 Shares have already been subscribed and paid for at the par value of $10, making the present cash capital $1,900,000. There remain in the Treasury only 70,000 Shares. Of this remaining block the Directors have authorized the Treasurer to set aside 50,000 Shares to be offered for sale on May 15th next, at $12 a Share. The remainder, consisting of 20,000 Shares, is now offered to the public in lots of Ten Shares or more at $10 a Share. The terms are 10 per cent with the application and the balance in sixty days. Stock applied for by telegraph will be held five days to await deposit and formal application. (See form of application below.) The sale of this block of 20,000 Shares at $10 and of the remaining block of 50,000 Shares on May 15th at $12 will give the Company a completely paid-up Capital. This announcement gives investors the last opportunity they will have of buying Booklovers at $10 a share.

The Booklovers Corporation has paid dividends at the rate of 10 per cent per year since August 1, 1900. The last half-yearly dividend was paid on February 20th. The half-yearly dividend periods end June 30th and December 31st, respectively. The Corporation has no bonded debts, and its stock when fully paid is non-assessable. All Shares become dividend-bearing from the date of final payment. Dividends are payable in February and August.

President.

1323 Walnut Street, PHILADELPHIA

Application Form for Booklovers Stock

(Use wording below in writing out your application)

(Date)

Mr. JOHN E. BRYANT, Treasurer
1323 Walnut Street, PHILADELPHIA

Dear Sir:

Please enter my name for.....Share of the Stock of The Booklovers Library at Ten Dollars a Share. I enclose my check for $..... being Ten Per Cent of the par value, and I agree to pay the balance in sixty days.

Name .....

Address .....

GOOD FOR TWO GENERATIONS

That's the Sort of Furniture We Seek to Sell—
BUT NOT AT FANCY PRICES.

Two Entire Floors Devoted Exclusively to Furniture.

The Newest Patterns and the Most Substantial Construction.

For $60—We are offering genuine leather-covered Davenports. The ends are adjustable and can be laid flat or slightly raised, thus converting this piece of furniture into a very comfortable full-length couch. It is diamond-tufted and hair upholstered over the best steel springs. Remarkably good value.

For $45—You can get a genuine leather covered Couch, with diamond tufted top, ruffled sides and hair upholstered over the best steel springs. The frame is massive quartered oak. This Couch is six feet nine inches long, and thirty-ons inches wide. Our price saves you a ten-dollar bill.

For $22.50 — A very elegant Couch with double-padded top, either tufted or with plain imperial roll edges, the very best guaranteed springs and a handsome covering of Verona make it just the couch for durability and solid comfort.

For $9.75—A comfortable Couch with deep tufted top securely fastened with patent buttons that cannot pull out. It is well upholstered over guaranteed springs and covered in different styles of Velours. Thoroughly serviceable.

A $40 Parlor Suite—A handsome suite in mahogany finish frames, hand polished and charmingly upholstered with the best imported Verona. The backs are biscuit tufted and the spring edge seats are of the best steel construction. Splendid value at this price.

A $27.50 Parlor Suite—This is a five-piece suite in mahogany finish frames, nicely polished, with good steel springs. It is extremely well made and neatly covered in plain or figured Velours. Worth at least $35.

A $45 Sideboard—This very handsome, massive Sideboard has richly carved columns, large claw feet, a fine French shaped plate glass mirror and other marks of elegance. An unusually handsome piece of furniture for the money.

An $18.50 Library Piece—A combination Secretary-and-Bookcase, in rich quartered oak, well made, handsomely carved and finely finished. The bookcase has large glass doors and adjustable shelves. The desk has a neat arrangement of shelves, pigeon holes, etc., with a compartment below. A fine case at a reasonable price.

$9.98 Morris Chair—This handsome quartered oak chair has a deep spring seat, hair-filled reversible cushions covered with fine Velour, and all the other elements of beauty and comfort.

A $15 Morris Rocker—A heavy quartered oak frame nicely finished and a deep spring seat with double-stitched cushions upholstered in Velour, which comes in a very neat pattern, make this piece of furniture excellent value at the price.

Chairs for 98c—Something special—Substantially built solid oak chairs, with well braced backs and handsomely finished. They come in either wooden or cane seats and are worth much more than our price.

A $29.75 Sideboard—This price gives you the choice of Sideboards in four different styles. They are made of quartered oak, hand polished and nicely carved. The features of utility and beauty are a handsome plate glass mirror, a napkin drawer, a lined silver drawer, a full length linen drawer and a cupboard below.

A $45 Chamber Suite—This elegant quartered oak suite comes in a very plain design and shows most successfully the beautiful grain of the wood. The dresser and washstand have full swell fronts and large French plate mirrors.

A $35 Chamber Suite—This handsome three-piece suite consists of a bed with roll on headboard and footboard, and a dresser and washstand with full swell fronts and plate glass mirrors. It is thoroughly well made and carefully finished. Would cost you much more elsewhere.

An Odd Dresser—For $30 we have a very elegant Dresser, made of selected quartered oak, fine polish finish with serpentine swell front, fancy shaped French plate mirror and cast brass trimmings.

A $22.50 Dresser—This quartered oak Dresser is well made and hand polished, with full swell front and fancy cast brass trimmings. A variety of styles.

A Chiffonier Special—At $16 (which is a special price) we offer you quartered oak and genuine mahogany Chiffoniers, hand polished with fancy plate glass mirrors. They have five large drawers with neat cast brass trimmings.

Chiffoniers at $3.75—These are really $6 Chiffoniers. Good substantial pieces of furniture in oak, with five large drawers and neat brass trimmings.

Easter Flowers.

A show and sale of Blooming Plants:

HYACINTHS — in full bloom — all colors—nicely potted—15c each. Two for 25c.

TULIPS—in full bloom—two buds to a pot—15c per pot.

PALMS—large ones, nicely potted—25c.

More Bulbs.

Just enough for one or two days' sales.

TUBEROSE BULBS—good, healthy ones, 1c each—Dozens, 10c.

CALADIUMS—"Elephant Ears"—large bulbs—10c each. Dozens, $1.00.

GLADIOLUS—another thousand, 2c each. Dozens 15c.

CAMPBELL'S

RESORTS.

Fourth Year Under Present Management.
HOTEL BELMONT.
Built entirely of brick and stone. Steam heat. Elevator service to street entrance. Rooms single or en suite with or without bath. Special rates for families and parties contemplating a long stay. Further particulars on application. E. S. WATSON, Manager.

HOTEL MORRIS.
ST. JAMES PLACE.
J. BARRIE SMITH, Prop.
Two Minute's Walk from Young's Pier and the Beach.

HOTEL CHETWOODE
Pacific ave., next to Garden Hotel. Open all year. Steam heat. Reasonable winter and spring rates. MRS. P. A. DEMPSEY, Owner.

HOTEL KILCOURSE.
Under the management of the well-known OWEN KELLY of Philadelphia. Opposite Reading depot. Open all year.

SLOOP YACHT ALERT,
Fast, safe and comfortable. The best equipped boat in the Inlet fleet. Address Capt. Charles W. Gall, Yachtsman's Wharf, Atlantic City.

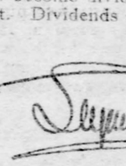
FREDONIA HOTEL.
Tennessee Ave. and Beach. First-class family house; capacity 200. Booklet. G. W. Carmany.

NEW HOTEL WORTHINGTON.
Missouri and Pacific aves. Steam heat; $8 to $15 per week. J. B. Worthington.

HOTEL LA TOURAINE—Kentucky ave., near Beach; special rates $8 to $15 a week. Mrs. A. B. Culp, Prop. Mr. J. L. Brown, Mgr.

RIVER PACKETS.

Pittsburgh & Cincinnati Packet Line



Strs. for Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Gallipolis, Huntington, Ironton, Portsmouth, Cincinnati, Louisville, Memphis, St. Louis, New Orleans and way landings. Leave wharfboat foot Wood st. as follows: Keystone State, Mondays; Queen City, Wednesdays; Virginia, Saturdays, at 4 p. m. Fare—Pgh. to Cin., $7; round trip, $12 and $14, meals, berths included, down by boat, return by rail, $14. For freight or passage apply to Jas. A. Henderson, Mgr. Tel. 1762 Court.

PITTSBURGH AND PARKERSBURG SEMI-WEEKLY PACKET.
STEAMER BEN HUR, H. E. Cramer, Master; Ed. Dunn, Clerk, leaves Patterson's wharfboat Monday, 12 m., Thursday, 4 p. m. Connecting with Str. Helen Gould at Parkersburg for Charleston and all way landings. S. R. Patterson & Co., G. H. Ghrist, 307 Water st., Agents. 'Phone 423.

KANAWHA RIVER PACKET.
STEAMER Greenwood (Gordon C. Green, captain) leaves Patterson's wharfboat every Friday, 4 p. m. for Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Gallipolis, Charleston and Coal Valley. This steamer has all modern improvements. Fare to Charleston, $5.50. Round trip, $10. S. R. Patterson & Co., G. H. Ghrist, 307 Water st.

MANUFACTURERS.

ESTABLISHED 1865.
OLIVER
Iron & Steel Company,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Soft Welding Steel and Iron, Bolts for Railways, Wagons and Agricultural Implements.
Telegraph and Telephone Pole Supplies.
General Offices at
SOUTH TENTH STREET WORKS,
PITTSBURGH.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

ARE YOU GOING ABROAD?
Apply for your steamship accommodations to the
First National Bank,
Cor. Fifth Ave. and Wood St.
Letters of Credit, Travelers' Checks and Foreign Currency.
WM. F. BENKISER,
Manager Foreign Department.

ANCHOR LINE
United States Mail Steamship from New York Every Saturday for
GLASGOW VIA LONDONDERRY
Superior Accommodations at Lowest Rates for all classes of passengers.
DIRECT TO NAPLES.
Perugia, Apr. 18. Algeria, Apr. 22.
For Rates, Books of Information (for passengers) and New Illustrated Book of Tours, apply to HENDERSON BROTHERS, Agents, 17 and 19 Broadway, N. Y., or J. J. McCORMICK, 549 Smithfield st., Pittsburgh.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique.
Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France)
Sailing every Thursday, 10 A. M.
from Pier 42, North River, foot Morton st.
La Bretagne....Apr. 9 | La Gascogne....Apr. 30
*La Lorraine....Apr. 16 | *La Savoie.....May 7
La Champagne.Apr. 23 | La Bretagne.....May 14
*Twin Screw Steamers.
General Agency, 32 Broadway, New York. McCormick & Co., 806 Smithfield st.; First National Bank, Fifth ave. and Wood st.; C. R. Weiterhausen, 717 E. Ohio st., Allegheny.

JAPAN-CHINA—PHILIPPINE ISLANDS VIA HONOLULU. Pacific Mail S. S. Co., Occidental and Orient S. S. Co., Oriental S. S. Co. From San Francisco: China, April 14, 1903; Hongkong Maru, April 22, 1903; Peking, April 30, 1903. For passage and freight rates, reservation, passage, orders and information, apply to G. G. Herring, Agent, 315 Park building, Pittsburgh.

RAILROADS.

PITTSBURGH & LAKE ERIE R. R.
CLEVELAND SHORT LINE.
Schedule in effect November 23, 1902.

Central Time.	Depart.	Arrive.
Chi & Cleveland Flyer	* 7:00 am	†11:15 am
Youngst'n & Cleveland Mail	† 8:25 am	†3:55 pm
Buffalo & Erie Express	† 8:25 am	†3:55 pm
Lake Chautqua Fast Line	*12:50 pm	* 6:30 pm
Buffalo & Erie Express	* 1:20 pm	* 6:05 am
Cleveland & Chicago Ex.	* 2:30 pm	* 1:00 pm
Boston Special	4:20 pm	* 8:05 am
Chi. & Cleveland Flyer	† 6:00 pm	†11:15 am
Buffalo, Cleveland Ex.	†10:30 pm	* 7:45 am
Cleve'd & Youngs'n Accom	† 5:25 am	* 5:00 am
Beaver Falls Accom	† 6:00 am	† 3:35 am
Beaver Falls Accom	† 9:15 am	† 6:45 am
Beaver Falls Accom	†12:10 pm	† 9:50 am
Beaver Falls Accom	† 5:30 pm	†12:30 pm
New Castle Express	† 4:20 pm	† 7:50 pm
Beaver Valley Express	† 4:25 pm	† 4:15 pm
Fayette City Accom	† 6:10 am	† 7:20 am
Fayette C. & N. Haven Ex	* 8:00 am	* 8:00 am
McKeesp't & Fayette City	†11:50 am	†12:40 pm
Fayette City & N. Haven	† 3:00 pm	† 4:50 pm
Fayette City Express	† 5:20 pm	† 5:40 pm

‡On Sunday from Cleveland only.
P., C. & Y. trains for Carnegie, Beadling and Beechmont, 15:25 a. m., 1:10:15 a. m.
*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.
‡Note—6:00 p. m. train on Sundays to Youngstown only.
City ticket office, 387 Fifth ave., Park Bldg.
J. B. YORK, Gen. Supt. J. A. ROBISON, Gen. Pass. Agent.
Pittsburgh, Pa.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.
In effect January 29, 1903.
From Union Station, Pittsburgh, (Eastern Standard Time.)
FOR PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON.
Atlantic Express, daily..... 3:00 a. m.
Pennsylvania Limited, daily..... 7:15 a. m.
Day Express, daily..... 7:50 a. m.
Main Line Express, daily..... 8:00 a. m.
Harrisburg Mail, daily..... 12:45 p. m.
Harrisburg Express, daily..... 4:40 p. m.
Philadelphia Express, daily..... 6:50 p. m.
Eastern Express, daily..... 7:10 p. m.
Fast Line, daily..... 9:00 p. m.
Fast Line (second section), daily.
Sleeping cars to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. No coaches..... 10:00 p. m.
"Pittsburgh Limited," daily, for New York only..... 10:00 p. m.
Philadelphia Mail, Sundays only, 8:00 a. m.
For Buffalo and Niagara Falls, 9:00 a. m. and 10:45 p. m. daily.
For Oil City, 6:15, 9:00 a. m., 1:30, 5:05 and 10:45 p. m. week days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m., 5:05 and 10:45 p. m.
For Titusville and Corry, 6:15, 9:00 a. m. and 10:45 p. m. week days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m. and 10:45 p. m. For Titusville only, 1:30 p. m. week days.
For DuBois, 9:00 a. m., 1:30 and 5:05 p. m. week days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m. and 5:05 p. m.
For Atlantic City (via Delaware River Bridge, all-rail route), 8:00 a. m. and 9:00 p. m. daily. "Pennsylvania Limited," 7:15 a. m. week days.
For Connellsville and Uniontown, 5:10, 8:25 a. m., 2:45 and 4:25 p. m. week days.
For West Brownsville and Uniontown, 10:35 a. m. and 4:20 p. m. week days. For Dravosburg, Mongahela City, Belle Vernon and West Brownsville, 8:25, 10:35 a. m., 1:05, 3:35, 4:20, (5:25 to Monongahela City), 6:40 p. m. week days. For Monessen, 9:00 a. m., 5:00 p. m. Sundays, 7:00, 9:35 a. m., 1:05, 5:00 and 5:40 p. m.
FROM ALLEGHENY CITY.
For Butler, 3:25, 8:50, 10:15 a. m., 2:03 and 6:10 p. m. week days. Sundays, 7:03 a. m., 9:45 p. m.
The Excelsior Baggage Express Company will call for and check baggage from Hotels and Residences. Time Cards and full information can be obtained at the Ticket Offices—Fifth ave. and Smithfield st., Fourth avenue and Try streets and Union Station.
W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Pass'r Agent.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD.
(Eastern Standard Time.)
Leave Station, Smithfield and Water sts.:

LINES EAST.	Depart.	Arrive.
Cumberland Accom	* 6:00 am	* 1:15 pm
Connellsv. & Mt. Pleas	* 6:30 am	† 3:05 pm
Wash., Balt. & N. York	* 8:00 am	† 7:35 pm
Conn'v., Un'n. & Fairm't	* 8:00 am	† 3:05 pm
Wash. & West	* 1:00 pm	† 8:05 am
West Newton Accom	†10:00 am	† 8:00 am
Conn'v., Un'n., Mount	† 1:20 pm	†10:00 am
Connellsv. & Mt. Pleas't	† 3:30 pm	† 8:05 pm
Connellsville Accom	* 4:00 pm	† 8:05 pm
Morgantown, Clarksburg and Weston	† 5:00 pm	†12:50 pm
Philadelphia and New York (Keystone Ltd.)	* 6:30 pm	* 3:15 am
Wash., Balt. & Phila	* 9:00 pm	* 7:00 am
LINES WEST VIA WHEELING.		
Wash. (Pa.) & Wheel'g Ac	* 2:00 pm	*10:05 am
Col., Cin. & St. L. Exp	* 8:30 am	* 7:45 am
Wheeling Accom	* 1:50 pm	* 4:00 pm
Wash. (Pa.) & Wheel'g	* 4:50 pm	* 6:00 pm
Col., Cin. & St. L. Exp	* 4:50 pm	* 7:45 pm
Wheeling, Col. & Cin. Exp	†11:50 pm	* 3:15 am
LINES WEST VIA AKRON.		
Cleve., Akron & Youngst	* 7:50 am	* 5:15 pm
Chicago & Cleveland	* 8:30 am	*12:35 pm
Chicago Limited	* 8:15 pm	* 7:40 am
(Leave P. & W. Station, Allegheny.)		
Butler	* 7:25 am	* 5:25 pm
Butler, Foxburg	* 7:35 am	* 5:25 pm
Butler, Greenville & Erie	† 7:55 am	† 7:20 pm
Butler	†10:45 am	† 1:55 pm
Butler, Greenville, Erie	† 2:15 pm	† 6:30 pm
Butler	† 1:15 pm	† 6:30 am
Butler, Clarion, Greenv	† 3:15 pm	†10:40 am
Ellwood, N. Cast., Butler	† 5:20 pm	† 5:25 pm
Butler	* 8:15 pm	* 5:25 pm
Butler	*11:50 pm	* 7:20 pm

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. ‡Saturday only.

BESSEMER & LAKE ERIE R. R.
Schedule in effect Nov. 23, 1902. Trains leave B. & O. depot, Allegheny (Eastern Standard Time) for Erie, Girard, Conneaut, O., and Meadville, 7:35 a. m. and 1:10 p. m.; Greenville, Mercer, Grove City and Keister, 7:35 a. m., 1:55 p. m. and 3:15 p. m. All trains daily except Sunday.
E. D. COMSTOCK, G. P. A., Pittsburgh, Pa.